

KINGDOM OF BAHRAIN

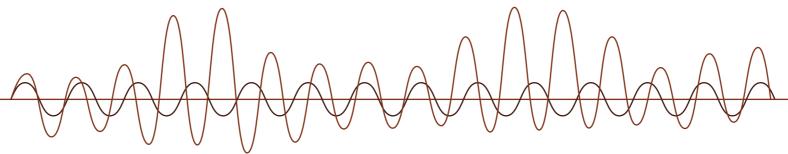
### NATIONAL FREQUENCY PLAN

# N 0 1 0

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### 1. Introduction



The radio frequency spectrum is a finite national resource and it is therefore vitally important that the spectrum resource is utilised in an efficient and effective manner. The National Frequency Plan (NFP) is a key instrument in spectrum resource management providing information on which radiocommunciations services are permitted in each frequency band in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

In addition to honoring international agreements, the NFP should reflect national policy on the use of the radio spectrum (in support of the broader objectives for the telecommunications, Security and broadcasting sectors, as well as Government users) and is the result of a planned, cooperative process. In accordance with a mandate outlined in the Cabinet Decision No. 50 of 2015 with respect to Establishment and Formation of the Spectrum Strategy and Coordination Committee, the said Committee (SSCC) has approved the NFP presented in this document.

The extent to which the full benefits of the radio spectrum are realised depends on the actual use that is made of it and how efficiently it is managed. The NFP has been prepared & managed by Directorate of wireless Licensing, Frequency and Monitoring in accordance with the NFP "Definition" in Article (1) and Article (42) "Supervision of Telecommunications Frequencies" in the Legislative Decree No.48 of 2002 taking full account of the National Spectrum Planning and Allocation policy and the SSCC's members inputs.

The primary objectives for the use of the radio spectrum include the following:-

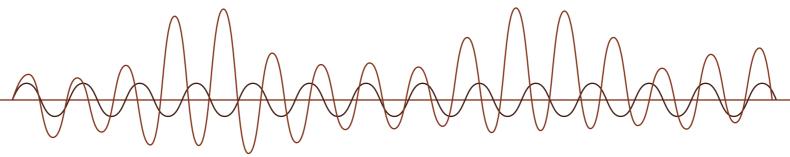
- Satisfy the requirements of international obligations and treaties;
- Support economic growth and create employment;
- Satisfy the spectrum requirements of sector members including those responsible for national security and defence;
- Meet the needs of civil aviation and the maritime industries;
- Support the introduction of more spectrally efficient technologies, including the timely introduction of digitized broadcasting networks;
- Provide for competitive telecommunication infrastructures through free and fair processes;
- Introduce future generations of public and private mobile technologies;
- Satisfy the spectrum requirements for internationally provided radio navigation services e.g. Galileo and GPS:
- Facilitate the rollout of broadband telecommunications networks;
- Facilitate regionally and globally harmonized frequencies for the PPDR (Public

Protection and Disaster Relief) system, in order to help rescue and emergency teams communicate with each other.

- Stimulate technological innovation and competitiveness in a technology neutral fashion:
- Introduce new spectrum management techniques, where appropriate e.g. spectrum commons and spectrum property rights and trading etc;
- Provide spectrum for rural telecommunications with a particular emphasis on the provision of spectrum for telecommunications services for educational (including art and culture) and other public interest (including health and emergency) purposes.

The above objectives should be reflected in the allocations recorded in the NFP.

### NFP - Details



The NFP is based on current and forecasted spectrum requirements in the Kingdom for the foreseeable future. Where a longer term implementation is expected, this is mentioned in the additional information column. It is expected that the NFP will be implemented in part or in whole, as soon as is practicably possible.

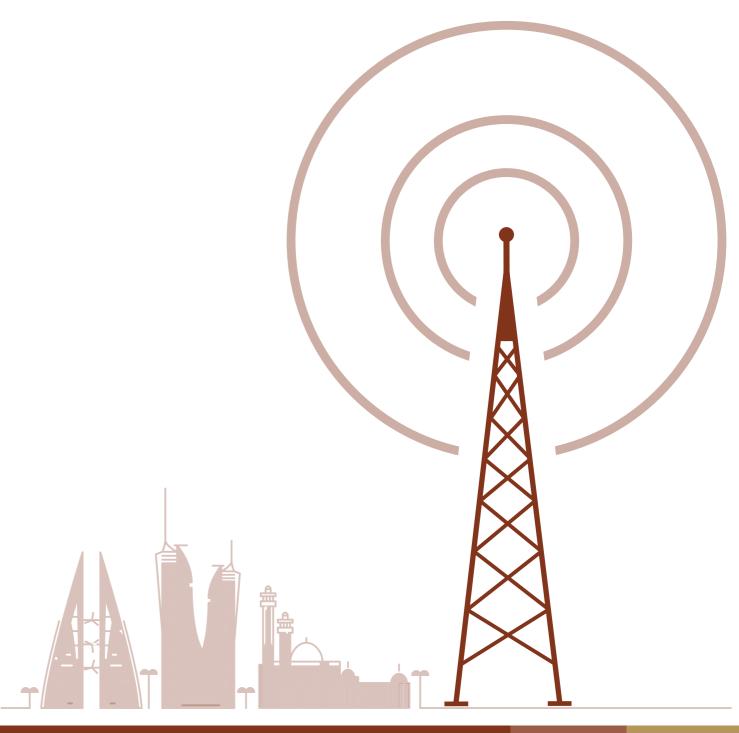
NFP is considered to be as source document for importers, manufacturers, and users of radiocommunications equipment as well as by foreign administrations and regional telecommunication organizations.

Frequency allocations of Radio Regulations keep changing following end of each World Radiocommunication Conference as new frequency allocations are redefined for the favor of specific services with the most growing demands, and old ones phased out. Changes on spectrum utilization will also occur at the international level or as a consequence of national decisions made to meet specific national requirements. The NFP will therefore be reviewed and updated periodically by the Directorate of Wireless Licensing, Frequency & Monitoring and the SSCC will, in consultation with its members, review and revise the NFP before and immediately after an International Telecommunication Union (ITU) World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC) or subsequent to any frequency harmonisation initiative of the Gulf Co-operation Council (GCC) or the League of Arab States "Arab Spectrum Management Group (ASMG)".

National developments which may lead to a revision to the NFP may include, for example:

- Decisions to adopt new technologies by the SSCC,
- Requests to update technology by incumbent users,
- · Changing demands for different radio-based applications,
- Requirements arising from service based national consultative committees.

The activities of other United Nations specialized agencies are also relevant, in particular the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) and the International Maritime Organization (IMO). Since radio frequencies do not respect national borders it is also necessary to take account of spectrum usage in neighboring states.



# Construction of the **NFP**

The NFP comprises four individual columns:

#### **Column 1: RR Region 1 allocations**

This column shows the type of radiocommunication service to which the frequency band in question has been allocated in the Region 1 as per the Article 5 of ITU Radio Regulations (RR-2016). The Region 1 is the geographical (ITU) region in which the Kingdom of Bahrain falls within it. This column includes:

- Frequency Band.
- RR Article 5 allocations which correspond to Region 1 and are generic in nature.
- RR Article 5 footnotes which are relevant to GCC countries and neighboring states and the Kingdom in particular, which are in bold text.

See also Annex 2 for details of the RR Article 5 footnotes mentioned in Column 1.

#### Column 2: The National Frequency Allocations

For each frequency band:

- Frequency allocations to radiocommunication services in the Kingdom based on Column 1 and RR Art. 5 footnotes.
- Bahrain national footnotes relevant to the frequency band in question.

See also Annex 3 for full details of Bahrain's national footnotes mentioned in Column 2.

#### **Column 3: Major Utilisation**

This column, where appropriate, shows information regarding the frequency band and particular service along with the major uses of the radiocommunication spectrum. However the utilisations which are mentioned within a specific radiocommunication services do not preclude the use of other services indicated in the NFP i.e. Column 2.

#### **Column 4: Additional Information**

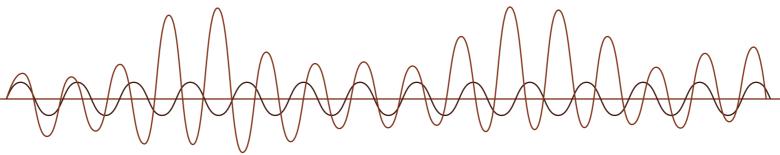
This column shows detailed information about frequency plans and channel arrangements utilised in the Kingdom as well as any pairing arrangements between bands. Reference may also be made to European, ITU or other regulatory texts, where the contents have been adopted in the Kingdom. In addition other relevant information may also be included in this Column.

#### **Underlined italic bolded footnotes**

numbers: Indicates the footnotes related to Bahrain or neighboring countries. Conditions, constrains and other limitations stated in the bolded footnotes are mandatory to be observed or complied with in the utilization of frequency bands in the Kingdom or by radiocommunication services of the Kingdom to which these footnotes apply.

To summarise, Column 1 therefore reflects the band and services determined in the ITU Radio Regulations, a treaty based document, Column 2 indicates the services in a particular band in the Kingdom. In the majority of cases they are the same or a sub-set of the Column 1 ITU designated services. Where they are not, details are generally found in a national footnote (BHR etc). The reason may be practice in a neighboring country or region and consequentially it has been considered preferable to use the frequencies in the Kingdom in the same or a similar manner, while Column 3 is the utilisation column where the major uses of a frequency band in the Kingdom can be found. Column 4 provides useful information on the channel arrangements and pairing of frequencies as well as other pertinent references or parameters.

#### Key ITU **Definitions**



The following definitions are reproduced from the ITU Radio Regulations (RR) and are relevant in the context of the NFP:

#### 4.1 Allocation (of a frequency band):

Entry in the Table of Frequency Allocations of a given frequency band for the purpose of its use by one or more terrestrial or space radiocommunication services or the radio astronomy service under specified conditions. This term shall also be applied to the frequency band concerned.

#### 4.2 Allotment (of a radio frequency or radio frequency channel):

Entry of a designated frequency channel in an agreed plan, adopted by a competent conference, for use by one or more administrations for a terrestrial or space radiocommunication service in one or more identified countries or geographical areas and under specified conditions.

#### 4.3 Assignment (of a radio frequency or radio frequency channel):

Authorisation given by an administration for a radio station to use a radio frequency or radio frequency channel under specified conditions.

#### 4.4 Region 1:

Region 1 includes the area limited on the east by line A (lines A, B and C are defined below) and on the west by line B, excluding any of the territory of the Islamic Republic of Iran which lies between these limits. It also includes the whole of the territory of Armenia, Azerbaijan, Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakstan, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Turkey and Ukraine and the area to the north of Russian Federation which lies between lines A and C as shown in

#### 4.5 Region 2:

Figure (1).

Region 2 includes the area limited on the east by line B and on the west by line C as shown in Figure (1).

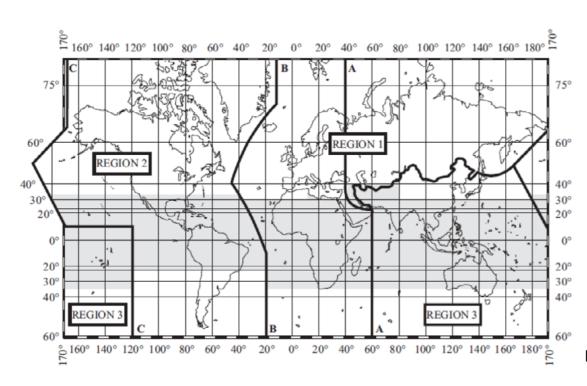


Figure (1)

#### 4.6 Region 3:

Region 3 includes the area limited on the east by line C and on the west by line A as shown in Figure (1), except any of the territory of Armenia, Azerbaijan, Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakstan, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Turkey and Ukraine and the area to the north of Russian Federation. It also includes that part of the territory of the Islamic Republic of Iran lying outside of those limits.

#### 4.7 Line A:

Line A extends from the North Pole along meridian 40° East of Greenwich to parallel 40° North; thence by great circle arc to the intersection of meridian 60° East and the Tropic of Cancer; thence along the meridian **4.11.1 Stations of a secondary service:** 60° East to the South Pole.

#### 4.8 Line B:

Line B extends from the North Pole along meridian 10° West of Greenwich to its intersection with parallel 72° North; thence • by great circle arc to the intersection of meridian 50° West and parallel 40° North; thence by great circle arc to the intersection of meridian 20° West and parallel 10° South; • thence along meridian 20° West to the South Pole.

#### 4.9 Line C:

Line C extends from the North Pole by great circle arc to the intersection of parallel 65° 30' North with the international boundary in Bering Strait; thence by great circle arc to the intersection of meridian 165° East of Greenwich and parallel 50° North; thence by great circle arc to the intersection of

meridian 170° West and parallel 10° North; thence along parallel 10° North to its intersection with meridian 120° West; thence along meridian 120° West to the South Pole.

#### 4.10 Primary Services:

Radiocommunication services detailed in columns 1 and 2 of the NFP which are in upper case letters (e.g. MOBILE) have primary status, the highest category of 'access' to radio frequencies:

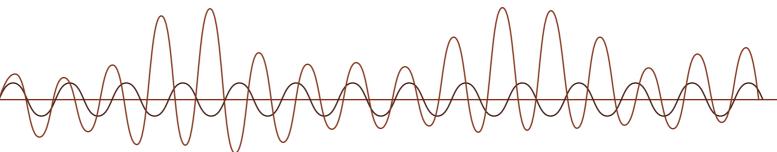
#### 4.11 Secondary Services:

Radiocommunication services detailed in columns 1 and 2 of the NFP which are in lower case letters (e.g. Mobile) have secondary status;

- shall not cause harmful interference to stations of primary services to which frequencies are already assigned or to which frequencies may be assigned at a later date
- cannot claim protection from harmful interference from stations of a primary service to which frequencies are already assigned or may be assigned at a later date
- can claim protection, however, from harmful interference from stations of the same or other secondary service(s) to which frequencies may be assigned at a later date.

#### 4.11.2

When more than one service is listed as having the same status, the order of their listing does not indicate any relative priority among the listed services.



		V	
RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
Below 8.3 KHz	Below 8.3 KHz	Inductive Systems	
(Not allocated)	(Not allocated)	Systems	
5.53 <u><b>5.54</b></u>			
8.3-9 KHz	8.3-9 KHz	Inductive Systems	
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	Systems	
<b><u>5.54A</u> <u>5.54B</u></b> 5.54C	RADIONAVIGATION		
	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
9-11.3 KHz	9-11.3 KHz	Inductive	
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS  5.54A	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	Systems	
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
RADIONAVIGATION	BHR4		
11.3-14 KHz	11.3-14 KHz	Inductive Systems	
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION	- Cysterris	
	BHR4		
14-19.95 KHz	14-19.95 KHz	Inductive Systems	
FIXED	FIXED	Systems	
MARITIME MOBILE <b>5.57</b>	MARITIME MOBILE		
5.55 <b><u>5.56</u></b>	BHR4		
19.95-20.05 KHz	19.95-20.05 KHz	Inductive Systems	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 kHz)	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 kHz)	Systems	Regulation Article 20
	BHR4		
20.05-70 KHz	20.05-70 KHz	Inductive	
FIXED	FIXED	Systems	
MARITIME MOBILE <u><b>5.57</b></u>	MARITIME MOBILE		
<b>5.56</b> 5.58	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
70-72 KHz	70-72 KHz	Inductive	
RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u>	RADIONAVIGATION	Systems	
	BHR4		
72-84 KHz	72-84 KHz	Inductive Systems	
FIXED	FIXED	Systems	
MARITIME MOBILE <b>5.57</b>	MARITIME MOBILE		
RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.60</b></u>	RADIONAVIGATION		
<u>5.56</u>	BHR4		
84-86 KHz	84-86 KHz	Inductive Systems	
RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.60</b></u>	RADIONAVIGATION	Systems	
	BHR4		
86-90 KHz	86-90 KHz	Inductive Systems	
FIXED	FIXED	Systems	
MARITIME MOBILE <b>5.57</b>	MARITIME MOBILE		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
<u>5.56</u>	BHR4		
90-110 KHz	90-110 KHz	Inductive Systems	
RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.62</b></u>	RADIONAVIGATION	Systems	
Fixed	Fixed		
<u>5.64</u>	BHR4		
110-112 KHz	110-112 KHz	Inductive	
FIXED	FIXED	Systems	
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
<u>5.64</u>	BHR4		

	The Kingslews		V
RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
112-115 KHz	112-115 KHz	Inductive	
RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u>	RADIONAVIGATION	Systems	
	BHR4		
115-117.6 KHz	115-117.6 KHz	Inductive Systems	
RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.60</b></u>	RADIONAVIGATION	Systems	
Fixed	Fixed		
Maritime mobile	Maritime mobile		
<b>5.64</b> 5.66	BHR4		
117.6-126 KHz	117.6-126 KHz	Inductive	
FIXED	FIXED	Systems	
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.60</b></u>	RADIONAVIGATION		
<u>5.64</u>	BHR4		
126-129 KHz	126-129 KHz	Inductive	
RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.60</b></u>	RADIONAVIGATION	Systems	
	BHR4		
129-130 KHz	129-130 KHz	Inductive	
FIXED	FIXED	Systems	
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.60</b></u>	RADIONAVIGATION		
<u>5.64</u>	BHR4		
130-135.7 KHz	130-135.7 KHz	Inductive	
FIXED	FIXED	Systems	
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
<b>5.64</b> 5.67	BHR4		

135.7-137.8 KHz	RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME MOBILE  Amateur 5.67A  Amateur BHR2  BHR4  BHR4  MARITIME MOBILE  Amateur BHR2  Amateur BHR2  BHR4  MARITIME MOBILE  Amateur BHR2  Amateur BHR2  BHR4  MARITIME MOBILE  Amateur BHR2  BHR4  Inductive Systems  FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME MOBILE  S.64 5.67  BHR4  BROADCASTING  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  S.70 5.71  BHR4  283.5-315 KHz  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  ARRONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radiobeacons) 5.73  BHR4	135.7-137.8 KHz	135.7-137.8 KHz		
MARITIME MOBILE Amateur 5.67A Amateur BHR2 Amateur BHR4  BHR4  Amateur BHR4  Amateur BHR4  BHR4  BHR4  Amateur BHR5  BHR4  Amateur BHR6  BHR4  BHR6  BHR6  BHR6  BHR7  BHR7  BHR8  BHR8  BHR8  BHR8  BHR8  BHR8  BHR8  BHR9  B	FIXED	FIXED	Systems	frequencies in the band
Amateur 5.67A  Amateur BHR2  BHR4  BHR4  BHR4  Amateur BHR2  (e.i.r.p.) and shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. 5.67  137.8-148.5 KHz  FIXED  FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME MOBILE  5.64 5.67  BHR4  BROADCASTING  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.70 5.71  BHR4  283.5-315 KHz  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radiobeacons)  5.73  BHR4	MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		not exceed a maximum
5.64 5.67 5.67B  BHR4  interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. 5.67  137.8-148.5 KHz  FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME MOBILE  5.64 5.67  BHR4  255-255 KHz  BROADCASTING  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.70 5.71  BHR4  283.5-315 KHz  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radiobeacons)  BHR4  BHR4	Amateur <u><b>5.67A</b></u>	Amateur <b>BHR2</b>		(e.i.r.p.) and shall not
FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  Fefer to the ITU GE75 Plan  Refer to the ITU GE75 Plan  Refer to the ITU GE75 Plan  For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE75 Plan  For Broadcastin	<b>5.64</b> 5.67 5.67B	BHR4		interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No.
FIXED  MARITIME MOBILE  MARITIME MOBILE  5.64 5.67  BHR4  148.5-255 KHz  BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING  5.68 5.69 5.70  BHR4  255-283.5 KHz  BROADCASTING  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.70 5.71  BHR4  283.5-315 KHz  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  AARONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radiobeacons)  BHR4  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radiobeacons)  BHR4	137.8-148.5 KHz	137.8-148.5 KHz		
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BROADCASTING  BROADCASTING  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  5.70 5.71  BHR4  283.5-315 KHz  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons)  BHR4  to the ITU GE75 Plan  to the ITU GE75 Plan  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radiobeacons)  BHR4	5.68 5.69 5.70	BHR4		
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RADIONAVIGATION  5.70 5.71  BHR4  283.5-315 KHz  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  (radiobeacons) 5.73  BHR4	BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		to the ITO GE/5 Plan
283.5-315 KHz  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons)  (radiobeacons)  BHR4				
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons)  (radiobeacons)  BHR4	5.70 5.71	BHR4		
RADIONAVIGATION  MARITIME MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons)  (radiobeacons) 5.73  BHR4	283.5-315 KHz	283.5-315 KHz		
RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) (radiobeacons) 5.73  BHR4				
	RADIONAVIGATION			
7// 3.16	5.72 <b>5.74</b>	BHR4		

	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional
		Othisation	Information
A E P O N A LITICAL	15-325 KHz		
	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
~	Maritime radionavigation radiobeacons)		
5.72 5.75 <b>B</b>	BHR4		
325-405 KHz 3	25-405 KHz		
	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
5.72 <b>B</b>	BHR4		
405-415 KHz 4	105-415 KHz		
RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.76</u>	RADIONAVIGATION		
5.72 <b>B</b>	BHR4		
415-435 KHz 4	115-435 KHz	MARITIME	
MARITIME MOBILE 5.79	MARITIME MOBILE	MOBILE	
	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
В	BHR4		
435-472 KHz 4	135-472 KHz	MARITIME	
MARITIME MOBILE 5.79	MARITIME MOBILE	MOBILE	
	Aeronautical adionavigation		
<i>5.82</i>	BHR4		
472-479 KHz 4	172-479 KHz	MARITIME	
MARITIME MOBILE 5.79	MARITIME MOBILE	MOBILE	
	Aeronautical adionavigation		
Aeronautical radionavigation	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
<b>479-495 KHz</b> MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 <i>5.79A</i> Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77	479-495 KHz  MARITIME MOBILE  Aeronautical radionavigation	MARITIME MOBILE 490 kHz for NAVTEX (5.79A)	490 kHz to be used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent
<u>5.82</u>	BHR4		information to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy (5.82)
495-505 KHz	495-505 KHz		
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
	BHR4		
505-526.5 KHz	505-526.5 KHz	MARITIME MOBILE	The conditions for the use of the frequency
MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 <b>5.79A 5.84</b>	MARITIME MOBILE	518 kHz for	518 kHz by the maritime mobile service
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	NAVTEX (5.79A)	are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.84)
	BHR4		
526.5-1 606.5 KHz	526.5-1 606.5 KHz	Medium	Refer to the ITU GE75
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING	frequency (MF) AM Broadcasting	Plan
5.87 5.87A	BHR4	3.0000009	
1 606.5-1 625 KHz	1 606.5-1 625 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MARITIME MOBILE 5.90	MARITIME MOBILE		
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
<u>5.92</u>	BHR4		
1 625-1 635 KHz	1 625-1 635 KHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
5.93	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 635-1 800 KHz	1 635-1 800 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MARITIME MOBILE 5.90	MARITIME MOBILE		
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
<b>5.92</b> 5.96	BHR4		
1 800-1 810 KHz	1 800-1 810 KHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
5.93	BHR4		
1 810-1 850 KHz	1 810-1 850 KHz		Maximum power for
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
5.98 <b>5.99 5.100</b> 5.101	BHR4		
1 850-2 000 KHz	1 850-2 000 KHz		Maximum power for
FIXED	FIXED		Amateur is 10W (e.i.r.p).
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.92</u> 5.96 <u>5.103</u>	Amateur BHR1 BHR2		
	BHR4		
2 000-2 025 KHz	2 000-2 025 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
<u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u>	BHR4		
2 025-2 045 KHz	2 025-2 045 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
Meteorological aids <u><b>5.104</b></u>	Meteorological aids		
<u>5.92 5.103</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1	The Kingdom's	Major	Additional
Allocations	National Frequency Allocations	Utilisation	Information
2 045-2 160 KHz	2 045-2 160 KHz	MARITIME	
FIXED	FIXED	MOBILE	
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
<u>5.92</u>	BHR4		
2 160-2 170 KHz	2 160-2 170 KHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
5.93 <b>5.107</b>	BHR4		
2 170-2 173.5 KHz	2 170-2 173.5 KHz		
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
2 173.5-2 190.5 KHz  MOBILE (distress and calling)  5.108 5.109 5.110 5.111	MOBILE (distress and calling)  BHR4	2 174.5 KHz for Distress 2 182 KHz for Distress and Calling 2 187.5 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling	The conditions for the use of the band 2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.108)  The conditions for the use of 2 187.5 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109),  The conditions for the use of 2 174.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110),  The carrier frequency 2 182 kHz, may also be used in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are

			/ / / / / /
RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 190.5-2 194 KHz	2 190.5-2 194 KHz		
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
	BHR4		
2 194-2 300 KHz	2 194-2 300 KHz	MOBILE except	
FIXED	FIXED	aeronautical mobile	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	(R)	
<b>5.92 5.103</b> 5.112	BHR4		
2 300-2 498 KHz	2 300-2 498 KHz	MOBILE except	For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio
FIXED	FIXED	aeronautical mobile (R)	Regulation Article 23
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	,	
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.113</b></u>	BROADCASTING		
<u>5.103</u>	BHR4		
2 498-2 501 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz)	2 498-2 501 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz)		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
	BHR4		
2 501-2 502 KHz	2 501-2 502 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL		Regulation Article 26
Space Research	Space Research		
	BHR4		
2 502-2 625 KHz	2 502-2 625 KHz	MOBILE	
FIXED	FIXED	except aeronautical mobile (R)	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
<b>5.92 5.103</b> 5.114	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 625-2 650 KHz	2 625-2 650 KHz		
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION		
<u>5.92</u>	BHR4		
2 650-2 850 KHz	2 650-2 850 KH		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
<u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u>	BHR4		
2 850-3 025 KHz	2 850-3 025 KHz	3 023 KHz for Search	The carrier frequency 3 023 kHz, may also
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  5.111 5.115	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  BHR4	and rescue	be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111, 5.115)
3 025-3 155 KHz	3 025-3 155 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
	BHR4		
3 155-3 200 KHz	3 155-3 200 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
<b>5.116</b> 5.117	BHR4		



RR Region 1	The Kingdom's	Major	Additional
Allocations	National Frequency	Utilisation	Information
7.11000110110	Allocations		
3 900-3 950 KHz	3 900-3 950 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
5.123	BHR4		
3 950-4 000 KHz	3 950-4 000 KHz	FIXED	For Broadcasting, refer
FIXED	FIXED		to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		
	BHR4		
4 000-4 063 KHz	4 000-4 063 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.127</u>	MARITIME MOBILE		
5.126	BHR4		
<b>4 063-4 438 KHz</b> MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.79A</u> 5.109 5.110 5.130 5.131 5.132	4 063-4 438 KHz  MARITIME MOBILE	4 125 KHz for Distress and Safety	The conditions for the use of 4 177.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110)
5.128	BHR4	4 177.5 KHz for Distress 4 207.5 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 4 209.5 kHz for NAVTEX (5.79A) 4 210 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	The conditions for the use of 4 207.5 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109)  The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 4 125 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.130)  4 209.5 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing techniques (5.131)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
4 650-4 700 KHz	4 650-4 700 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
	BHR4		
4 700-4 750 KHz	4 700-4 750 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
	BHR4		
4 750-4 850 KHz	4 750-4 850 KHz	LAND MOBILE	For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio
FIXED	FIXED	1105122	Regulation Article 23
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.113</b></u>	BROADCASTING		
	BHR4		
4 438-4 488 KHz	4 438-4 488 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED	MOBILE	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	except aeronautical mobile (R)	
Radiolocation <u><b>5.132A</b></u>	Radiolocation		
5.132B			
4 488-4 650 KHz	4 488-4 650 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
4 850-4 995 KHz	4 850-4 995 KHz	FIXED	For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio
FIXED	FIXED		Regulation Article 23
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.113</b></u>	BROADCASTING		
	BHR4		
4 995-5 003 KHz	4 995-5 003 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz)	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz)		Regulation Article 20
	BHR4		
5 003-5 005 KHz	5 003-5 005 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL		Regulation Article 20
Space research	Space research		
	BHR4		
5 005-5 060 KHz	5 005-5 060 KHz		For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio
FIXED	FIXED		Regulation Article 23
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.113</b></u>	BROADCASTING		
	BHR4		
5 060-5 250 KHz	5 060-5 250 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile	Mobile except aeronautical mobile		
5.133	BHR4		

The Kingdom's	
RR Region 1 Allocations  National Frequency Allocations  Utilisation	Additional Information
<b>5 250-5 275 KHz 5 250-5 275 KHz</b> FIXED	
FIXED FIXED MOBILE	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  except aeronautical mobile  mobile	
Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> Radiolocation	
5.133A <b>BHR4</b>	
5 275-5 351.5 KHz 5 275-5 351.5 KHz	
FIXED FIXED	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	
BHR4	
	tations in the mateur service using
FIXED FIXED the	ne frequency band 5 51.5-5 366.5 kHz shall
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE except aeronautical no mobile no mobile	ot exceed a maximum idiated power of 15 W
Amateur <b>5.133B</b> Amateur <b>BHR2</b>	
BHR4 36	nly 5 357.5 KHz and 5 63.5 KHz are allocated or Amateur.
5 366.5 -5 450 KHz 5 366.5 -5 450 KHz	
FIXED	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	
BHR4	
5 450-5 480 KHz 5 450-5 480 KHz	
FIXED	
AERONAUTICAL AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	
MOBILE (OR)  LAND MOBILE	
LAND MOBILE	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 480-5 680 KHz	5 480-5 680 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
<u>5.111</u> <u>5.115</u>	BHR4		
5 680-5 730 KHz	5 680-5 730 KHz	5 680 KHz	The carrier frequency
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	for Search and rescue	5 680 kHz, may also be used, in accordance with the procedures
<u>5.111</u> <u>5.115</u>	BHR4		in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111)
5 730-5 900 KHz	5 730-5 900 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
5 900-5 950 KHz	BHR4 5 900-5 950 KHz	HF	Refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.134</b></u>	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Regulation Article 12
<u>5.136</u>	BHR4		
5 950-6 200 KHz	5 950-6 200 KHz	HF	Refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Regulation Article 12
	BHR4		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
6 200-6 525 KHz	6 200-6 525 KHz	6 215 KHz for	The conditions for the
MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.130</u> <u>5.132</u>	MARITIME MOBILE	Distress and Safety	use of 6 268 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110)
<u>5.137</u>	BHR4	6 268 KHz for Distress 6 312 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 6 314 kHz for maritime safety information	The conditions for the use of 6 312 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109)  The conditions for the use of the carrier Frequency 6 215 kHz is
6 525-6 685 KHz	6 525-6 685 KHz	(MSI)	
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
	BHR4		
6 685-6 765 KHz	6 685-6 765 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
6.765.7.000 KH-	BHR4	FIVED	
6 765-7 000 KHz  FIXED  MOBILE except	FIXED  MOBILE except	FIXED	
aeronautical mobile (R)	aeronautical mobile (R)		
<u>5.138</u>	BHR4		
7 000-7 100 KHz	7 000-7 100 KHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
5.140 5.141 5.141A	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
7 100-7 200 KHz	7 100-7 200 KHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
5.141A <b>5.141B</b>	FIXED		
	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
	BHR4		
7 200-7 300 KHz	7 200-7 300 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		Regulation Article 12
	BHR4		
7 300-7 400 KHz	7 300-7 400 KHz		For Broadcasting refer
BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u>	BROADCASTING		to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
<b>5.143</b> 5.143A <b>5.143B 5.143C</b> 5.143D	FIXED		
3.143D	BHR4		
7 400-7 450 KHz	7 400-7 450 KHz		For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		Regulation Article 12
<u>5.143B</u> <u>5.143C</u>	FIXED		
	BHR4		
7 450-8 100 KHz	7 450-8 100 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
5.144	BHR4		
8 100-8 195 KHz	8 100-8 195 KHz	MARITIME MOBILE	
FIXED	FIXED	IMOBILE	
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
	BHR4		

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RR Region 1	The Kingdom's	Major	Additional
Allocations	National Frequency	Utilisation	Information
	Allocations		
8 195-8 815 KHz	8 195-8 815 KHz	8 291 KHz for Distress	The conditions for the use of 8 376.5 kHz are
MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.145</u>	MARITIME MOBILE	and Safety	prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110)
<u>5.111</u>	BHR4	8 364 KHz for Search and rescue 8 376.5 KHz for Distress 8 414.5 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 8 416.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	The conditions for the use of 8 414.5 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109)  The carrier frequency 8 364 kHz, may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111)  The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 8 291 kHz, is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145)
8 815-8 965 KHz	8 815-8 965 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  BHR4		
8 965-9 040 KHz	8 965-9 040 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
	BHR4		
9 040-9 305 KHz	9 040-9 305 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
9 305-9 355 KHz	9 305-9 355 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
Radiolocation <u><b>5.145A</b></u>	Radiolocation		
5.145B	BHR4		
9 355-9 400 KHz	9 355-9 400 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
	BHR4		
9 400-9 500 KHz	9 400-9 500 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u>	BROADCASTING		Regulation Article 12
<u>5.146</u>	BHR4		
9 500-9 900 KHz	9 500-9 900 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		Regulation Article 12
<u>5.147</u>	BHR4		
9 900-9 995 KHz	9 900-9 995 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
	BHR4		
9 995-10 003 KHz	9 995-10 003 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000 kHz)		Regulation Article 26
kHz)	BHR4		
<u>5.111</u>			
10 003-10 005 KHz	10 003-10 005 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL		3
Space research	Space research		
<u>5.111</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
10 005-10 100 KHz	10 005-10 100 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
<u>5.111</u>	BHR4		
10 100-10 150 KHz	10 100-10 150 KHz	FIXED	Maximum power for
FIXED	FIXED		Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
Amateur	Amateur <b>BHR2</b>		
	BHR4		
10 150-11 175 KHz	10 150-11 175 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)		
	BHR4		
11 175-11 275 KHz	11 175-11 275 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
	BHR4		
11 275-11 400 KHz	11 275-11 400 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
	BHR4		
11 400-11 600 KHz	11 400-11 600 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
	BHR4		
11 600-11 650 KHz	11 600-11 650 KHz	HF Drandonsting	Refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u>	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Regulation Article 12
<u>5.146</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
11 650-12 050 KHz BROADCASTING 5.147	11 650-12 050 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
<b>12 050-12 100 KHz</b> BROADCASTING <b>5.134 5.146</b>	12 050-12 100 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
<b>12 100-12 230 KHz</b> FIXED	12 100-12 230 KHz FIXED BHR4		
12 230-13 200 KHz  MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.145</u>	12 230-13 200 KHz  MARITIME MOBILE  BHR4	12 290 KHz for Distress and Safety 12 520 KHz for Distress 12 577 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 12 579 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	The conditions for the use of 12 520 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110)  The conditions for the use of 12 577 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109)  The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 12 290 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145)
13 200-13 260 KHz  AERONAUTICAL  MOBILE (OR)	13 200-13 260 KHz  AERONAUTICAL  MOBILE (OR)  BHR4		
13 260-13 360 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	13 260-13 360 KHz  AERONAUTICAL  MOBILE (R)  BHR4		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
13 360-13 410 KHz	13 360-13 410 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
13 410-13 450 KHz	13 410-13 450 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)		
	BHR4		
13 450-13 550 KHz	13 450-13 550 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)		
Radiolocation <u><b>5.132A</b></u>	Radiolocation		
5.149A	BHR4		
13 550-13 570 KHz	13 550-13 570 KHz	Mobile	
FIXED	FIXED	except aeronautical mobile (R)	
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)		
<u>5.150</u>	BHR4		
13 570-13 600 KHz	13 570-13 600 KHz	HF	Refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.134</b></u>	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Regulation Article 12
<u>5.151</u>	BHR4		
13 600-13 800 KHz	13 600-13 800 KHz	HF	Refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Regulation Article 12
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
13 800-13 870 KHz	13 800-13 870 KHz	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.134</b></u>	BROADCASTING	broadcasting	Negulation Article 12
<u>5.151</u>	BHR4		
13 870-14 000 KHz	13 870-14 000 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)		
	BHR4		
14 000-14 250 KHz	14 000-14 250 KHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
	BHR4		
14 250-14 350 KHz	14 250-14 350 KHz		Maximum power for
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
5.152	BHR4		
14 350-14 990 KHz	14 350-14 990 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)		
	BHR4		
14 990-15 005 KHz	14 990-15 005 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz)		Regulation Article 26
kHz)	BHR4		
<u>5.111</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
15 005-15 010 KHz	15 005-15 010 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL		Regulation Article 26
Space research	Space research		
	BHR4		
15 010-15 100 KHz	15 010-15 100 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
15 100-15 600 KHz	BHR4 15 100-15 600 KHz	HF	Refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Regulation Article 12
	BHR4		
15 600-15 800 KHz	15 600-15 800 KHz	HF	Refer to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.134</b></u>	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Regulation Article 12
<u>5.146</u>	BHR4		
15 800-16 100 KHz	15 800-16 100 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
5.153	BHR4		
16 100-16 200 KHz	16 100-16 200 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
Radiolocation <u><b>5.145A</b></u>	Radiolocation		
5.145B	BHR4		
16 200-16 360 KHz	16 200-16 360 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
16 360-17 410 KHz  MARITIME MOBILE 5.109 5.110 5.132 5.145	16 360-17 410 KHz	16 420 KHz for Distress and Safety 16 695 KHz for Distress 16 804.5 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 16 806.5 kHz for maritime safety	The conditions for the use of 16 695 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110)  The conditions for the use of 16 804.5 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109)  The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 16 420 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145)
17 410-17 480 KHz  FIXED  17 480-17 550 KHz  BROADCASTING 5.134	17 410-17 480 KHz  FIXED  BHR4  17 480-17 550 KHz  BROADCASTING	information (MSI)  HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
5.146 17 550-17 900 KHz BROADCASTING 17 900-17 970 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	BHR4  17 550-17 900 KHz  BROADCASTING  BHR4  17 900-17 970 KHz  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
17 970-18 030 KHz  AERONAUTICAL  MOBILE (OR)	17 970-18 030 KHz  AERONAUTICAL  MOBILE (OR)  BHR4		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information	
18 030-18 052 KHz	18 030-18 052 KHz			
FIXED	FIXED			
	BHR4			
18 052-18 068 KHz	18 052-18 068 KHz	FIXED		
FIXED	FIXED			
Space research	Space research			
	BHR4			
18 068-18 168 KHz	18 068-18 168 KHz		Maximum power for	
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).	
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE			
5.154	BHR4			
18 168-18 780 KHz	18 168-18 780 KHz	FIXED		
FIXED	FIXED			
Mobile except aeronautical mobile	Mobile except aeronautical mobile			
	BHR4			
18 780-18 900 KHz	18 780-18 900 KHz			
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE			
	BHR4			
18 900-19 020 KHz	18 900-19 020 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12	
BROADCASTING <u><b>5.134</b></u>	BROADCASTING		Regulation / Titlete 12	
<u>5.146</u>	BHR4			
19 020-19 680 KHz	19 020-19 680 KHz			
FIXED	FIXED			
	BHR4			
19 680-19 800 KHz	19 680-19 800 KHz	19 680.5 kHz for maritime		
MARITIME MOBILE <b>5.132</b>	MARITIME MOBILE	safety information		
	BHR4	(MSI)		

19 800-19 990 KHz  FIXED FIXED FIXED	
FIXED	
BHR4	
	to the ITU Radio ation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND AND TIME SIGNAL  STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL	ation Article 20
Space research Space research	
<u>5.111</u> BHR4	
	to the ITU Radio ation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY STANDARD FREQUENCY AND AND TIME SIGNAL (20 000 kHz) kHz)	ation Article 20
BHR4	
<u>5.111</u> 20 010-21 000 KHz 20 010-21 000 KHz	
FIXED	
Mobile Mobile	
BHR4	
	um power for eur is 400W
AMATEUR BHR2 (e.i.r.p).	
AMATEUR-SATELLITE AMATEUR-SATELLITE	
BHR4	
	to the ITU Radio
BROADCASTING BROADCASTING Broadcasting Regula	ation Article 12
BHR4	
21 850-21 870 KHz 21 850-21 870 KHz	
FIXED 5.155A FIXED	
5.155 <b>BHR4</b>	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
21 870-21 924 KHz	21 870-21 924 KHz		
FIXED <b>5.155B</b>	FIXED		
	BHR4		
21 924-22 000 KHz	21 924-22 000 KHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
	BHR4		
22 000-22 855 KHz	22 000-22 855 KHz	22 376 kHz for maritime	
MARITIME MOBILE <b>5.132</b>	MARITIME MOBILE	safety information	
5.156	BHR4	(MSI)	
22 855-23 000 KHz	22 855-23 000 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
5.156	BHR4		
23 000-23 200 KHz	23 000-23 200 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)		
5.156	BHR4		
23 200-23 350 KHz	23 200-23 350 KHz		
FIXED <b>5.156A</b>	FIXED		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
	BHR4		
23 350-24 000 KHz	23 350-24 000 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <b>5.157</b>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
24 000-24 450 KHz	24 000-24 450 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
	BHR4		
24 450-24 600 KHz	24 450-24 600 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
Radiolocation <u><b>5.132A</b></u>	Radiolocation		
5.158	BHR4		
24 600-24 890 KHz	24 600-24 890 KHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
LAND MOBILE	LAND MOBILE		
	BHR4		
24 890-24 990 KHz	24 890-24 990 KHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
	BHR4		
24 990-25 005 KHz	24 990-25 005 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz)	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz)		regulation Article 20
,	BHR4		
25 005-25 010 KHz	25 005-25 010 KHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL		
Space research	Space research		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
25 010-25 070 KHz	25 010-25 070 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		
25 070-25 210 KHz	25 070-25 210 KHz		
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		
	BHR4		
25 210-25 550 KHz	25 210-25 550 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		
25 550-25 670 KHz	25 550-25 670 KHz		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
25 670-26 100 KHz	25 670-26 100 KHz	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		
	BHR4		
26 100-26 175 KHz	26 100-26 175 KHz	26 100.5 kHz for maritime	
MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.132</u>	MARITIME MOBILE BHR4	safety information (MSI)	
26 175-26 200 KHz	26 175-26 200 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
26 200-26 350 KHz	26 200-26 350 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Radiolocation <u><b>5.132A</b></u>	Radiolocation		
5.133A	BHR4		
26 350-27 500 KHz	26 350-27 500 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.150</u>	BHR4		
27 500-28 000 KHz	27 500-28 000 KHz	FIXED MOBILE	
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	TIODILL	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
28 000-29 700 KHz	28 000-29 700 KHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 500W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
	BHR4		
29 700-30 005 KHz	29 700-30 005 KHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
	BHR4		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
30.005-30.01 MHz	30.005-30.01 MHz		
SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification)	SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification)		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH	SPACE RESEARCH		
	BHR4		
30.01-37.5 MHz	30.01-37.5 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
37.5-38.25 MHz	37.5-38.25 MHz	MOBILE	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Radio astronomy	Radio astronomy		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
38.25-39 MHz	38.25-39 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
39-39.5 MHz	39-39.5 MHz	MOBILE	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Radiolocation <b>5.132A</b>	Radiolocation		
5.159	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
39.5-39.986 MHz	39.5-39.986 MHz	MOBILE	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
39.986-40.02 MHz	39.986-40.02 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Space research	Space research		
	BHR4		
40.02-40.98 MHz	40.02-40.98 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.150</u>	BHR4		
40.98-41.015 MHz	40.98-41.015 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Space research	Space research		
5.160 5.161	BHR4		
41.015-42 MHz	41.015-42 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
5.160 5.161 5.161A	BHR4		
42-42.5 MHz	42-42.5 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Radiolocation <u><b>5.132A</b></u>	Radiolocation		
5.160 5.161B	BHR4		

National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
42.5-44 MHz		
FIXED		
MOBILE		
BHR4		
44-47 MHz		
FIXED		
MOBILE		
BHR4		
47-50 MHz		Refer to the ITU GE89 Plan
BROADCASTING		
BHR4		
50-52 MHz		For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE89
BROADCASTING		Plan Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
Amateur BHR1 BHR2		(e.i.r.p)
52-68 MHz		Refer to the ITU GE89 Plan
BROADCASTING		1 1011
68-69.9 MHz		
FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
69.9-70.4 MHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 50W
FIXED		(e.i.r.p).
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Amateur BHR1 BHR2		
70.4-74.8 MHz		
FIXED		
MOBILE except		
	FIXED  MOBILE  BHR4  44-47 MHZ  FIXED  MOBILE  BHR4  47-50 MHZ  BROADCASTING  BHR4  50-52 MHZ  BROADCASTING  Amateur BHR1 BHR2  52-68 MHZ  BROADCASTING  68-69.9 MHZ  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  69.9-70.4 MHZ  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Amateur BHR1 BHR2  70.4-74.8 MHZ  FIXED	FIXED  MOBILE  BHR4  44-47 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE  BHR4  47-50 MHz  BROADCASTING  BHR4  50-52 MHz  BROADCASTING  Amateur BHR1 BHR2  52-68 MHz  BROADCASTING  68-69.9 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  69.9-70.4 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Amateur BHR1 BHR2  70.4-74.8 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE except  FIXED  MOBILE except

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
74.8-75.2 MHz	74.8-75.2 MHz		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
<b>5.180</b> 5.181			
75.2-87.5 MHz	75.2-87.5 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
5.175 5.179 5.187			
87.5-100 MHz	87.5-100 MHz	FM	Refer to the ITU GE84
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Plan
5.190	BHR4		
100-108 MHz	100-108 MHz	FM	Refer to the ITU GE84 Plan
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING	Broadcasting	Pldff
5.192 5.194	BHR4		
108-117.975 MHz	108-117.975 MHz		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
5.197 <i>5.197A</i>			
117.975-137 MHz	117.975-137 MHz	121.5 MHz for	121.5 MHz is the
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	aeronautical emergency	aeronautical emergency frequency and, where required, the frequency
<b>5.111 5.200</b> 5.201 <b>5.202</b>			123.1 MHz is the aeronautical frequency auxiliary to 121.5 MHz. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate on these frequencies under the conditions laid down in Article 31 for distress and safety purposes with stations of the aeronautical mobile service (5.200)



RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
137.175-137.825 MHz	137.175-137.825 MHz		
SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)	SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.208A 5.208B 5.209</b>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		
Fixed	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
<b>5.204</b> 5.205 5.206 5.207 <b>5.208</b>			
137.825-138 MHz	137.825-138 MHz		
SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)	SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		
Fixed	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		
Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u><b>5.208A</b></u> <u><b>5.208B 5.209</b></u>	Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
<b>5.204</b> 5.205 5.206 5.207 <b>5.208</b>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
138-143.6 MHz	138-143.6 MHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
5.210 <b>5.211</b> 5.212 5.214	MARITIME MOBILE		
	LAND MOBILE		
	BHR4		
143.6-143.65 MHz	143.6-143.65 MHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
SPACE RESEARCH	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		
(space-to-Earth)	MARITIME MOBILE		
<b>5.211</b> 5.212 5.214	LAND MOBILE		
143.65-144 MHz	143.65-144 MHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)		
(OR)	MARITIME MOBILE		
5.210 <b>5.211</b> 5.212 5.214	LAND MOBILE		
144-146 MHz	144-146 MHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
5.216			
146-148 MHz	146-148 MHz	MOBILE except	PMR
FIXED	FIXED	aeronautical mobile (R)	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	mobile (R)	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
148-149.9 MHz	148-149.9 MHz	MOBILE except	PMR
FIXED	FIXED	aeronautical mobile (R)	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	mobile (K)	
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.209</u> <u>5.218</u> <u>5.219</u> <u>5.221</u>			
149.9-150.05 MHz	149.9-150.05 MHz		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.209</u>			
<u>5.220</u>			
150.05-153 MHz	150.05-153 MHz	MOBILE except	PMR
FIXED	FIXED	aeronautical mobile	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	modile	
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u>			
153-154 MHz	153-154 MHz	MOBILE except	PMR
FIXED	FIXED	aeronautical mobile (R)	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	mobile (IV)	
Meteorological aids	Meteorological aids		
<b>154-156.4875 MHz</b> FIXED	<b>154-156.4875 MHz</b> FIXED	From156.025 MHz VHF maritime	Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	mobile band channels	
5.225A <u><b>5.226</b></u>			

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
156.4875-156.5625 MHz	156.4875-156.5625 MHz	156.525 MHz for Distress,	Standard Maritime channels according to
MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling via DSC) 5.111 5.226 5.227	MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling via DSC)	Safety and Calling (DSC)	Appendix 18.  The conditions for the
<u>5.777</u>		(DSC)	use of the frequency 156.525 MHz and the band 156.4875-156.5625 MHz are contained in Articles 31 and 52, and in Appendix 18.
156.5625-156.7625 MHz	156.5625-156.7625 MHz		Standard Maritime
FIXED	FIXED		channels according to Appendix 18.
MOBILE except	MOBILE except		
aeronautical mobile (R)	aeronautical mobile (R)		
<u>5.226</u>			
156.7625-156.7875 MHz	156.7625-156.7875 MHz	MARITIME MOBILE	Standard Maritime channels according to
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE	TIODILL	Appendix 18.
Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.111</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228</u>			
156.7875-156.8125 MHz	156.7875-156.8125 MHz	156.8 MHz for Distress,	Standard Maritime
MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling)	MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling)	Safety and Calling	channels according to Appendix 18.
<u>5.111</u>		(DSC)	
156.8125-156.8375 MHz	156.8125-156.8375 MHz		Standard Maritime
MARITIME MOBILE	MARITIME MOBILE		channels according to Appendix 18.
Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.111</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228</u>			
156.8375-161.9375 MHz	156.8375-161.9375 MHz		Standard Maritime
FIXED	FIXED		channels according to Appendix 18.
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.226</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
161.9375-161.9625 MHz	161.9375-161.9625 MHz		Standard Maritime channels according to
FIXED	FIXED		Appendix 18.
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <b>5.228AA</b>	Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.226</u>			
<b>161.9625-161.9875 MHz</b> FIXED	<b>161.9625-161.9875 MHz</b> FIXED		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
5.228F 5.226 5.228A 5.228B			
161.9875-162.0125 MHz	161.9875-162.0125 MHz		Standard Maritime channels according to
FIXED	FIXED		Appendix 18.
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <b>5.228AA</b>	Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
<b>5.226</b> 5.229			
162.0125-162.0375 MHz	162.0125-162.0375 MHz		Standard Maritime channels according to
FIXED	FIXED		Appendix 18.
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <b>5.228F</b>	Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
<b>5.226 5.228A 5.228B</b> 5.229			

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
162.0375-174 MHz	162.0375-174 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<b>5.226</b> 5.229	BHR4		
174-223 MHz BROADCASTING	174-223 MHz BROADCASTING	Broadcasting Band III DAB	Refer to the ITU GE06 Plan SAB
	BHR4		
223-230 MHz	223-230 MHz	Broadcasting	For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE06 Plan
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING	Band III DAB	SAB
Fixed	AERONAUTICAL		
Mobile	RADIONAVIGATION		
5.243 5.246 <b>5.247</b>	Fixed		
	Mobile		
230-235 MHz	230-235 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<b>5.247</b> 5.251 5.252	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
	BHR4		
235-267 MHz	235-267 MHz	243 MHz for survival craft	
FIXED	FIXED	stations and	
MOBILE	MOBILE	equipment used for survival	
<b>5.111</b> 5.252 <b>5.254 5.256</b> 5.256	BHR4	purposes	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
267-272 MHz	267-272 MHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED	MOBILE	
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Space operation (space-to-Earth)	Space operation (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.254</u> <u>5.257</u>	BHR4		
272-273 MHz	272-273 MHz		
SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)	SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.254</u>	BHR4		
273-312 MHz	273-312 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.254</u>	BHR 4		
312-315 MHz	312-315 MHz		315 MHz Bahrain keyless system
FIXED	FIXED		keyless system
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.254</b></u> <u><b>5.255</b></u>	Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
	BHR 4		
315-322 MHz	315-322 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.254</u>	BHR 4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
322-328.6 MHz	322-328.6 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
328.6-335.4 MHz	328.6-335.4 MHz		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.258	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
5.259	BHR4		
335.4-387 MHz	335.4-387 MHz		380-385 MHz paired
FIXED	FIXED		with 390-395 MHz are harmonized PPDR for GCC and other R1
MOBILE	MOBILE		countries
<u>5.254</u>	BHR4		
387-390 MHz	387-390 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <b>5.208A</b>	MOBILE		
5.208B 5.254 5.255	BHR4		
390-399.9 MHz	390-399.9 MHz		390-395 MHz paired with 380-385 MHz are
FIXED	FIXED		harmonized PPDR for GCC and other R1
MOBILE	MOBILE		countries
5.254	BHR4		
399.9-400.05 MHz	399.9-400.05 MHz		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.209</b>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
5.220	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
400.05-400.15 MHz	400.05-400.15 MHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL-SATELLITE (400.1 MHz)	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL-SATELLITE (400.1 MHz)		
<u>5.261</u> <u>5.262</u>	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
400.15-401 MHz	400.15-401 MHz	MOBILE	
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.208A 5.208B 5.209</b>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <b>5.263</b>	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		
	FIXED		
Space operation (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE		
<u>5.262</u> <u>5.264</u>	Space operation (space-to-Earth)		
	BHR4		



RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
406-406.1 MHz  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	406-406.1 MHz  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	CSPAS- SARSAT Mobile- satellite	Resolve 1 in Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) to request administrations not to
<u>5.265 5.266 5.267</u>	BHR4	satellite service is limited to low power satellite emergency position- indicating radiobea- cons	make new frequency assignments within the frequency bands 405.9-406.0 MHz and 406.1-406.2 MHz under the mobile and fixed services.
406.1-410 MHz	406.1-410 MHz	FIXED	PMR
FIXED	FIXED	MOBILE except	Resolve 1 in Resolution
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	aeronautical mobile	205 (Rev.WRC-15) to request administrations not to make new frequency
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		assignments within
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.265</u>	BHR4		the frequency bands 405.9-406.0 MHz and 406.1-406.2 MHz under the mobile and fixed services
410-420 MHz	410-420 MHz	FIXED	PMR
FIXED	FIXED	MOBILE except	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	aeronautical mobile	
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) <b>5.268</b>	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space)		
	BHR4		
420-430 MHz	420-430 MHz		PMR
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Radiolocation	BHR4		
5 260 5 270 5 271			

5.269 5.270 5.271

RR Region 1 Allocations 430-432 MHz AMATEUR	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations 430-432 MHz AMATEUR BHR2	Major Utilisation	Additional Information  PMR  Maximum power for
RADIOLOCATION 5.271 5.272 5.273 5.274 5.275 <b>5.276</b> 5.277	FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  BHR 4		Amateur is 25W (e.i.r.p).  AMATEUR 430.2 MHz and 431.2 MHz
432-438 MHz  AMATEUR  RADIOLOCATION  Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.279A  5.138 5.271 5.272 5.276 5.277 5.280 5.281 5.282	FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Earth exploration-satellite (active)  BHR4  435-438 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR1  Earth exploration-satellite (active)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	PMR  435 - 438 MHz utilized to be used for Mobile except aeronautical mobile in Bahrain
<b>438-440 MHz</b> AMATEUR  RADIOLOCATION  5.271 5.273 5.274 5.275 <b>5.276</b> 5.277 5.283	BHR4 438-440 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		PMR

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
440-450 MHz	440-450 MHz		PMR
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Radiolocation	BHR4		
5.269 5.270 5.271 5.284 5.285 <b>5.286</b>			
450-455 MHz	450-455 MHz		PMR
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE <b>5.286AA</b>	MOBILE		
<b>5.209</b> 5.271 <b>5.286 5.286A</b> 5.286B 5.286C 5.286D 5.286E	BHR4		
455-456 MHz	455-456 MHz		PMR
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE <b>5.286AA</b>	MOBILE		
<b><u>5.209</u></b> 5.271 <u><b>5.286A</b></u> 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E	BHR4		
456-459 MHz	456-459 MHz		PMR
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE <b>5.286AA</b>	MOBILE		
5.271 <u><b>5.287</b></u> 5.288	BHR4		
459-460 MHz	459-460 MHz		PMR
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<b>5.286AA 5.209</b> 5.271 <b>5.286A</b> 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E	BHR4		

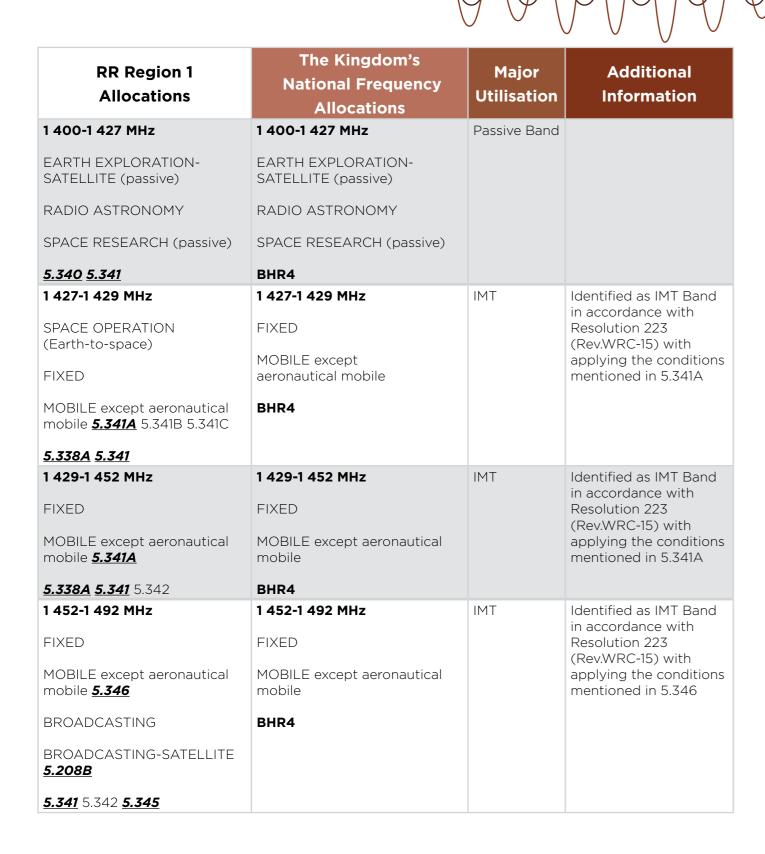
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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information	
460-470 MHz	460-470 MHz		PMR	
FIXED	FIXED			
MOBILE <b>5.286AA</b>	MOBILE			
Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth)	Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth)			
<u><b>5.287</b></u> 5.288 <u><b>5.289</b></u> 5.290	BHR4			
<b>470-694 MHz</b> BROADCASTING	470-694 MHz BROADCASTING	Broadcasting digital TV GE06 Plan	Land mobile for the applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making.	
<b>5.149</b> 5.291A <b>5.294 5.296 5.300</b> 5.304 5.306 <b>5.311A</b> 5.312	BHR4		For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE06 Plan SAB - SAP	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.312A</u> <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING <u>5.300</u> <u>5.311A</u> 5.312	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  BHR4	New IMT Band Portion of this band is allocated for PPDR	This service is subject to the provisions of Resolution 232 (WRC-12). See also Resolution 224 (Rev.WRC-12) (5.312A)	
790-862 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.316B 5.317A  BROADCASTING 5.312 5.319	790-862 MHz  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  BHR4	New IMT Band	Can be used subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation service in countries mentioned in No. 5.312. For countries party to the GE06 Agreement, the use of stations of the mobile service is also subject to the successful application of the procedures of that greement. Resolutions 224 (Rev. WRC-12) and 749 (Rev. WRC-12) shall apply, as appropriate (5.316B)	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
862-890 MHz	862-890 MHz	IMT Band	SRD 863-870 MHz
FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <b>5.317A</b> BROADCASTING 5.322  5.319 5.323	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  BHR4		GCC harmonized Railways 876-880 paired with 921-925 MHz 880-915 paired with 925-960 MHz
890-942 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A  BROADCASTING 5.322  Radiolocation  5.323	890-942 MHz  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  BHR4	IMT	GCC harmonized Railways 876-880 paired with 921-925 MHz 880-915 paired with 925-960 MHz
942-960 MHz  FIXED  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A  BROADCASTING 5.322  5.323	942-960 MHz  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  BHR4	IMT	880-915 paired with 925-960 MHz
960-1 164 MHz  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.327A  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328	960-1 164 MHz  AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  BHR4		DME landing\ground reply\interrogation

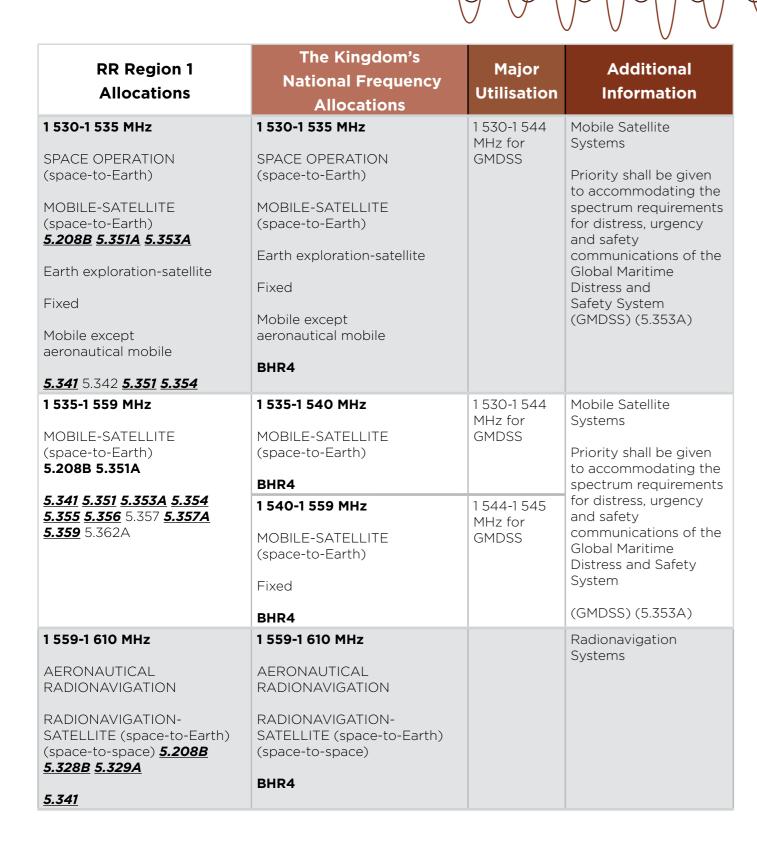
5.328AA

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 164-1 215 MHz	1 164-1 215 MHz		DME landing\ground reply\interrogation
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.328</u>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		reply (interrogation
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u>	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)		
<u>5.328A</u>	BHR4		
1 215-1 240 MHz	1 215-1 240 MHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <i>5.328B</i>	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)		
<u>5.329</u> <u>5.329A</u>	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	FIXED		
<u>5.330</u> <u>5.331</u> <u>5.332</u>	MOBILE		
	RADIONAVIGATION		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 240-1 300 MHz	1 240-1 300 MHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		(e.i.r.p).
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		Amateur in the band 1296-1296.4 MHz only
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> 5.329 5.329A	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)		
	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	FIXED		
Amateur	MOBILE		
<b>5.282 5.330 5.331 5.332</b> 5.335 <b>5.335A</b>	RADIONAVIGATION		
	Amateur BHR2		
	BHR4		
1 300-1 350 MHz	1 300-1 350 MHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.337</b></u>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.337A</u>	BHR4		
1 350-1 400 MHz	1 350-1 400 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<b>5.149</b> 5.338 <b>5.338A 5.339</b>	BHR4		



RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 492-1 518 MHz	1 492-1 518 MHz	IMT	Identified as IMT Band in accordance with
FIXED	FIXED		Resolution 223 (Rev.
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <b>5.341A</b>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		WRC-15) with applying the conditions mentioned in 5.341A
<u><b>5.341</b></u> 5.342	BHR4		
1 518-1 525 MHz	1 518-1 525 MHz		Mobile Satellite Systems
FIXED	FIXED		Systems
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
<b>5.348A 5.348B 5.351A 5.341</b> 5.342	BHR4		
1 525-1 530 MHz	1 525-1 530 MHz		Mobile Satellite Systems
SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)	SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)		Systems
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208B	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
<b>5.351A</b> Earth exploration-satellite	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.349</u>	Earth exploration-satellite		
<u>5.341</u> 5.342 5.350 <u>5.351</u> <u>5.352A</u> <u>5.354</u>	BHR4		



RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 610-1 610.6 MHz	1 610-1 610.6 MHz		Mobile Satellite
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		Radionavigation Systems
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		Systems
<b>5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368</b> 5.369 <b>5.371 5.372</b>	Fixed BHR4		
1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz	1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz		Mobile Satellite
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <i>5.351A</i>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		Systems
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
5.149 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372	Fixed BHR4		
1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz	1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz		Mobile Satellite
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.351A</b>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		Systems
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <b>5.208B</b>	Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
<b>5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368</b> 5.369 <b>5.371 5.372</b>	Fixed BHR4		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency	Major	Additional
	Allocations	Utilisation	Information
1 626.5-1 660 MHz	1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz	1 626.5-1	Mobile Satellite
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.351A</b>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	645.5 MHz for GMDSS	Priority shall be given to accommodating the
5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.357A	Fixed		spectrum requirements for distress, urgency
<b>5.359</b> 5.362A <b>5.374 5.375</b> 5.376	BHR4		and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) (5.353A)
	1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz  MOBILE-SATELLITE		Mobile Satellite Systems
	(Earth-to-space)	_	
	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		Mobile Satellite Systems
	Fixed		
	BHR4		
1 660-1 660.5 MHz	1 660-1 660.5 MHz		Mobile Satellite
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.351A</b></u>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		Systems
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<b>5.149 5.341 5.351 5.354</b> 5.362A <b>5.376A</b>	BHR4		
1 660.5-1 668 MHz	1 660.5-1 668 MHz		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
Fixed	Fixed		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile	Mobile except aeronautical mobile		
<b>5.149 5.341</b> 5.379 <b>5.379A</b>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 668-1 668.4 MHz	1 668-1 668.4 MHz		Mobile Satellite
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.351A 5.379B 5.379C</b>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		Systems
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY  SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	Fixed		
Fixed  Mobile except	Mobile except aeronautical mobile		
aeronautical mobile <b>5.149 5.341</b> 5.379 <b>5.379A</b>	BHR4		
1 668.4-1 670 MHz	1 668.4-1 670 MHz		Mobile Satellite
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		Systems
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
5.351A 5.379B 5.379C	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	BHR4		
5.149 5.341 5.379D 5.379E			
1 670-1 675 MHz	1 670-1 675 MHz		Mobile Satellite
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		Systems
FIXED	FIXED		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.351A 5.379B</b>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
J.JJ IA J.J/ 3D	BHR4		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 675-1 690 MHz	1 675-1 690 MHz		
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		
FIXED	FIXED		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (spac e-to-Earth)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.341</u>	BHR4		
1 690-1 700 MHz	1 690-1 700 MHz		
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
Fixed	FIXED		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.289</u> <u>5.341</u> <u>5.382</u>	BHR4		
1 700-1 710 MHz	1 700-1 710 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.289</u> <u>5.341</u>	BHR4		
1 710-1 930 MHz	1 710-1 930 MHz	IMT	1710-1785 paired with 1805-1880 MHz
FIXED	FIXED		1920-1980 MHz paired
MOBILE <b>5.384A 5.388A</b>	MOBILE		with 2110-2170 MHz
5.388 <u>B</u> 5.149 5.341 5.385 5.386 5.387 5.388	BHR4		TDD 1900-1920 MHz
			TDD 1790-1800 MHz

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 930-1 970 MHz	1 930-1 970 MHz	IMT	1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz
FIXED	FIXED		WILLI 2110-2170 PILI2
MOBILE <b>5.388A 5.388B 5.388</b>	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
1 970-1 980 MHz	1 970-1 980 MHz	IMT	1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE <b>5.388A 5.388B</b>	MOBILE		
<u>5.388</u>	BHR4		
1 980-2 010 MHz	1 980-2 010 MHz	IMT	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.351A</b>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
<b>5.388 5.389A</b> 5.389B 5.389F	BHR4		
2 010-2 025 MHz	2 010-2 025 MHz	IMT	The use of the bands 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2
FIXED	FIXED		160-2 170 MHz by the mobile-satellite service
MOBILE <u><b>5.388A</b></u> <u><b>5.388B</b></u>	MOBILE		in Region 2 shall not cause harmful
<u>5.388</u>	BHR4		interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3.

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 025-2 110 MHz	2 025-2 110 MHz		
SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)	SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE <u><b>5.391</b></u>	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)	SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)		
<u>5.392</u>	BHR4		
2 110-2 120 MHz	2 110-2 120 MHz	IMT	1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz
FIXED	FIXED		WILL 2110-2170 MHZ
MOBILE <u><b>5.388A</b></u> <u><b>5.388B</b></u>	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)	BHR4		
<u>5.388</u>			
2 120-2 160 MHz	2 120-2 160 MHz	IMT	1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz
FIXED	FIXED		WICH ZIIO ZI/O FIIIZ
MOBILE <u>5.388A</u> <u>5.388B</u>	MOBILE		
<u>5.388</u>	BHR4		
2 160-2 170 MHz	2 160-2 170 MHz	IMT	1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz
FIXED	FIXED		WIGH ZHO ZHO PHIZ
MOBILE <u><b>5.388A</b></u> <u><b>5.388B</b></u>	MOBILE		
<u>5.388</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 170-2 200 MHz	2 170-2 200 MHz	IMT	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u><b>5.351A</b></u>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
<b>5.388 5.389A</b> 5.389F	BHR4		
2 200-2 290 MHz	2 200-2 290 MHz		
SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)	SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE <b>5.391</b>	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)		
<u>5.392</u>	BHR4		
2 290-2 300 MHz	2 290-2 300 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)		
	BHR4		



RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 520-2 655 MHz	2 520-2 655 MHz	IMT	Government TDD
FIXED <b>5.410</b>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		2570-2620 MHz 2500-2570 paired with
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u>	BHR4		2620-2690 MHz
BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.413 5.416			
<b>5.339</b> 5.412 <b>5.418B 5.418C</b>			
2 655-2 670 MHz	2 655-2 670 MHz	IMT	2500-2570 paired with
FIXED <b>5.410</b>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		2620-2690 MHz
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <b>5.384A</b>	BHR4		
BROADCASTING- SATELLITE <u><b>5.208B</b></u> <u><b>5.413</b></u> <u><b>5.416</b></u>			
Earth exploration-satellite (passive)			
Radio astronomy			
Space research (passive)			
<b>5.149</b> 5.412			
2 670-2 690 MHz	2 670-2 690 MHz	IMT	2500-2570 paired with 2620-2690 MHz
FIXED <b>5.410</b>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		2020-2090 MHZ
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <b>5.384A</b>	BHR4		
Earth exploration-satellite (passive)			
Radio astronomy			
Space research (passive)			
<b>5.149</b> 5.412			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 690-2 700 MHz	2 690-2 700 MHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u> <u>5.422</u>	FIXED		
	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		
2 700-2 900 MHz	2 700-2 900 MHz		Radars & Navigation
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.337</u>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
Radiolocation	Radiolocation		
<b>5.423</b> 5.424	BHR4		
2 900-3 100 MHz	2 900-3 100 MHz		Radars & Navigation
RADIOLOCATION <u>5.424A</u>	RADIOLOCATION		
RADIONAVIGATION 5.426	RADIONAVIGATION		
<u>5.425</u> <u>5.427</u>	BHR4		
3 100-3 300 MHz	3 100-3 300 MHz		Utilized to be used in Bahrain for Fixed and
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		Mobile on secondary basis
Earth exploration-satellite (active)	Fixed <b>BHR1</b>		Dasis
Space research (active)	Mobile <b>BHR1</b>		
<b>5.149</b> 5.428	Earth exploration-satellite (active)		
	Space research (active)		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
3 300-3 400 MHz	3 300-3 400 MHz		
RADIOLOCATION	FIXED		
<b>5.149 5.429 5.429A 5.429B</b> 5.430	MOBILE BHR4		
3 400-3 600 MHz	3 400-3 600 MHz	IMT	TDD 3410 - 3500 MHz
FIXED	FIXED		& 3500 - 3590 MHz
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <b>5.430A</b>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Radiolocation	BHR4		
5.431			
3 600-4 200 MHz	3 600-3 700 MHz		VSAT Downlink
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE	Mobile		
(space-to-Earth)	BHR4		
Mobile	3 700-4 200 MHz		
	FIXED		
	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
	Mobile		
	BHR4		
4 200-4 400 MHz	4 200-4 400 MHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.436	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <b>5.438</b>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
<b>5.437</b> 5.439 <b>5.440</b>	BHR4		
<u>5.757</u> 5.755 <u>5.775</u>	<u> </u>		l

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
4 400-4 500 MHz	4 400-4 500 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE 5.440A	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
4 500-4 800 MHz	4 500-4 800 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.441</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE 5.440A	MOBILE		
	BHR 4		
4 800-4 990 MHz	4 800-4 990 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE 5.440A 5.441A 5.441B 5.442	MOBILE		
	BHR 4		
Radio astronomy			
5.149 5.339 5.443 4 990-5 000 MHz	4 000 F 000 MH-	FIXED	
4 990-3 000 MHZ	4 990-5 000 MHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED	MOBILE except	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	aeronautical mobile	
RADIO ASTRONOMY	Space research (passive)		
Space research (passive)	BHR 4		
5.149			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 000-5 010 MHz	5 000-5 010 MHz		Satellite navigation
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R)  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  BHR 4		
5 010-5 030 MHz	5 010-5 030 MHz		Satellite navigation
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) 5.443AA  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.328B 5.443B	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R)  AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION  RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)  BHR4		
5 030-5 091 MHz	5 030-5 091 MHz		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.443C</u>	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) AERONAUTICAL		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE- SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443D</u>	MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) AERONAUTICAL		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u><b>5.444</b></u>	RADIONAVIGATION		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 091-5 150 MHz	5 091-5 150 MHz		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.444A</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE		
5.444B  AERONAUTICAL  MOBILE-SATELLITE (R)	AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R)		
<u>5.443AA</u>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.444	BHR4		
5 150-5 250 MHz	5 150-5 250 MHz		Wifi band 5150 - 5350
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.447A</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		MHz
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u><b>5.446A</b></u> <b>5.446B</b>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
5.446 <u>5.446C</u> 5.447 <u>5.447B</u>	BHR4		
5 250-5 255 MHz	5 250-5 255 MHz		Wifi band 5150 - 5350 MHz Shipborne and
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		VTS radar Weather radar
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.447F</u>	RADIOLOCATION		
RADIOLOCATION	SPACE RESEARCH		
SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.447D</u> 5.447E 5.448 <u>5.448A</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 255-5 350 MHz	5 255-5 350 MHz		Wifi band 5150 - 5350 MHz Shipborne and
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		VTS radar Weather radar
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> 5.447F	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	BHR4		
5.447E 5.448 <b>5.448A</b>			
5 350-5 460 MHz	5 350-5 460 MHz		Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) <b>5.448B</b>	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		raudi Weatherraudi
RADIOLOCATION <u><b>5.448D</b></u>	RADIOLOCATION		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.449</u>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448C	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
	BHR 4		
5 460-5 470 MHz	5 460-5 470 MHz		Shipborne and VTS radar
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		Weather radar
RADIOLOCATION <u><b>5.448D</b></u>	RADIOLOCATION		
RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.449</u>	RADIONAVIGATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
<u>5.448B</u>	BHR 4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 470-5 570 MHz	5 470-5 570 MHz		Private RLANS 5470 - 5725 MHz
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		3470 - 3723 MINZ
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.450A</u>	BHR 4		
RADIOLOCATION <u><b>5.450B</b></u>			
MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION			
SPACE RESEARCH (active)			
<b>5.448B</b> 5.450 5.451			
5 570-5 650 MHz	5 570-5 650 MHz		Private RLANS 5470 - 5725 MHz
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.450A</u>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar
RADIOLOCATION <u><b>5.450B</b></u>	RADIOLOCATION		
MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION	BHR4		
5.450 5.451 <u><b>5.452</b></u>			
5 650-5 725 MHz	5 650-5 725 MHz		Private RLANS 5470 - 5725 MHz
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <b>5.446A</b>	FIXED		
5.450A	MOBILE		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
RADIOLOCATION	Amateur BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
Amateur	BHR4		
Space research (deep space)			
<u><b>5.282</b></u> 5.451 <u><b>5.453</b></u> 5.454 5.455			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 725-5 830 MHz	5 725-5 830 MHz		Wifi band 5725 - 5875 MHz
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		BFWA
RADIOLOCATION	FIXED		Maximum power for
Amateur	MOBILE		Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
<u><b>5.150</b></u> 5.451 <u><b>5.453</b></u> 5.455	Amateur BHR2		
	BHR4		
5 830-5 850 MHz	5 830-5 850 MHz		Wifi band 5725 - 5875 MHz
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		BFWA
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
Amateur	FIXED		(e.i.r.p).
Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE		
	Amateur BHR2		
<u>5.150</u> 5.451 <u>5.453</u> 5.455	Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
	BHR4		
5 850-5 925 MHz	5 850-5 925 MHz		Wifi band 5725 - 5875
FIXED	FIXED		MHZ
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		BFWA
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.150</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 925-6 700 MHz	5 925-6 700 MHz		In accordance with
FIXED 5.457	FIXED BHR3		Resolution 902 (WRC-03)
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> 5.457B	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		VSAT Uplink
	MOBILE		
MOBILE 5.457C 5.149 5.440 5.458	BHR4		
6 700-7 075 MHz	6 700-7 075 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) <b>5.441</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.458</u> <u>5.458A</u> <u>5.458B</u>	BHR4		
7 075-7 145 MHz	7 075-7 145 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u><b>5.458</b></u> 5.459	BHR4		
7 145-7 190 MHz	7 145-7 190 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)	SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)		
<b>5.458</b> 5.459	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
7 190 -7 235 MHz	7 190 -7 235 MHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.460A 5.460B	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MODILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE  SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.460 5.458 5.459	SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space)		
7 235-7 250 MHz	7 235-7 250 MHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.460A</b>	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3 MOBILE		
MOBILE	MORILE		
5.458	BHR4		
7 250-7 300 MHz	7 250-7 300 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.461</u>	BHR4		
7 300-7 375 MHz	7 300-7 375 MHz		VSAT Downlink
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.461</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
7 375-7 450 MHz	7 375-7 450 MHz		VSAT Downlink
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
MARITIME MOBILE- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.461AA 5.461AB</b>	MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.401AA</u>	BHR4		
7 450-7 550 MHz	7 450-7 550 MHz		VSAT Downlink
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	(space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except		
MARITIME MOBILE- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	aeronautical mobile  MARITIME MOBILE-		
<u>5.461AA</u>	SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.461A</u>	BHR4		
7 550-7 750 MHz	7 550-7 750 MHz		VSAT Downlink
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
MARITIME MOBILE- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	MARITIME MOBILE- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.461AA</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
7 750-7 900 MHz	7 750-7 900 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.461B</b>	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		
7 900-8 025 MHz	7 900-8 025 MHz		VSAT Uplink
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.461</u>	BHR4		
8 025-8 175 MHz	8 025-8 175 MHz		VSAT Uplink
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE <u><b>5.463</b></u>	MOBILE		
<u>5.462A</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
8 175-8 215 MHz	8 175-8 215 MHz		VSAT Uplink
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE <b>5.463</b>	MOBILE		
<u>5.462A</u>	BHR4		
8 215-8 400 MHz	8 215-8 400 MHz		VSAT Uplink
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE <u><b>5.463</b></u>	MOBILE		
<u>5.462A</u>	BHR4		
8 400-8 500 MHz	8 400-8 500 MHz		
FIXED	FIXED BHR 3		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <b>5.465</b> 5.466	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
8 500-8 550 MHz	8 500-8 550 MHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<b>5.468</b> 5.469	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
8 550-8 650 MHz	8 550-8 650 MHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
<b>5.468</b> 5.469 <b>5.469A</b>	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
8 650-8 750 MHz	8 650-8 750 MHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<b>5.468</b> 5.469	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
8 750-8 850 MHz	8 750-8 825 MHz		Aeronautical
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		radionavigation service is limited to airborne doppler navigation aids
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <b>5.470</b>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		on a centre frequency of 8 800 MHz
	BHR4		
<u>5.471</u>	8 825-8 850 MHz  MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION		Maritime Radionavigation is limited to for Shore based radars 8 825-8 850 MHz
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
8 850-9 000 MHz	8 850-9 000 MHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.472</u>	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION		
5.473	BHR4		
9 000-9 200 MHz	9 000-9 200 MHz		Maritime
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		Radionavigation is limited to for Shore based radars 9 000-9
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <b>5.337</b>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		200 MHz
<u>5.471</u> <u>5.473A</u>	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION		Aeronautical radionavigation
	BHR4		
9 200-9 300 MHz	9 200-9 300 MHz		Earth exploration-
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) <u>5.474A</u>	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		satellite service should be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A
<u>5.474B</u> <u>5.474C</u>	RADIOLOCATION		mentioned in 5.474A
RADIOLOCATION	MARITIME		Shipborne radar
MARITIME	RADIONAVIGATION		9 200-9 500 MHz
RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.472</u>	BHR4		search and rescue transponders (SART)
5.473 <b>5.474 5.474D</b>	BIRT		may be used
9 300-9 500 MHz	9 300-9 500 MHz		Shipborne radar
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		Radionavigation
			9 200-9 500 MHz
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		search and rescue transponders (SART)
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		may be used
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
<u>5.427</u> <u>5.474</u> <u>5.475</u> <u>5.475A</u> 5.475B 5.476A	BHR4		
			1

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
9 500-9 800 MHz	9 500-9 800 MHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
<u>5.476A</u>	BHR4		
9 800-9 900 MHz	9 800-9 900 MHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
Earth exploration-satellite (active)	FIXED		
Fixed	Earth exploration-satellite (active)		
Space research (active)	Space research (active)		
<b>5.477</b> 5.478 <b>5.478A 5.478B</b>	BHR4		
9 900-10 000 MHz	9 900-10 000 MHz		Earth exploration- satellite service should
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) <b>5.474A</b> <b>5.474B 5.474C</b>	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		Therefored in 3. 17 17 (
	FIXED		
Fixed	BHR4		
<b>5.477</b> 5.478 <b>5.479 5.474D</b>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
10-10.4 GHz	10-10.4 GHz	FIXED	Earth exploration-
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) <u>5.474A</u> 5.474B 5.474C	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		satellite service should be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A
FIXED	FIXED		Maximum power for
	MOBILE		Amateur is 100W
MOBILE	RADIOLOCATION		(e.i.r.p).
RADIOLOCATION	Amateur <b>BHR2</b>		
Amateur	BHR4		
<u>5.479</u> <u>5.474D</u>	DIIRT		
10.4-10.45 GHz	10.4-10.45 GHz	FIXED	Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
FIXED	FIXED		(e.i.r.p).
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
Amateur	Amateur <b>BHR2</b>		
	BHR4		
10.45-10.5 GHz	10.45-10.5 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		(e.i.r.p).
Amateur	Amateur BHR2		
Amateur-satellite	Amateur-satellite		
5.481	BHR4		
10.5-10.55 GHz	10.5-10.55 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Radiolocation	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
10.55-10.6 GHz	10.55-10.6 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Radiolocation	BHR4		
10.6-10.68 GHz	10.6-10.68 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	BHR4		
Radiolocation			
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.482</u> <u>5.482A</u>			
10.68-10.7 GHz	10.68-10.7 GHz	Passive Band	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	FIXED		
<u>5.340 5.483</u>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
10.7-10.95 GHz	10.7-10.95 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u><b>5.441</b></u> (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.484</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		
10.95-11.2 GHz	10.95-11.2 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.484A</b> <b>5.484B</b> (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)		
<b>5.484</b> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		
11.2-11.45 GHz	11.2-11.45 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u><b>5.441</b></u> (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.484</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
	BHR4		
11.45-11.7 GHz	11.45-11.7 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
HIODIIC	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
11.7-12.5 GHz	11.7-12.5 GHz		For Broadcasting-
FIXED	FIXED		Satellite refer to the Appendix 30 and Radio
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		Regulations Res. 73
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		
BROADCASTING-SATELLITE	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE		
<u>5.492</u> <u>5.487</u> <u>5.487A</u>	BHR4		
12.5-12.75 GHz	12.5-12.75 GHz		VSAT Downlink/Uplink
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)		
<u><b>5.494</b></u> 5.495 5.496	FIXED		
	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
12.75-13.25 GHz	12.75-13.25 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.441</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth)		
13.25-13.4 GHz	13.25-13.4 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.497</u>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
<b>5.498A</b> 5.499			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
13.4-13.65 GHz	13.4-13.65 GHz		Refer to the ITU Radio
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		Regulation Article 26
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-t-earth) <u>5.499A</u> 5.499B	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-t-earth)		
	RADIOLOCATION		
RADIOLOCATION	SPACE RESEARCH		
SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.499C</u> <u>5.499D</u>	FIXED		
Standard frequency and time	MOBILE		
signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite		
5.499 <u>5.499E</u> <u>5.500</u> 5.501	(Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.501B</u>	BHR4		
13.65-13.75 GHz	13.65-13.75 GHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		Regulation Article 20
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
SPACE RESEARCH <b>5.501A</b>	SPACE RESEARCH		
Standard frequency and time signal-satellite	FIXED		
(Earth-to-space)	MOBILE		
5.499 <b>5.500</b> 5.501 5.501B	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A  RADIOLOCATION  Earth exploration-satellite  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Space research  5.499 5.500 5.501 5.502 5.503	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  FIXED  MOBILE  Earth exploration-satellite  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	FIXED- SATELLITE (Earth-to- space)	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 VSAT Uplink
14-14.25 GHz  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  RADIONAVIGATION  FIXED  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Space research	FIXED- SATELLITE (Earth-to- space)	In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
14.25-14.3 GHz  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B 5.484B  RADIONAVIGATION 5.504  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.508A  Space research 5.504A 5.505 5.508	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth- to-space)  FIXED  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to- space)  Space research	FIXED- SATELLITE (Earth-to- space)	In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink
14.3-14.4 GHz  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B 5.484B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.509A  Radionavigation-satellite	14.3-14.4 GHz  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Radionavigation-satellite	FIXED- SATELLITE (Earth-to- space)	In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink
<u>5.504A</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
14.4-14.47 GHz	14.4-14.47 GHz	FIXED	In accordance with Resolution 902
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		(WRC-03)
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.509A  Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.504A	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth- to-space)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to- space)  Space research (space-to- Earth)		
14.47-14.5 GHz	14.47-14.5 GHz	FIXED	In accordance with
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		Resolution 902 (WRC-03)
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5.509A  Radio astronomy 5.149 5.504A	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
14.5-14.75 GHz	14.5-14.75 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.509B</u> <u>5.509C</u> <u>5.509D</u> <u>5.509E</u> <u>5.509F</u> <u>5.510</u> MOBILE	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE  Space research		
Space research <u><b>5.509G</b></u>			

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
14.75-14.8 GHz	14.75-14.8 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.510</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Space research <b>5.509G</b>	Space research		
14.8-15.35 GHz	14.8-15.35 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Space research	Space research		
5.339			
15.35-15.4 GHz	15.35-15.4 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
5.340 5.511	Fixed		
	Mobile		
15.4-15.43 GHz	15.4-15.43 GHz		
RADIOLOCATION <u>5.511E</u>	RADIOLOCATION		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
15.43-15.63 GHz	15.43-15.63 GHz		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.511A</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
RADIOLOCATION <b>5.511E</b> <b>5.511F</b>	RADIOLOCATION		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <b>5.511C</b>	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
15.63-15.7 GHz	15.63-15.7 GHz		
RADIOLOCATION <u>5.511E</u> 5.511F	RADIOLOCATION		
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
15.7-16.6 GHz	15.7-16.6 GHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<b>5.512</b> 5.513	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
16.6-17.1 GHz	16.6-17.1 GHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
Space research (deep space)	FIXED		
(Earth-to-space)	MOBILE		
<b>5.512</b> 5.513	Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space)		
17.1-17.2 GHz	17.1-17.2 GHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<b>5.512</b> 5.513	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
	BHR4		
17.2-17.3 GHz	17.2-17.3 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
<u>5.512</u> 5.513 <u>5.513A</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
17.3-17.7 GHz	17.3-17.7 GHz		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.516</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516A</u> 5.516B	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth)		
Radiolocation	Radiolocation		
	Fixed		
<u>5.514</u>	Mobile		
17.7-18.1 GHz	17.7-18.1 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.484A</b> (Earth-to-space) <b>5.516</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
18.1-18.4 GHz	18.1-18.4 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B (Earth-to-space) 5.520 MOBILE	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE		
<u>5.519</u> <u>5.521</u>			
18.4-18.6 GHz	18.4-18.6 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u><b>5.484A</b></u> <u><b>5.516B</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
18.6-18.8 GHz	18.6-18.8 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.522B</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
Space research (passive)	Space research (passive)		
<u>5.522A</u> <u>5.522C</u>			
18.8-19.3 GHz	18.8-19.3 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.516.B</b> <b>5.523A</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
19.3-19.7 GHz	19.3-19.7 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.523B</u> 5.523C 5.523D 5.523E	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space)		
	MOBILE		
MOBILE 19.7-20.1 GHz	19.7-20.1 GHz		VSAT downlink
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.527A</u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		VSAT GOWITH
Mobile-satellite	FIXED		
(space-to-Earth)  5.524	MOBILE  Mobile-satellite		
<u> </u>	(space-to-Earth)		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
20.1-20.2 GHz	20.1-20.2 GHz		VSAT downlink
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u><b>5.484A</b></u> <b>5.484B 5.516B 5.527A</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.524</u> <u>5.525</u> <u>5.526</u> <u>5.527</u> <u>5.528</u>	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
20.2-21.2 GHz	20.2-21.2 GHz		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		VSAT Downlink
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
Standard frequency and time signal-satellite	FIXED		
(space-to-Earth)	MOBILE		
<u>5.524</u>	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
21.2-21.4 GHz	21.2-21.4 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
21.4-22 GHz	21.4-22 GHz	FIXED	For Broadcasting-
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		Satellite refer to the Radio Regulations Res. 552, 553, 554 and 555
MOBILE	MOBILE		232, 333, 331 4114 333
BROADCASING- SATELLITE <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.530A</u> <u>5.530B</u> <u>5.530D</u>	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
22-22.21 GHz	22-22.21 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.149</u>			
22.21-22.5 GHz	22.21-22.5 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.532</u>			
22.5-22.55 GHz	22.5-22.55 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
22.55-23.15 GHz	22.55-23.15 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE <u><b>5.338A</b></u>	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) <b>5.532A 5.149</b>	SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space)		
23.15-23.55 GHz	23.15-23.55 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE <u><b>5.338A</b></u>	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE	MOBILE		

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
23.55-23.6 GHz	23.55-23.6 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
23.6-24 GHz	23.6-24 GHz		Passive Band
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			
24-24.05 GHz	24-24.05 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 50W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
<u>5.150</u>	BHR4		
24.05-24.25 GHz	24.05-24.25 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 50W
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		(e.i.r.p).
Amateur	Amateur <b>BHR2</b>		
Earth exploration-satellite (active)	Earth exploration-satellite (active)		
<u>5.150</u>	BHR4		
24.25-24.45 GHz	24.25-24.45 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
	BHR4		
24.45-24.65 GHz	24.45-24.65 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
24.65-24.75 GHz	24.65-24.75 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.532B</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
	BHR4		
24.75-25.25 GHz	24.75-25.25 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.532B</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
	BHR4		
25.25-25.5 GHz	25.25-25.5 GHz	FIXED	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		Regulation Article 20
INTER-SATELLITE <b>5.536</b>	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
25.5-27 GHz	25.5-27 GHz	FIXED	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE(space-to Earth) 5.536B	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to Earth)		Regulation Article 26
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE <b>5.536</b>	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.536C</u>	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		
Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.536A</u>	BHR4		
27-27.5 GHz	27-27.5 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.536</u>	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
27.5-28.5 GHz	27.5-28.5 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED 5.537A	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.484A</b> <b>5.516B 5.539</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.538</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
28.5-29.1 GHz	28.5-29.1 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> 5.516B 5.523A 5.539	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u>	Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.540</u>			
29.1-29.5 GHz	29.1-29.5 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.516B 5.523C 5.523E 5.535A</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
5.539 5.541A	MOBILE		
MOBILE	Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.541</b></u>			
<u>5.540</u>			
29.5-29.9 GHz	29.5-29.9 GHz		VSAT uplink
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> 5.484B 5.516B 5.539 5.527A	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <b>5.541</b>	Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.540</u> <u>5.542</u>	Fixed		
	Mobile		

Allocations  29.9-30 GHz  PIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.539 5.527A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Fixed  5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540 5.542  30-31 GHz  FIXED-SATELLITE  Regulation Article 2	Allocations  0 GHz  -SATELLITE  F	Additional
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.539 5.527A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Fixed  Fixed  Mobile  30-31 GHz  Fixed-SATELLITE  Fixed  Refer to the ITU Rank Regulation Article of the ITU Rank Rank Rank Rank Rank Rank Rank Rank	-SATELLITE F	n Information
(Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.484B 5.516B 5.539 5.527A  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Fixed  5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540  5.542  Mobile  30-31 GHz  Refer to the ITU Range of the ITU Range		VSAT uplink
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Fixed  5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540  5.542  Mobile  30-31 GHz  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space)  Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)  Refer to the ITU Reference of t	8 <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.539</u> <u>5.527A</u>	
Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.543  Fixed  5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540  Mobile  30-31 GHz  FIXED-SATELLITE  (Earth-to-space)  Refer to the ITU Range Regulation Article 2	E-SATELLITE (	
5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540         Mobile           30-31 GHz         Refer to the ITU Range Regulation Article 2           FIXED-SATELLITE         FIXED-SATELLITE	exploration-satellite (	
5.542Mobile30-31 GHzRefer to the ITU Range Regulation Article 2FIXED-SATELLITEFIXED-SATELLITE	F	
Regulation Article 2 FIXED-SATELLITE		
FIXED-SATELLITE FIXED-SATELLITE	GHz 3	Refer to the ITU Radio
(Earth-to-space) <u>5.338A</u> (Earth-to-space) VSAT uplink		VSAT uplink
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)  MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	satellite s	
<u>5.542</u> Fixed	F	
Mobile	N	
	GHz 3	Refer to the ITU Radio
FIXED <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.543A</u> FIXED <b>BHR3</b>	<u>5.338A</u> <u>5.543A</u>	Regulation Article 26
MOBILE MOBILE	.E	
Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)  Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	satellite	
Space research 5.544 5.545 Space research	research <u><b>5.544</b></u> 5.545	
<u>5.149</u>		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
31.3-31.5 GHz	31.3-31.5 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			
31.5-31.8 GHz	31.5-31.8 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
Fixed	Fixed BHR 3		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile	Mobile except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.149                                    </u>			
31.8-32 GHz	31.8-32 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED <b>5.547A</b>	FIXED BHR3		
RADIONAVIGATION	SPACE RESEARCH		
SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	(deep space) (space-to-Earth)		
<b>5.547</b> 5.547B <b>5.548</b>			
32-32.3 GHz	32-32.3 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED <b>5.547A</b>	FIXED BHR3		
RADIONAVIGATION	SPACE RESEARCH		
SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	(deep space) (space-to-Earth)		
<b>5.547</b> 5.547C <b>5.548</b>			

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RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
32.3-33 GHz	32.3-33 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED <b>5.547A</b>	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
RADIONAVIGATION			
<b>5.547</b> 5.547D <b>5.548</b>			
33-33.4 GHz	33-33.4 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED <b>5.547A</b>	FIXED BHR3		
RADIONAVIGATION			
<b>5.547</b> 5.547E			
33.4-34.2 GHz	33.4-34.2 GHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<u>5.549</u>	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
34.2-34.7 GHz	34.2-34.7 GHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)	SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)		
<u>5.549</u>	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
34.7-35.2 GHz	34.7-35.2 GHz		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
Space research 5.550	FIXED		
<u>5.549</u>	MOBILE		
	Space research		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
35.2-35.5 GHz	35.2-35.5 GHz		
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<u>5.549</u>	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
35.5-36 GHz	35.5-36 GHz		
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
<u>5.549</u> <u>5.549A</u>	FIXED		
	MOBILE		
36-37 GHz	36-37 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.550A</u>			
37-37.5 GHz	37-37.5 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.547</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
37.5-38 GHz	37.5-38 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		
Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)	Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.547</u>			
38-39.5 GHz	38-39.5 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)	Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.547</u>			
39.5-40 GHz	39.5-40 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.516B</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)	Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.547</u>			

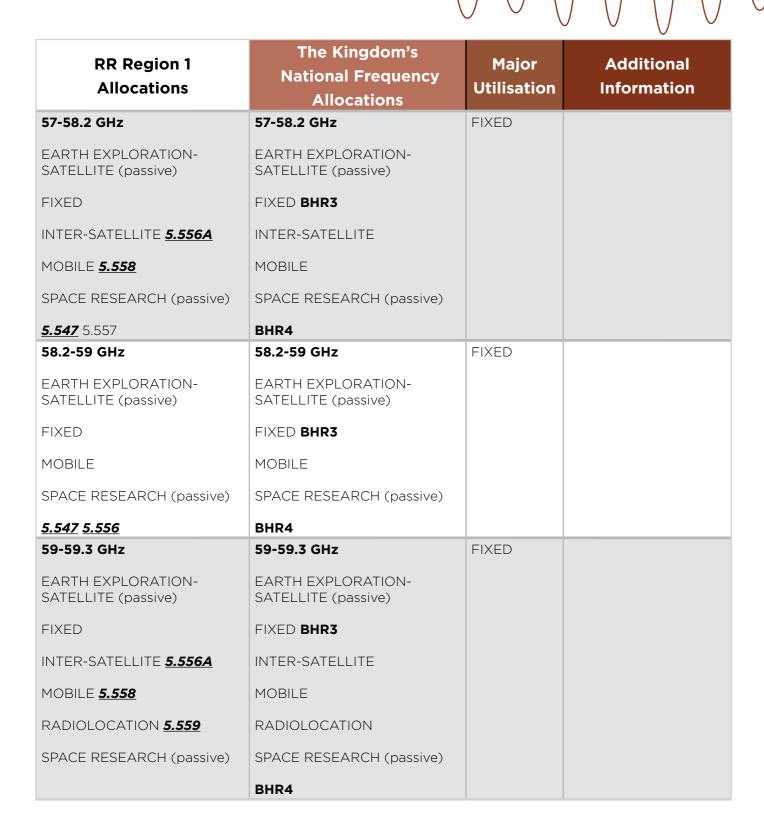
RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
40-40.5 GHz	40-40.5 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.516B</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space)	SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space)		
Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)	Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
40.5-41 GHz	40.5-41 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		
BROADCASTING-SATELLITE	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE		
Mobile	Mobile		
<u>5.547</u>			
41-42.5 GHz	41-42.5 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <b>5.516B</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		
BROADCASTING-SATELLITE	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE		
Mobile	Mobile		
<u>5.547</u> 5.551F <u>5.551H</u> <u>5.551I</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
42.5-43.5 GHz	42.5-43.5 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.552</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.547</u>			
43.5-47 GHz	43.5-47 GHz		
MOBILE <b>5.553</b>	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE	MOBILE-SATELLITE		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE		
<u>5.554</u>			
47-47.2 GHz	47-47.2 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 50W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
47.2-47.5 GHz	47.2-47.5 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <b>5.552</b>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.552A</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
47.5-47.9 GHz	47.5-47.9 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.554A</u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
47.9-48.2 GHz	47.9-48.2 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.552A</u>			
48.2-48.54 GHz	48.2-48.54 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> 5.554A 5.555B	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
48.54-49.44 GHz	48.54-49.44 GHz	FIXED	The band 48.94-49.04 GHz is also allocated to
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		the radio astronomy service on a primary
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		basis
MOBILE	MOBILE		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.340</u> <u>5.555</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
49.44-50.2 GHz	49.44-50.2 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.554A</u> <u>5.555B</u> MOBILE	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE		
50.2-50.4 GHz	50.2-50.4 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			
50.4-51.4 GHz	50.4-51.4 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u><b>5.338A</b></u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
51.4-52.6 GHz	51.4-52.6 GHz	FIXED	In the bands 51.4-54.25
FIXED <b>5.338A</b>	FIXED BHR3		GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio
MOBILE	MOBILE		astronomy observations may be carried out under
<u>5.547</u> <u>5.556</u>			national arrangements
52.6-54.25 GHz	52.6-54.25 GHz		In the bands 51.4-54.25
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		carried out under national arrangements
<u>5.340</u> <u>5.556</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
54.25-55.78 GHz	54.25-55.78 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
INTER-SATELLITE <b>5.556A</b>	INTER-SATELLITE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
5.556B			
55.78-56.9 GHz	55.78-56.9 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
FIXED <b>5.557A</b>	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE <b>5.556A</b>	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE <b>5.558</b>	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u><b>5.547</b></u> 5.557			
56.9-57 GHz	56.9-57 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE <b>5.558A</b>	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE <b>5.558</b>	MOBILE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<b>5.547</b> 5.557			



RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
59.3-64 GHz	59.3-64 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED INTER-SATELLITE	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE <b>5.558</b>	INTER-SATELLITE		
RADIOLOCATION <u>5.559</u>	MOBILE		
<u>5.138</u>	RADIOLOCATION		
	BHR4		
64-65 GHz	64-65 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
<u>5.547 5.556</u>	BHR4		
65-66 GHz	65-66 GHz	FIXED	
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE		
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
SPACE RESEARCH	SPACE RESEARCH		
<u>5.547</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
66-71 GHz	66-71 GHz		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE <b>5.553 5.558</b>	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE	MOBILE-SATELLITE		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE		
<u>5.554</u>			
71-74 GHz	71-74 GHz	FIXED	Paired with 81 - 86 GHz
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
74-76 GHz	74-76 GHz	FIXED	Paired with 81 - 86 GHz
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
BROADCASTING	BROADCASTING		
BROADCASTING-SATELLITE	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE		
Space research (space-to-Earth)	Space research (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.561</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
76-77.5 GHz	76-77.5 GHz		Maximum power for
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
Amateur	Amateur BHR2		
Amateur-satellite	Amateur-satellite		
Space research (space-to-Earth)	Space research (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
77.5-78 GHz	77.5-78 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
RADIOLOCATION <u>5.559B</u>	RADIOLOCATION		
Radio astronomy	Radio astronomy		
Space research (space-to-Earth)	Space research (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
78-79 GHz	78-79 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		(e.i.r.p).
Amateur	Amateur BHR2		
Amateur-satellite	Amateur-satellite		
Radio astronomy	Radio astronomy		
Space research (space-to-Earth)	Space research (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.560</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
79-81 GHz	79-81 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		(e.i.r.p).
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
Amateur	Amateur <b>BHR2</b>		
Amateur-satellite	Amateur-satellite		
Space research (space-to-Earth)	Space research (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
81-84 GHz	81-84 GHz	FIXED	Paired with 71 - 76 GHz
FIXED <b>5.338A</b>	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
Space research (space-to-Earth)	Space research (space-to-Earth)		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.561A</u>	BHR4		
84-86 GHz	84-86 GHz	FIXED	Paired with 71 - 76 GHz
FIXED <b>5.338A</b>	FIXED BHR3		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.561B	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
86-92 GHz	86-92 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			
92-94 GHz	92-94 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED <b>5.338A</b>	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<u>5.149</u>			
94-94.1 GHz	94-94.1 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	SPACE RESEARCH (active)		
Radio astronomy	Radio astronomy		
<u>5.562</u> <u>5.562A</u>			
94.1-95 GHz	94.1-95 GHz	FIXED	
FIXED	FIXED BHR3		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<u>5.149</u>			



RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
109.5-111.8 GHz	109.5-111.8 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u> <u>5.341</u>			
111.8-114.25 GHz	111.8-114.25 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <b>5.562B</b>	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.341</u>			
114.25-116 GHz	114.25-116 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u> <u>5.341</u>			
116-119.98 GHz	116-119.98 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
INTER-SATELLITE <u><b>5.562C</b></u>	INTER-SATELLITE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.341</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
119.98-122.25 GHz	119.98-122.25 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
INTER-SATELLITE <b>5.562C</b>	INTER-SATELLITE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.138</u> <u>5.341</u>	BHR4		
122.25-123 GHz	122.25-123 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
FIXED	FIXED		(e.i.r.p).
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE <b>5.558</b>	MOBILE		
Amateur	Amateur <b>BHR2</b>		
<u>5.138</u>	BHR4		
123-130 GHz	123-130 GHz		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE		
Radio astronomy 5.562D	Radio astronomy		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.554</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's  National Frequency  Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
130-134 GHz	130-134 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) <u><b>5.562E</b></u>	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)		
FIXED	FIXED		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE <u><b>5.558</b></u>	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.562A</u>			
134-136 GHz	134-136 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		(e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
Radio astronomy	Radio astronomy		
136-141 GHz	136-141 GHz		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		(e.i.r.p).
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
Amateur	Amateur BHR2		
Amateur-satellite	Amateur-satellite		
<u>5.149</u>			
141-148.5 GHz	141-148.5 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
5.149			

			V
RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
148.5-151.5 GHz	148.5-151.5 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			
151.5-155.5 GHz	151.5-155.5 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
<u>5.149</u>			
155.5-158.5 GHz	155.5-158.5 GHz		In the band 155.5-158.5
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		GHz, the allocation to the Earth exploration- satellite (passive) and
FIXED	FIXED		space research (passive) services shall
MOBILE	MOBILE		terminate on 1 January 2018
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.562B	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.562F</u> <u>5.562G</u>			
158.5-164 GHz	158.5-164 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
164-167 GHz	164-167 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			
167-174.5 GHz	167-174.5 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE <u><b>5.558</b></u>	MOBILE		
<b>5.149</b> 5.562D			
174.5-174.8 GHz	174.5-174.8 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE <b>5.558</b>	MOBILE		
174.8-182 GHz	174.8-182 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
INTER-SATELLITE <u><b>5.562H</b></u>	INTER-SATELLITE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
182-185 GHz	182-185 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
185-190 GHz	185-190 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
INTER-SATELLITE <b>5.562H</b>	INTER-SATELLITE		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
190-191.8 GHz	190-191.8 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			
191.8-200 GHz	191.8-200 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
INTER-SATELLITE	INTER-SATELLITE		
MOBILE <b>5.558</b>	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE	MOBILE-SATELLITE		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.341</u> <u>5.554</u>			
200-209 GHz	200-209 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u> <u>5.341</u> <u>5.563A</u>			

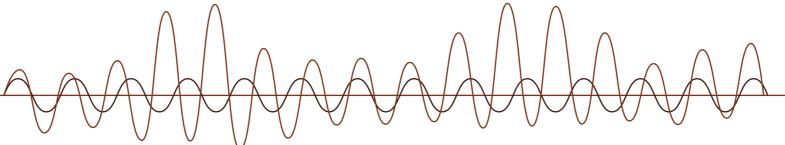
RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
209-217 GHz	209-217 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.341</u>			
217-226 GHz	217-226 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.562B</u>	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.341</u>			
226-231.5 GHz	226-231.5 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340</u>			
231.5-232 GHz	231.5-232 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Radiolocation	Radiolocation		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
232-235 GHz	232-235 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
Radiolocation	Radiolocation		
235-238 GHz	235-238 GHz		The band 237.9-238
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		GHz is also allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		space research service (active) for spaceborne cloud radars only
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		cloud radars offly
<u>5.563A</u> <u>5.563B</u>			
238-240 GHz	238-240 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE		
240-241 GHz	240-241 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
241-248 GHz	241-248 GHz		Maximum power for
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
RADIOLOCATION	RADIOLOCATION		
Amateur	Amateur BHR2		
Amateur-satellite	Amateur-satellite		
<u>5.138</u> <u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
248-250 GHz	248-250 GHz		Maximum power for
AMATEUR	AMATEUR BHR2		Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
AMATEUR-SATELLITE	AMATEUR-SATELLITE		
Radio astronomy	Radio astronomy		
<u>5.149</u>	BHR4		
250-252 GHz	250-252 GHz		
EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
<u>5.340 5.563A</u>			
252-265 GHz	252-265 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION		
RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.554</u>			

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
265-275 GHz	265-275 GHz		
FIXED	FIXED		
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
MOBILE	MOBILE		
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY		
<u>5.149</u> <u>5.563A</u>			
275-3 000 GHz	275-3 000 GHz		
(Not allocated) <u><b>5.565</b></u>	(Not allocated)		

### Annex Glossary of Acronyms, Terms and Definitions



	V
AIS	Automatic Identification System
Appendix 4	Appendix 4 of the Radio Regulations: Consolidated list and tables of characteristics for use in the application of the procedures of Chapter III
Appendix 5	Appendix 5 of the Radio Regulations: Identification of administrations with which
Appendix 3	coordination is to be effected or agreement sought under the provisions of Article 9
Appendix 17	Appendix 17 of the Radio Regulations: Frequencies and channeling arrangements in the high-frequency bands for the maritime mobile service
Annondiv 10	
Appendix 18	Appendix 18 of the Radio Regulations: Table of transmitting frequencies in the VHF maritime mobile band
Appendix 30	Appendix 30 of the Radio Regulations: Provisions for all services and associated plans and list for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 3), 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1) and 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 2)
Appendix 30A	Appendix 30A of the Radio Regulations: Provisions and associated plans and list for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service (11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3) in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, and 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2
Appendix 30B	Appendix 30B of the Radio Regulations: Provisions and associated plan for the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz, 10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz and 12.75-13.25 GHz
Article 5	Article 5 of the Radio Regulations: Frequency allocations
Article 12	Article 12 of the Radio Regulations: Seasonal planning of the high frequency bands allocated to the broadcasting service between 5 900 kHz and 26 100 kHz
Article 23	Article 23 of the Radio Regulations: Broadcasting services
Article 26	Article 26 of the Radio Regulations: Standard frequency and time signal service
Article 31	Article 31 of the Radio Regulations: Frequencies for the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS)
ASMG	Arab Spectrum Management Group
BHR	Bahrain national footnote
BFWA	Broadband Fixed Wireless Access
DAB	Digital Audio Broadcasting
DME	Distance Measuring Equipment
e.i.r.p.	Equivalent isotropically radiated power - the product of the power supplied to the antenna and the antenna gain in a given direction relative to an isotropic antenna (absolute or isotropic gain)
FM	Frequency Modulation
GCC	Gulf Cooperation Council
GHz	Gigahertz (1 000 000 000 Hz)
GMDSS	Global Maritime Distress and Safety System
GPS	Global Positioning System
HAPS	High-Altitude Platform System
HF	High Frequency (Short Wave)
Hz	Hertz, the unit of frequency measurement
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization

IMT	International Mobile Telecommunications
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical applications
ITU	International Telecommunication Union
ITU Geneva 1975	Plan for the assignment of frequencies to broadcasting stations in the medium
plan (GE75)	frequency bands in Regions 1 and 3 and in the low frequency bands in Region 1
ITU Geneva 1984	Frequency assignment plan for FM sound broadcasting stations in Region 1 and part
plan (GE84)	of Region 3 in the band 87.5-108 MHz
ITU Geneva 2006	The Plans for VHF/UHF analogue and digital broadcasting in parts of Regions 1 and
plan (GE06)	3, in the frequency bands 174-230 MHz and 470-862 MHz, Geneva 2006
ITU RR	ITU Radio Regulation
ITU-R	The Radiocommunication Sector of the ITU
kHz	kilohertz (1 000 Hz)
MHz	Megahertz (1 000 000 Hz)
NAVTEX	Navigation Text Messaging system
NFP	National Frequency Plan
PMR	Private (or Professional) Mobile Radio
PPDR	Public Protection and Disaster Relief
SAB	Services Ancillary to Broadcasting
SART	Search and Rescue Transponder
SRD	Short Range Device
sscc	Spectrum Strategy and Coordination Committee (of Bahrain)
TDD	Time Division Duplex
VSAT	Very Small Aperture Terminal
VTS	Vessel Traffic Services
	ı .

### Aeronautical mobile (OR) service

An aeronautical mobile service intended for communications, including those relating to flight coordination, primarily outside national or international civil air routes.

### Aeronautical mobile (R) service

An aeronautical mobile service reserved for communications relating to safety and regularity of flight, primarily along national or international civil air routes.

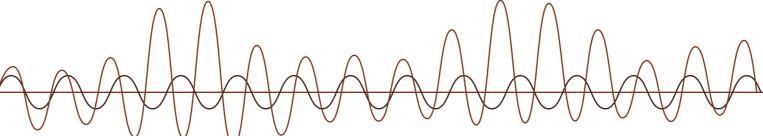
### Aeronautical mobile service

A mobile service between aeronautical stations and aircraft stations, or between aircraft stations, in which survival craft stations may participate; emergency position-indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service on designated distress and emergency frequencies.

### Aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service

An aeronautical mobile-satellite service reserved for communications relating to safety and regularity of flights, primarily along national or international civil air routes.

### Annex Glossary of Acronyms, Terms and Definitions



#### Aeronautical mobile-satellite service

A mobile-satellite service in which mobile earth stations are located on board aircraft; survival craft stations and emergency position-indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service.

### Aeronautical radionavigation service

A radionavigation service intended for the benefit and for the safe operation of aircraft.

### Aeronautical radionavigation-satellite service

A radionavigation-satellite service in which earth stations are located on board aircraft.

#### Amateur service

A radiocommunication service for the purpose of self-training, intercommunication and technical investigations carried out by amateurs, that is, by duly authorized persons interested in radio technique solely with a personal aim and without pecuniary interest.

#### Amateur-satellite service

A radiocommunication service using space stations on earth satellites for the same purposes as those of the amateur service.

### **Broadcasting service**

A radiocommunication service in which the transmissions are intended for direct reception by the general public. This service may include sound transmissions, television transmissions or other types of transmission.

### **Broadcasting-satellite service**

A radiocommunication service in which signals transmitted or retransmitted by space stations are intended for direct reception by the general public.

In the broadcasting-satellite service, the term "direct reception" shall encompass both individual reception and community reception.

### Deep space

Space at distances from the Earth equal to, or greater than,  $2 \times 106$  km.

### Earth exploration-satellite service

A radiocommunication service between earth stations and one or more space stations, which may include links between space stations, in which:

- information relating to the characteristics of the Earth and its natural phenomena, including data relating to the state of the environment, is obtained from active sensors or passive sensors on Earth satellites:
- similar information is collected from airborne or Earth-based platforms;
- such information may be distributed to earth stations within the system concerned;
- platform interrogation may be included.

This service may also include feeder links necessary for its operation.

### **Fixed service**

A radiocommunication service between specified fixed points.

### **Fixed-satellite service**

A radiocommunication service between earth stations at given positions, when one or more satellites are used; the given position may be a specified fixed point or any fixed point within specified areas; in some cases this service includes satellite-to-satellite links, which may also be operated in the inter-satellite service; the fixed-satellite service may also include feeder links for other space radiocommunication services.

#### Harmful interference

Interference which endangers the functioning of a radionavigation service or of other safety services or seriously degrades, obstructs, or repeatedly interrupts a radiocommunication service operating in accordance with Radio Regulations.

### Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications (of radio frequency energy)

Operation of equipment or appliances designed to generate and use locally radio frequency energy for industrial, scientific, medical, domestic or similar purposes, excluding applications in the field of telecommunications.

### Instrument landing system

A radionavigation system which provides aircraft with horizontal and vertical guidance just before and during landing and, at certain fixed points, indicates the distance to the reference point of landing.

#### Interference

The effect of unwanted energy due to one or a combination of emissions, radiations, or inductions upon reception in a radiocommunication system, manifested by any performance degradation, misinterpretation, or loss of information which could be extracted in the absence of such unwanted energy.

#### Inter-satellite service

A radiocommunication service providing links between artificial satellites.

### Land mobile service

A mobile service between base stations and land mobile stations, or between land mobile stations.

#### Maritime mobile service

A mobile service between coast stations and ship stations, or between ship stations, or between associated on-board communication stations; survival craft stations and emergency position-indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service.

### Maritime mobile-satellite service

A mobile-satellite service in which mobile earth stations are located on board ships; survival craft stations and emergency position-indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service.

### Maritime radionavigation service

A radionavigation service intended for the benefit and for the safe operation of ships.

### Annex Glossary of Acronyms, Terms and Definitions



### Maritime radionavigation-satellite service

A radionavigation-satellite service in which earth stations are located on board ships.

### Meteorological aids service

A radiocommunication service used for meteorological, including hydrological, observations and

### Meteorological-satellite service

An earth exploration-satellite service for meteorological purposes.

#### **Mobile service**

A radiocommunication service between mobile and land stations, or between mobile stations.

#### Mobile-satellite service

A radiocommunication service

- between mobile earth stations and one or more space stations, or between space stations used by this service; or
- between mobile earth stations by means of one or more space stations.

This service may also include feeder links necessary for its operation.

### Radar

A radiodetermination system based on the comparison of reference signals with radio signals reflected, or retransmitted, from the position to be determined.

### Radar beacon (racon)

A transmitter-receiver associated with a fixed navigational mark which, when triggered by a radar, automatically returns a distinctive signal which can appear on the display of the triggering radar, providing range, bearing and identification information.

### Radio astronomy

Astronomy based on the reception of radio waves of cosmic origin.

### Radio astronomy service

A service involving the use of radio astronomy.

### **Radiocommunication service**

A service involving the transmission, emission and/or reception of radio waves for specific telecommunication purposes.

### Radiodetermination

The determination of the position, velocity and/or other characteristics of an object, or the obtaining of information relating to these parameters, by means of the propagation properties of radio waves.

### Radiodetermination service

A radiocommunication service for the purpose of radiodetermination.

#### Radiodetermination-satellite service

A radiocommunication service for the purpose of radiodetermination involving the use of one or more

This service may also include feeder links necessary for its own operation.

#### Radiolocation

Radiodetermination used for purposes other than those of radionavigation.

### **Radiolocation service**

A radiodetermination service for the purpose of radiolocation.

### Radiolocation-satellite service

A radiodetermination-satellite service used for the purpose of radiolocation. This service may also include the feeder links necessary for its operation.

### Radionavigation

Radiodetermination used for the purposes of navigation, including obstruction warning

### **Radionavigation service**

A radiodetermination service for the purpose of radionavigation.

### Radionavigation-satellite service

A radiodetermination-satellite service used for the purpose of radionavigation. This service may also include feeder links necessary for its operation.

### Safety service

Any radiocommunication service used permanently or temporarily for the safeguarding of human life and property.

### Space research service

A radiocommunication service in which spacecraft or other objects in space are used for scientific or technological research purposes.

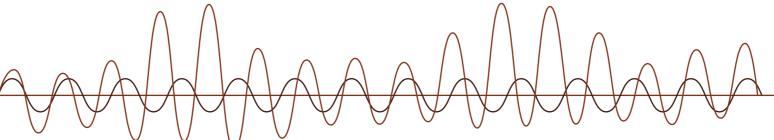
### Space telemetry

The use of telemetry for the transmission from a space station of results of measurements made in a spacecraft, including those relating to the functioning of the spacecraft.

### Standard frequency and time signal service

A radiocommunication service for scientific, technical and other purposes, providing the transmission of specified frequencies, time signals, or both, of stated high precision, intended for general reception.

## Annex Glossary of Acronyms, Terms and Definitions



### Standard frequency and time signal-satellite service

A radiocommunication service using space stations on earth satellites for the same purposes as those of the standard frequency and time signal service.

This service may also include feeder links necessary for its operation.

### **Telecommunication**

Any transmission, emission or reception of signs, signals, writings, images and sounds or intelligence of any nature by wire, radio, optical or other electromagnetic systems.

### Telemetry

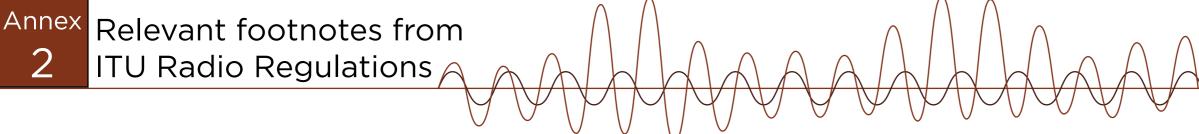
The use of telecommunication for automatically indicating or recording measurements at a distance from the measuring instrument.





- 5.53 Administrations authorizing the use of frequencies below 8.3 kHz shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to services to which the bands above 8.3 kHz are allocated. (WRC-12)
- 5.54 Administrations conducting scientific research using frequencies below 8.3 kHz are urged to advise other administrations that may be concerned in order that such research may be afforded all practicable protection from harmful interference. (WRC-12)
- 5.54A Use of the 8.3-11.3 kHz frequency band by stations in the meteorological aids service is limited to passive use only. In the band 9-11.3 kHz, meteorological aids stations shall not claim protection from stations of the radionavigation service submitted for notification to the Bureau prior to 1 January 2013. For sharing between stations of the meteorological aids service and stations in the radionavigation service submitted for notification after this date, the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RS.1881 should be applied. (WRC-12)
- 5.54B Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan and Tunisia, the frequency band 8.3-9 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation, fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.56 The stations of services to which the bands 14-19.95 kHz and 20.05-70 kHz and in Region 1 also the bands 72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz are allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals. Such stations shall be afforded protection from harmful interference. In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the frequencies 25 kHz and 50 kHz will be used for this purpose under the same conditions. (WRC-12)
- 5.57 The use of the bands 14-19.95 kHz, 20.05-70 kHz and 70-90 kHz (72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz in Region 1) by the maritime mobile service is limited to coast radiotelegraph stations (A1A and F1B only). Exceptionally, the use of class J2B or J7B emissions is authorized subject to the necessary bandwidth not exceeding that normally used for class A1A or F1B emissions in the band concerned.
- 5.60 In the bands 70-90 kHz (70-86 kHz in Region 1) and 110-130 kHz (112-130 kHz in Region 1), pulsed radionavigation systems may be used on condition that they do not cause harmful interference to other services to which these bands are allocated.
- 5.62 Administrations which operate stations in the radionavigation service in the band 90-110 kHz are urged to coordinate technical and operating characteristics in such a way as to avoid harmful interference to the services provided by these stations.

- 5.64 Only classes A1A or F1B, A2C, A3C, F1C or F3C emissions are authorized for stations of the fixed service in the bands allocated to this service between 90 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) and for stations of the maritime mobile service in the bands allocated to this service between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1). Exceptionally, class J2B or J7B emissions are also authorized in the bands between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) for stations of the maritime mobile service.
- 5.67A Stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 135.7-137.8 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 1 W (e.i.r.p.) and shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. 5.67. (WRC-07)
- 5.73 The band 285-325 kHz (283.5-325 kHz in Region 1) in the maritime radionavigation service may be used to transmit supplementary navigational information using narrow-band techniques, on condition that no harmful interference is caused to radiobeacon stations operating in the radionavigation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.74 Additional Allocation: in Region 1, the frequency band 285.3-285.7 kHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service (other than radiobeacons) on a primary basis.
- 5.76 The frequency 410 kHz is designated for radio direction-finding in the maritime radionavigation service. The other radionavigation services to which the band 405-415 kHz is allocated shall not cause harmful interference to radio direction-finding in the band 406.5-413.5 kHz.
- 5.79A When establishing coast stations in the NAVTEX service on the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz and 4 209.5 kHz, administrations are strongly recommended to coordinate the operating characteristics in accordance with the procedures of the International Maritime Organization (IMO) (see Resolution **339 (Rev.WRC-07)**). (WRC-07)
- 5.80A The maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 472-479 kHz shall not exceed 1 W. Administrations may increase this limit of e.i.r.p. to 5 W in portions of their territory which are at a distance of over 800 km from the borders of Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Ukraine and Yemen. In this frequency band, stations in the amateur service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)



- 5.80B The use of the frequency band 472-479 kHz in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen is limited to the maritime mobile and aeronautical radionavigation services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in this frequency band, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use. (WRC-12)
- 5.82 In the maritime mobile service, the frequency 490 kHz is to be used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for use of the frequency 490 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52. In using the frequency band 415-495 kHz for the aeronautical radionavigation service, administrations are requested to ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. In using the frequency band 472-479 kHz for the amateur service, administrations shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. (WRC-12)
- 5.84 The conditions for the use of the frequency 518 kHz by the maritime mobile service are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)
- 5.92 Some countries of Region 1 use radiodetermination systems in the bands 1606.5-1625 kHz, 1 635-1 800 kHz, 1 850-2 160 kHz, 2 194-2 300 kHz, 2 502-2 850 kHz and 3 500-3 800 kHz, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. The radiated mean power of these stations shall not exceed 50 W.
- 5.99 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Austria, Iraq, Libya, Uzbekistan, Slovakia, Romania, Slovenia, Chad, and Togo, the band 1810-1830 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.100 In Region 1, the authorization to use the band 1 810-1 830 kHz by the amateur service in countries situated totally or partially north of 40° N shall be given only after consultation with the countries mentioned in Nos. 5.98 and 5.99 to define the necessary steps to be taken to prevent harmful interference between amateur stations and stations of other services operating in accordance with Nos. 5.98 and 5.99.
- 5.103 In Region 1, in making assignments to stations in the fixed and mobile services in the bands 1850-2045 kHz, 2194-2498 kHz, 2502-2625 kHz and 2650-2850 kHz, administrations should bear in mind the special requirements of the maritime mobile service.
- 5.104 In Region 1, the use of the band 2 025-2 045 kHz by the meteorological aids service is limited to oceanographic buoy stations.

- 5.107 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Iraq, Libya, Somalia and Swaziland, the band 2 160-2 170 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. The mean power of stations in these services shall not exceed 50 W. (WRC-12)
- 5.108 The carrier frequency 2 182 kHz is an international distress and calling frequency for radiotelephony. The conditions for the use of the band 2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)
- 5.109 The frequencies 2 187.5 kHz, 4 207.5 kHz, 6 312 kHz, 8 414.5 kHz, 12 577 kHz and 16 804.5 kHz are international distress frequencies for digital selective calling. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article 31.
- 5.110 The frequencies 2 174.5 kHz, 4 177.5 kHz, 6 268 kHz, 8 376.5 kHz, 12 520 kHz and 16 695 kHz are international distress frequencies for narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article 31.
- 5.111 The carrier frequencies 2 182 kHz, 3 023 kHz, 5 680 kHz, 8 364 kHz and the frequencies 121.5 MHz, 156.525 MHz, 156.8 MHz and 243 MHz may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31.

The same applies to the frequencies 10 003 kHz, 14 993 kHz and 19 993 kHz, but in each of these cases emissions must be confined in a band of ± 3 kHz about the frequency. (WRC-07)

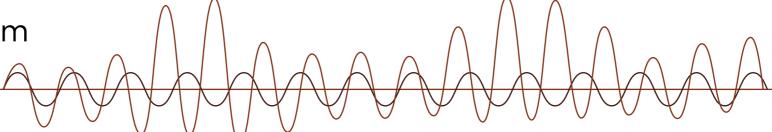
- 5.113 For the conditions for the use of the bands 2 300-2 495 kHz (2 498 kHz in Region 1), 3 200-3 400 kHz, 4 750-4 995 kHz and 5 005-5 060 kHz by the broadcasting service, see Nos. **5.16** to **5.20**, **5.21** and **23.3** to **23.10**.
- 5.115 The carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz may also be used, in accordance with Article 31, by stations of the maritime mobile service engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations. (WRC-07)
- 5.116 Administrations are urged to authorize the use of the band 3 155-3 195 kHz to provide a common worldwide channel for low power wireless hearing aids. Additional channels for these devices may be assigned by administrations in the bands between 3 155 kHz and 3 400 kHz to suit local needs.

It should be noted that frequencies in the range 3 000 kHz to 4 000 kHz are suitable for hearing aid devices which are designed to operate over short distances within the induction field.

5.127 The use of the band 4 000-4 063 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to ship stations using radiotelephony (see No. 52.220 and Appendix 17).

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## Annex Relevant footnotes from ITU Radio Regulations



5.137

- 5.130 The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 4 125 kHz and 6 215 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)
- 5.131 The frequency 4 209.5 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing techniques. (WRC-97)
- 5.132 The frequencies 4 210 kHz, 6 314 kHz, 8 416.5 kHz, 12 579 kHz, 16 806.5 kHz, 19 680.5 kHz. 22 376 kHz and 26 100.5 kHz are the international frequencies for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (see Appendix 17).
- 5.132A Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed or mobile services. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution **612 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)
- 5.133B Stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 15 W (e.i.r.p.). However, in Region 2 in Mexico, stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 20 W (e.i.r.p.). In the following Region 2 countries: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Dominica, El Salvador, Ecuador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Lucia, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela, as well as the overseas territories of the Netherlands in Region 2, stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 25 W (e.i.r.p.). (WRC-15)
- 5.134 The use of the bands 5 900-5 950 kHz, 7 300-7 350 kHz, 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 13 570-13 600 kHz, 13 800-13 870 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz by the broadcasting service is subject to the application of the procedure of Article 12. Administrations are encouraged to use these bands to facilitate the introduction of digitally modulated emissions in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **517 (Rev.WRC-07)**. (WRC-07)
- 5.136 Additional allocation: frequencies in the band 5 900-5 950 kHz may be used by stations in the following services, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located: fixed service (in all three Regions), land mobile service (in Region 1), mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service (in Regions 2 and 3), on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service, the bands 6 200-6 213.5 kHz and 6 220.5-6 525 kHz may be used exceptionally by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, with a mean power not exceeding 50 W. At the time of notification of these frequencies, the attention of the Bureau will be drawn to the above conditions.

5.138 The following bands:

> 6 765-6 795 kHz (centre frequency 6 780 kHz),

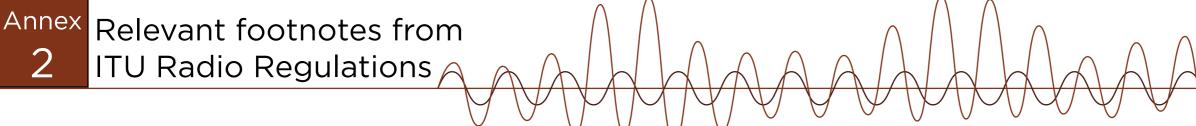
433.05-434.79 MHz (centre frequency 433.92 MHz) in Region 1 except in the

countries mentioned in No. 5.280,

61-61.5 GHz (centre frequency 61.25 GHz), 122-123 GHz (centre frequency 122.5 GHz), and 244-246 GHz (centre frequency 245 GHz)

are designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. The use of these frequency bands for ISM applications shall be subject to special authorization by the administration concerned, in agreement with other administrations whose radiocommunication services might be affected. In applying this provision, administrations shall have due regard to the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations.

- 5.141B Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Bahrain, Botswana, BruneiDarussalam, China, Comoros, Korea (Rep. of), Diego Garcia, Djibouti, Egypt, United ArabEmirates, Eritrea, Guinea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, New Zealand, Oman, Papua New Guinea, Qatar, the SyrianArab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band7 100-7 200 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.143 Additional allocation: frequencies in the band 7 300-7 350 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the land mobile service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)
- 5.143B In Region 1, frequencies in the band 7 350-7 450 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed and land mobile services communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. The total radiated power of each station shall not exceed 24 dBW. (WRC-12)



5.143C Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger,

Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, the bands 7 350-7 400 kHz and 7 400-7 450 kHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

- The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 8 291 kHz, 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz 5.145 are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52. (WRC-07)
- 5.145A Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed service. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution 612 **(Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)
- 5.146 Additional allocation: frequencies in the bands 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in the fixed service, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)
- 5.147 On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service, frequencies in the bands 9 775-9 900 kHz, 11 650-11 700 kHz and 11 975-12 050 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, each station using a total radiated power not exceeding 24 dBW.

5.149 In making assignments to stations of other services to which the bands:

13 360-13 410 kHz,	4 950-4 990 MHz,	102-109.5 GHz,
25 550-25 670 kHz,	4 990-5 000 MHz,	111.8-114.25 GHz,
37.5-38.25 MHz,	6 650-6 675.2 MHz,	128.33-128.59 GHz,
73-74.6 MHz in Regions 1 and 3,	10.6-10.68 GHz,	129.23-129.49 GHz,
150.05-153 MHz in Region 1,	14.47-14.5 GHz,	130-134 GHz,
322-328.6 MHz,	22.01-22.21 GHz,	136-148.5 GHz,
406.1-410 MHz,	22.21-22.5 GHz,	151.5-158.5 GHz,
608-614 MHz in Regions 1 and 3,	22.81-22.86 GHz,	168.59-168.93 GHz,
1 330-1 400 MHz,	23.07-23.12 GHz,	171.11-171.45 GHz,
1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz,	31.2-31.3 GHz,	172.31-172.65 GHz,
1 660-1 670 MHz,	31.5-31.8 GHz in Regions 1 and 3,	173.52-173.85 GHz,
1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz,	36.43-36.5 GHz,	195.75-196.15 GHz,
2 655-2 690 MHz,	42.5-43.5 GHz,	209-226 GHz,
3 260-3 267 MHz,	48.94-49.04 GHz,	241-250 GHz,
3 332-3 339 MHz,	76-86 GHz,	252-275 GHz
3 345.8-3 352.5 MHz,	92-94 GHz,	
4 825-4 835 MHz,	94.1-100 GHz,	

are allocated, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service from harmful interference. Emissions from spaceborne or airborne stations can be particularly serious sources of interference to the radio astronomy service (see Nos. **4.5** and **4.6** and Article **29**). (WRC-07)

#### 5.150 The following bands:

13 553-13 567 kHz	(centre frequency 13 560 kHz),
26 957-27 283 kHz	(centre frequency 27 120 kHz),
40.66-40.70 MHz	(centre frequency 40.68 MHz),
902-928 MHz	in Region 2 (centre frequency 915 MHz),
2 400-2 500 MHz	(centre frequency 2 450 MHz),
5 725-5 875 MHz	(centre frequency 5 800 MHz), and
24-24.25 GHz	(centre frequency 24.125 GHz)

are also designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. Radiocommunication services operating within these bands must accept harmful interference which may be caused by these applications. ISM equipment operating in these bands is subject to the provisions of No. 15.13.



5.151 Additional allocation: frequencies in the bands 13 570-13 600 kHz and 13 800-13 870 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on the condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting

service. When using frequencies in these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

- 5.155B The band 21 870-21 924 kHz is used by the fixed service for provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.
- 5.156A The use of the band 23 200-23 350 kHz by the fixed service is limited to provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.
- 5.157 The use of the band 23 350-24 000 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to inter-ship radiotelegraphy.
- 5.180 The frequency 75 MHz is assigned to marker beacons. Administrations shall refrain from assigning frequencies close to the limits of the guardband to stations of other services which, because of their power or geographical position, might cause harmful interference or otherwise place a constraint on marker beacons.

Every effort should be made to improve further the characteristics of airborne receivers and to limit the power of transmitting stations close to the limits 74.8 MHz and 75.2 MHz.

5.197A Additional allocation: the band 108-117.975 MHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the aeronautical mobile (R) service, limited to systems operating in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 413 (Rev.WRC-07)\*. The use of the band 108-112 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service shall be limited to systems composed of ground-based transmitters and associated receivers that provide navigational information in support of air

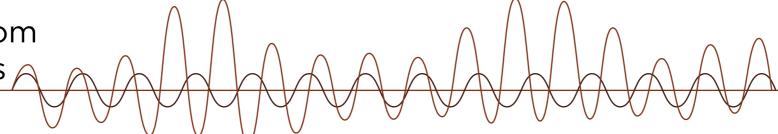
\* Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 5.200 In the band 117.975-137 MHz, the frequency 121.5 MHz is the aeronautical emergency frequency and, where required, the frequency 123.1 MHz is the aeronautical frequency auxiliary to 121.5 MHz. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate on these frequencies under the conditions laid down in Article 31 for distress and safety purposes with stations of the aeronautical mobile service. (WRC-07)
  - Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 136-137 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a primary basis. In assigning frequencies to stations of the aeronautical mobile (OR) service, the administration shall take account of the frequencies assigned to stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service. (WRC-15)

5.204 Different category of service: in Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, China, Cuba, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Montenegro, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Serbia, Singapore, Thailand and Yemen, the band 137-138 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-07)

- 5.208 The use of the band 137-138 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-97)
- 5.208A In making assignments to space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the bands 137-138 MHz, 387-390 MHz and 400.15-401 MHz, administrations shall take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the bands 150.05-153 MHz, 322-328.6 MHz, 406.1-410 MHz and 608-614 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions. The threshold levels of interference detrimental to the radio astronomy service are shown in the relevant ITU-R Recommendation. (WRC-07)
- 5.208B\* In the bands: 137-138 MHz. 387-390 MHz, 400.15-401 MHz, 1 452-1 492 MHz, 1 525-1 610 MHz, 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz, 2 655-2 690 MHz, 21.4-22 GHz, Resolution 739 (Rev.WRC-15) applies. (WRC-15)
  - \* This provision was previously numbered as No. **5.347A**. It was renumbered to preserve the sequential order.
- The use of the bands 137-138 MHz, 148-150.05 MHz, 399.9-400.05 MHz, 400.15-401 MHz, 5.209 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to non-geostationary-satellite systems. (WRC-97)
- 5.211 Additional allocation: in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Denmark, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Finland, Greece, Guinea, Ireland, Israel, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Malta, Montenegro, Norway, the Netherlands, Qatar, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Tunisia and Turkey, the frequency band 138-144 MHz is also allocated to the maritime mobile and land mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.202



- 5.218 Additional allocation: the band 148-149.9 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. The bandwidth of any individual transmission shall not exceed ± 25 kHz.
- 5.219 The use of the band 148-149.9 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. The mobile-satellite service shall not constrain the development and use of the fixed, mobile and space operation services in the band 148-149.9 MHz.
- 5.220 The use of the bands 149.9-150.05 MHz and 399.9-400.05 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. (WRC-15)
- 5.221 Stations of the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed or mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations in the following countries: Albania, Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Cyprus, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Spain, Estonia, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Mozambique, Namibia, Norway, New Zealand, Oman, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, the Netherlands, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, Romania, the United Kingdom, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe. (WRC-15)

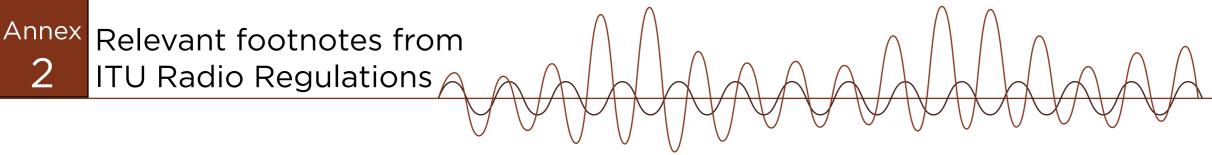
5.226 The frequency 156.525 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service using digital selective calling (DSC). The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.4875-156.5625 MHz are contained in Articles 31 and 52, and in Appendix 18.

> The frequency 156.8 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service. The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.7625-156.8375 MHz are contained in Article 31 and Appendix 18. In the bands 156-156.4875 MHz, 156.5625-156.7625 MHz, 156.8375-157.45 MHz, 160.6-160.975 MHz and 161.475-162.05 MHz, each administration shall give priority to the maritime mobile service on only such frequencies as are assigned to stations of the maritime mobile service by the administration (see Articles 31 and 52, and Appendix 18). Any use of frequencies in these bands by stations of other services to which they are allocated should be avoided in areas where such use might cause harmful interference to the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service.

> However, the frequencies 156.8 MHz and 156.525 MHz and the frequency bands in which priority is given to the maritime mobile service may be used for radiocommunications on inland waterways subject to agreement between interested and affected administrations and taking into account current frequency usage and existing agreements. (WRC-07)

- 5.227 Additional allocation: the bands 156.4875-156.5125 MHz and 156.5375-156.5625 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis. The use of these bands by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service. (WRC-07)
- 5.228 The use of the frequency bands 156.7625-156.7875 MHz and 156.8125-156.8375 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system (AIS) emissions of long-range AIS broadcast messages (Message 27, see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1371). With the exception of AIS emissions, emissions in these frequency bands by systems operating in the maritime mobile service for communications shall not exceed 1 W. (WRC-12)
- 5.228A The frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz may be used by aircraft stations for the purpose of search and rescue operations and other safety-related communications. (WRC-12)
- 5.228B The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)
- 5.228F The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system emissions from stations operating in the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)
- 5.228AA The use of the frequency bands 161.9375-161.9625 MHz and 161.9875-162.0125 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) service is limited to the systems which operate in accordance with Appendix 18. (WRC-15)

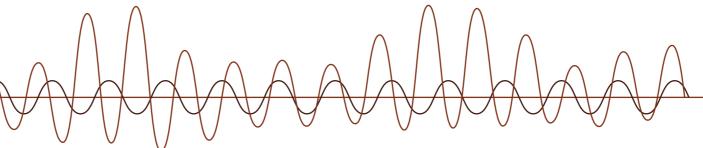




- 5.247 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Oman, Qatar and Syrian Arab Republic, the band 223-235 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.
- 5.254 The bands 235-322 MHz and 335.4-399.9 MHz may be used by the mobile-satellite service, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21, on condition that stations in this service do not cause harmful interference to those of other services operating or planned to be operated in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations except for the additional allocation made in footnote No. **5.256A**. (WRC-03)
- 5.255 The bands 312-315 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 387-390 MHz (space-to-Earth) in the mobile-satellite service may also be used by non-geostationary-satellite systems. Such use is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A.
- 5.256 The frequency 243 MHz is the frequency in this band for use by survival craft stations and equipment used for survival purposes. (WRC-07)
- 5.257 The band 267-272 MHz may be used by administrations for space telemetry in their countries on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.
- 5.258 The use of the band 328.6-335.4 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Instrument Landing Systems (glide path).
- 5.261 Emissions shall be confined in a band of  $\pm 25$  kHz about the standard frequency 400.1 MHz.
- 5.262 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Botswana, Colombia, Cuba, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Liberia, Malaysia, Moldova, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Somalia, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 400.05-401 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.263 The band 400.15-401 MHz is also allocated to the space research service in the space-to-space direction for communications with manned space vehicles. In this application, the space research service will not be regarded as a safety service.
- 5.264 The use of the band 400.15-401 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. The power flux-density limit indicated in Annex 1 of Appendix 5 shall apply until such time as a competent world radiocommunication conference revises
- 5.265 In the frequency band 403-410 MHz, Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) applies. (WRC-15)

- 5.266 The use of the band 406-406.1 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to low power satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacons (see also Article 31). (WRC-07)
- 5.267 Any emission capable of causing harmful interference to the authorized uses of the band 406-406.1 MHz is prohibited.
- 5.268 Use of the band 410-420 MHz by the space research service is limited to space-to-space communication links with an orbiting, manned space vehicle. The power flux-density at the surface of the Earth produced by emissions from transmitting stations of the space research service (space-to-space) in the frequency band 410-420 MHz shall not exceed -153 dB(W/m²) for 0°≤δ≤5°, -153° 0.077 (δ-5) dB(W/m²) for 5°≤δ≤70° and -148 dB(W/ m²) for  $70^{\circ} \le \delta \le 90^{\circ}$  where  $\delta$  is the angle of arrival of the radio-frequency wave and the reference bandwidth is 4 kHz. In this frequency band, stations of the space research service (space-tospace) shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations of fixed and mobile services. No. 4.10 does not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.276 Additional allocation: in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey and Yemen, the frequency band 430-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and the frequency bands 430-435 MHz and 438-440 MHz are also allocated, except in Ecuador, to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.279A The use of the frequency band 432-438 MHz by sensors in the Earth explorationsatellite service (active) shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R RS.1260-1. Additionally, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) in the frequency band 432-438 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in China. The provisions of this footnote in no way diminish the obligation of the Earth explorationsatellite service (active) to operate as a secondary service in accordance with Nos. 5.29 and **5.30**. (WRC-15)
- 5.282 In the bands 435-438 MHz, 1 260-1 270 MHz, 2 400-2 450 MHz, 3 400-3 410 MHz (in Regions 2 and 3 only) and 5 650-5 670 MHz, the amateur-satellite service may operate subject to not causing harmful interference to other services operating in accordance with the Table (see No. **5.43**). Administrations authorizing such use shall ensure that any harmful interference caused by emissions from a station in the amateur-satellite service is immediately eliminated in accordance with the provisions of No. 25.11. The use of the bands 1 260-1 270 MHz and 5 650-5 670 MHz by the amateur-satellite service is limited to the Earth-to-space direction.





- 5.286 The band 449.75-450.25 MHz may be used for the space operation service (Earth-to-space) and the space research service (Earth-to-space), subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.
- 5.286A The use of the bands 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. (WRC-97)
- 5.286AA The band 450-470 MHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International MobileTelecommunications (IMT). See Resolution 224 (Rev.WRC-15). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)
- 5.287 Use of the frequency bands 457.5125-457.5875 MHz and 467.5125-467.5875 MHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to on-board communication stations. The characteristics of the equipment and the channelling arrangement shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1174-3. The use of these frequency bands in territorial waters is subject to the national regulations of the administration concerned. (WRC-15)
- 5.289 Earth exploration-satellite service applications, other than the meteorological-satellite service, may also be used in the bands 460-470 MHz and 1 690-1 710 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions subject to not causing harmful interference to stations operating in accordance with the Table.
- 5.294 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Israel, Libya, the Syrian Arab Republic, Chad and Yemen, the band 470-582 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)
  - Additional allocation: in Albania, Germany, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Vatican, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Hungary, Iraq, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Moldova, Monaco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Uganda, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom, Rwanda, San Marino, Serbia, Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 470-694 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the land mobile service, intended for applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making. Stations of the land mobile service in the countries listed in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to existing or planned stations operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those listed in this footnote. (WRC-15)

- 5.300 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Israel, Jordan, Libya, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, and Sudan, the band 582-790 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.311A For the frequency band 620-790 MHz, see also Resolution **549 (WRC-07)**. (WRC-07)
- 5.312A In Region 1, the use of the band 694-790 MHz by the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to the provisions of Resolution 760 (WRC-15). See also Resolution 224 (Rev.WRC-15). (WRC-15)
- 5.316B In Region 1, the allocation to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service in the frequency band 790-862 MHz is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation service in countries mentioned in No. 5.312. For countries party to the GEO6 Agreement, the use of stations of the mobile service is also subject to the successful application of the procedures of that Agreement. Resolutions 224 (Rev.WRC-15) and 749 (Rev.WRC-15) shall apply, as appropriate. (WRC-15)
- 5.317A The parts of the frequency band 698-960 MHz in Region 2 and the frequency bands 694-790 MHz in Region 1 and 790-960 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 which are allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) - see Resolutions 224 (Rev.WRC-15), 760 (WRC-15) and 749 (Rev.WRC-15), where applicable. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)
- 5.327A The use of the frequency band 960-1 164 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 417 (Rev.WRC-15). (WRC-15)
- 5.328 The use of the band 960-1 215 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved on a worldwide basis for the operation and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based facilities. (WRC-2000)
- 5.328A Stations in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 164-1 215 MHz shall operate in accordance with the provisions of Resolution 609 (Rev.WRC-07) and shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 960-1 215 MHz. No. **5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **21.18** shall apply. (WRC-07)

5.296



5.328AA

The frequency band 1 087.7-1 092.3 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobilesatellite (R) service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, limited to the space station reception of Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) emissions from aircraft transmitters that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service shall not claim protection from stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. Resolution **425 (WRC-15)** shall apply. (WRC-15)

5.328B

The use of the bands 1 164-1 300 MHz, 1 559-1 610 MHz and 5 010-5 030 MHz by systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, is received by the Radiocommunication Bureau after 1 January 2005 is subject to the application of the provisions of Nos. 9.12, 9.12A and 9.13. Resolution 610 (WRC-03) shall also apply; however, in the case of radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) networks and systems, Resolution 610 (WRC-03) shall only apply to transmitting space stations. In accordance with No. 5.329A, for systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz, the provisions of Nos. 9.7, 9.12, 9.12A and 9.13 shall only apply with respect to other systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space). (WRC-07)

5.329

Use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to, and no protection is claimed from, the radionavigation service authorized under No. 5.331. Furthermore, the use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to the radiolocation service. No. 5.43 shall not apply in respect of the radiolocation service. Resolution **608 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-03)

5.329A

Use of systems in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) operating in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz is not intended to provide safety service applications, and shall not impose any additional constraints on radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) systems or on other services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations. (WRC-07)

5.330

Additional allocation: in Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, China, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.331

Additional allocation: in Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Korea (Rep. of), Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey, Venezuela and Viet Nam, the band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. In Canada and the United States, the band 1 240-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service, and use of the radionavigation service shall be limited to the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)

5.332

In the band 1 215-1 260 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service, the radionavigation-satellite service and other services allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)

5.335A

In the band 1 260-1 300 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service and other services allocated by footnotes on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)

5.337

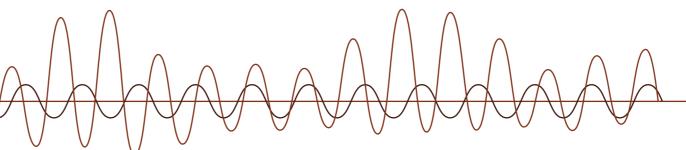
The use of the bands 1 300-1 350 MHz, 2 700-2 900 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is restricted to ground-based radars and to associated airborne transponders which transmit only on frequencies in these bands and only when actuated by radars operating in the same band.

5.337A

The use of the band 1 300-1 350 MHz by earth stations in the radionavigation-satellite service and by stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the operation and development of, the aeronautical-radionavigation service. (WRC-2000)

5.341A

In Region 1, the frequency bands 1 427-1 452 MHz and 1 492-1 518 MHz are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15). This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of IMT stations is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. 5.342. (WRC-15)



5.346

- In the frequency bands 1 350-1 400 MHz, 1 427-1 452 MHz, 22.55-23.55 GHz, 30-31.3 GHz, 5.338A 49.7-50.2 GHz, 50.4-50.9 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 81-86 GHz and 92-94 GHz, Resolution 750 (Rev.WRC-15) applies. (WRC-15)
- 5.339 The bands 1 370-1 400 MHz, 2 640-2 655 MHz, 4 950-4 990 MHz and 15.20-15.35 GHz are also allocated to the space research (passive) and Earth exploration-satellite (passive) services on a secondary basis.
- 5.340 All emissions are prohibited in the following bands:

200-209 GHz,

226-231.5 GHz.

250-252 GHz.

1 400-1 427 MHz. 2 690-2 700 MHz, except those provided for by No. 5.422, 10.68-10.7 GHz. except those provided for by No. 5.483, 15.35-15.4 GHz, except those provided for by No. 5.511, 23.6-24 GHz. 31.3-31.5 GHz, 31.5-31.8 GHz, in Region 2. 48.94-49.04 GHz. from airborne stations 50.2-50.4 GHz<sup>1</sup>, 52.6-54.25 GHz. 86-92 GHz, 100-102 GHz, 109.5-111.8 GHz. 114.25-116 GHz. 148.5-151.5 GHz, 164-167 GHz. 182-185 GHz, 190-191.8 GHz,

1 **5.340.1** The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and the space research service (passive) in the band 50.2-50.4 GHz should not impose undue constraints on the use of the adjacent bands by the primary allocated services in those bands. (WRC-97)

5.341 In the bands 1 400-1 727 MHz, 101-120 GHz and 197-220 GHz, passive research is being conducted by some countries in a programme for the search for intentional emissions of extraterrestrial origin.

(WRC-03)

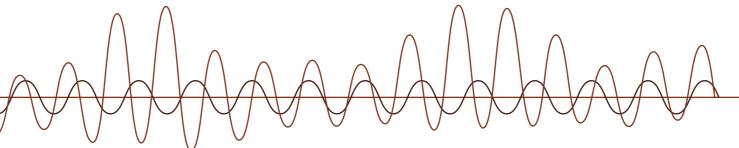
5.345 Use of the band 1 452-1 492 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service, and by the broadcasting service, is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution 528 (WARC-92)\*.

\* Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-03.

In Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte dylvoire, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Lebanon, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Palestine, Qatar, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Senegal, Seychelles, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia, and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz is identified for use by administrations listed above wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15).

This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. 5.342. See also Resolution 761 (WRC-**15)**. (WRC-15)

- 5.348 The use of the band 1518-1525 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from the stations in the fixed service. No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.348A In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, the coordination threshold in terms of the power flux-density levels at the surface of the Earth in application of No. 9.11A for space stations in the mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) service, with respect to the land mobile service use for specialized mobile radios or used in conjunction with public switched telecommunication networks (PSTN) operating within the territory of Japan, shall be -150 dB(W/m2) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival, instead of those given in Table 5-2 of Appendix 5. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the mobile service in the territory of Japan. No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.348B In the band 1518-1525 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from aeronautical mobile telemetry stations in the mobile service in the territory of the United States (see Nos. 5.343 and 5.344) and in the countries listed in No. 5.342. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)



- 5.349 Different category of service: in Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Cameroon, Egypt, France, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the allocation of the band 1 525-1 530 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-07)
- 5.351 The bands 1 525-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz shall not be used for feeder links of any service. In exceptional circumstances, however, an earth station at a specified fixed point in any of the mobile-satellite services may be authorized by an administration to communicate via space stations using these bands.
- 5.351A For the use of the bands 1518-1544 MHz, 1545-1559 MHz, 1610-1645.5 MHz, 1646.5-1660.5 MHz, 1 668-1 675 MHz, 1 980-2 010 MHz, 2 170-2 200 MHz, 2 483.5-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz by the mobile-satellite service, see Resolutions 212 (Rev.WRC-07) and 225 (Rev. **WRC-07)**\*. (WRC-07)

- 5.352A In the frequency band 1525-1530 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service, except stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed service in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, France and French overseas communities of Region 3, Guinea, India, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kuwait, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Viet Nam and Yemen notified prior to 1 April 1998. (WRC-15)
- 5.353A In applying the procedures of Section II of Article 9 to the mobile-satellite service in the bands 1530-1544 MHz and 1626.5-1645.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS). Maritime mobile-satellite distress, urgency and safety communications shall have priority access and immediate availability over all other mobile satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, distress, urgency and safety communications of the GMDSS. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution **222 (WRC-2000)**\* shall apply.) (WRC-2000)

- 5.354 The use of the bands 1 525-1 559 MHz and 1 626.5-1 660.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite services is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A.
- 5.355 Additional allocation: in Bahrain, Bangladesh, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the bands 1 540-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

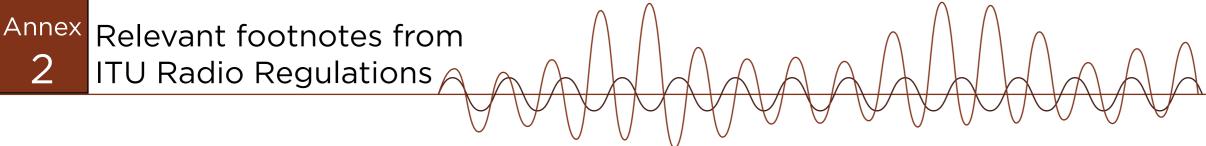
- 5.356 The use of the band 1 544-1 545 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article 31).
- 5.357A In applying the procedures of Section II of Article 9 to the mobile-satellite service in the frequency bands 1 545-1 555 MHz and 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements of the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service providing transmission of messages with priority 1 to 6 in Article 44. Aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article 44 shall have priority access and immediate availability, by pre-emption if necessary, over all other mobile-satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, aeronautical mobilesatellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article 44. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution 222 (Rev.WRC-12) shall apply.) (WRC-12)
- 5.359 Additional allocation: in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Benin, Cameroon, the Russian Federation, France, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lithuania, Mauritania, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Romania, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 1 550-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Administrations are urged to make all practicable efforts to avoid the implementation of new fixed-service stations in these frequency bands. (WRC-15)
- 5.364 The use of the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and by the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. A mobile earth station operating in either of the services in this band shall not produce a peak e.i.r.p. density in excess of -15 dB(W/4 kHz) in the part of the band used by systems operating in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.366 (to which No. 4.10 applies), unless otherwise agreed by the affected administrations. In the part of the band where such systems are not operating, the mean e.i.r.p. density of a mobile earth station shall not exceed -3 dB(W/4 kHz). Stations of the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.366 and stations in the fixed service operating in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.359. Administrations responsible for the coordination of mobile-satellite networks shall make all practicable efforts to ensure protection of stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.366.
- 5.365 The use of the band 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A.
  - The band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is reserved on a worldwide basis for the use and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based or satellite-borne facilities. Such satellite use is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.

5.366

<sup>\*</sup> Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

<sup>\*</sup> Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.



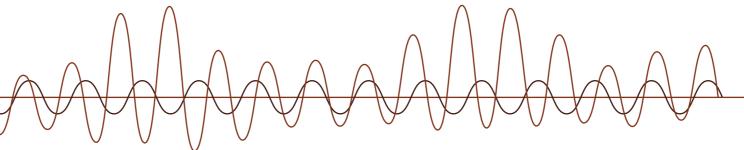


- 5.367 Additional allocation: The frequency band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. (WRC-12) 5.368 With respect to the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services the provisions of No. 4.10 do not apply in the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz, with the exception of the aeronautical radionavigation-satellite service. 5.371 Additional allocation: in Region 1, the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz (Earth-to-space) is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. (WRC-12) 5.372 Harmful interference shall not be caused to stations of the radio astronomy service using the band 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz by stations of the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services (No. 29.13 applies). 5.374 Mobile earth stations in the mobile-satellite service operating in the bands 1 631.5-1 634.5 MHz and 1 656.5-1 660 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the fixed service operating in the countries listed in No. **5.359**. (WRC-97) 5.375 The use of the band 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and for inter-satellite links is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article 31). 5.376 Transmissions in the band 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz from aircraft stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service directly to terrestrial aeronautical stations, or between aircraft stations, are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the aircraft-to-satellite links. 5.376A Mobile earth stations operating in the band 1 660-1 660.5 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the radio astronomy service. (WRC-97) 5.379A Administrations are urged to give all practicable protection in the band 1660.5-1668.4 MHz for future research in radio astronomy, particularly by eliminating air-to-ground transmissions in the meteorological aids service in the band 1 664.4-1 668.4 MHz as soon as practicable. 5.379B The use of the band 1 668-1 675 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. In the band 1 668-1 668.4 MHz, Resolution 904 (WRC-07) shall apply. (WRC-07) 5.379C In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 1 668-1 670 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density values produced by mobile earth stations in a network of the mobile-satellite service operating in this band shall not exceed -181 dB(W/m2) in 10 MHz and 194 dB(W/m²) in any 20 kHz at any radio astronomy station recorded in the Master International Frequency Register, for more than 2% of integration periods of
- 5.379D For sharing of the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz between the mobile-satellite service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution **744 (Rev.WRC-07)** shall apply. (WRC-07)
  - In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the meteorological aids service in China, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan and Uzbekistan. In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, administrations are urged not to implement new systems in the meteorological aids service and are encouraged to migrate existing meteorological aids service operations to other bands as soon as practicable. (WRC-03)
- 5.380A In the band 1 670-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the development of, existing earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service notified before 1 January 2004. Any new assignment to these earth stations in this band shall also be protected from harmful interference from stations in the mobile-satellite service. (WRC-07)
- 5.382 Different category of service: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33), and in the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33) and to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.384A The frequency bands 1710-1885 MHz, 2300-2400 MHz or 2500-2690 MHz, and portions thereof, are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev. WRC-15). This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)
- 5.385 Additional allocation: the band 1718.8-1722.2 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a secondary basis for spectral line observations. (WRC-2000)
  - The frequency bands 1 885-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 200 MHz are intended for use, on a worldwide basis, by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). Such use does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by other services to which they are allocated. The frequency bands should be made available for IMT in accordance with Resolution 212 (Rev.WRC-15) (see also Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15)). (WRC-15)

2 000 s. (WRC-03)

5.388

5.379E



5.388A

In Regions 1 and 3, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz, 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 170 MHz and, in Region 2, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz and 2 110-2 160 MHz may be used by high altitude platform stations as base stations to provide International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT), in accordance with Resolution 221 (Rev.WRC-07). Their use by IMT applications using high altitude platform stations as base stations does not preclude the use of these bands by any station in the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-12)

5.388B

In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, China, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Senegal, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe, for the purpose of protecting fixed and mobile services, including IMT mobile stations, in their territories from co-channel interference, a high altitude platform station (HAPS) operating as an IMT base station in neighbouring countries, in the bands referred to in No. 5.388A, shall not exceed a co-channel power flux-density of -127 dB(W/(m2 · MHz)) at the Earth's surface outside a country's borders unless explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of the notification of HAPS. (WRC-12)

5.389A

The use of the bands 1 980-2 010 MHz and 2 170-2 200 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A and to the provisions of Resolution 716 (Rev. **WRC-2000)**\*. (WRC-07)

\* Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

5.389E

The use of the bands 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 160-2 170 MHz by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3.

5.391

In making assignments to the mobile service in the frequency bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, administrations shall not introduce high-density mobile systems, as described in Recommendation ITU-R SA.1154-0, and shall take that Recommendation into account for the introduction of any other type of mobile system. (WRC-15)

5.392

Administrations are urged to take all practicable measures to ensure that space-to-space transmissions between two or more non-geostationary satellites, in the space research, space operations and Earth exploration-satellite services in the bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, shall not impose any constraints on Earth-to-space, space-to-Earth and other space-to-space transmissions of those services and in those bands between geostationary and non-geostationary satellites.

5.398

In respect of the radiodetermination-satellite service in the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz, the provisions of No. 4.10 do not apply.

5.402 The use of the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz by the mobile-satellite and the radiodetermination-satellite services is subject to the coordination under No. 9.11A. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to prevent harmful interference to the radio astronomy service from emissions in the 2 483.5-2 500 MHz band, especially those caused by second-harmonic radiation that would fall into the 4 990-5 000 MHz band

allocated to the radio astronomy service worldwide.

5.410

The band 2 500-2 690 MHz may be used for tropospheric scatter systems in Region 1, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. No. 9.21 does not apply to tropospheric scatter links situated entirely outside Region 1. Administrations shall make all practicable efforts to avoid developing new tropospheric scatter systems in this band. When planning new tropospheric scatter radio-relay links in this band, all possible measures shall be taken to avoid directing the antennas of these links towards the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-12)

5.413

In the design of systems in the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands between 2 500 MHz and 2 690 MHz, administrations are urged to take all necessary steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 2 690-2 700 MHz.

5.416

The use of the band 2 520-2 670 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to national and regional systems for community reception, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. The provisions of No. 9.19 shall be applied by administrations in this band in their bilateral and multilateral negotiations. (WRC-07)

5.418B

Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. 5.418, for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.12. (WRC-03)

5.418C

Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000 is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.13 with respect to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. 5.418 and No. 22.2 does not apply. (WRC-03)

5.422

Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Brunei Darussalam, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mauritania, Mongolia, Montenegro, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Romania, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the band 2 690-2 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-12)



429B

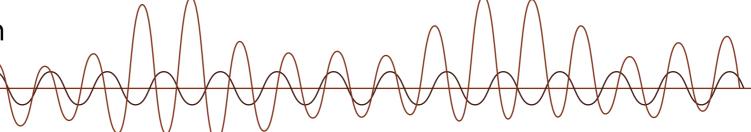
5.430A

(WRC-15)

- 5.423 In the band 2 700-2 900 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service.
- 5.424A In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the radionavigation service. (WRC-03)
- 5.425 In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, the use of the shipborne interrogator-transponder (SIT) system shall be confined to the sub-band 2 930 -2 950 MHz.
- 5.426 The use of the band 2 900-3 100 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to ground-based radars.
- 5.427 In the bands 2 900-3 100 MHz and 9 300-9 500 MHz, the response from radar transponders shall not be capable of being confused with the response from radar beacons (racons) and shall not cause interference to ship or aeronautical radars in the radionavigation service, having regard, however, to No. 4.9.
- 5.429 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan and Yemen, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. The countries bordering the Mediterranean shall not claim protection for their fixed and mobile services from the radiolocation service. (WRC-15)
- 5.429A Additional allocation: in Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. Stations in the mobile service operating in the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the radiolocation service. (WRC-15)

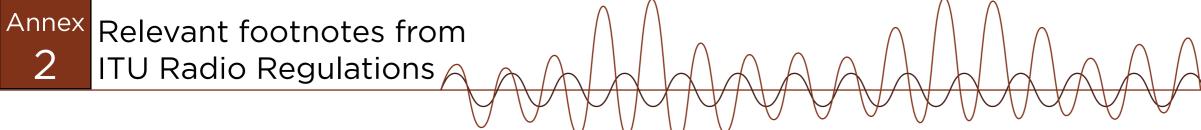
In the following countries of Region 1 south of 30° parallel north: Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Uganda, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). The use of this frequency band shall be in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15). The use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz by IMT stations in the mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, systems in the radiolocation service, and administrations wishing to implement IMT shall obtain the agreement of neighbouring countries to protect operations within the radiolocation service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations.

- The allocation of the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. This frequency band is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The provisions of Nos. 9.17 and 9.18 shall also apply in the coordination phase. Before an administration brings into use a (base or mobile) station of the mobile service in this frequency band, it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed -154.5 dB(W/(m² . 4 kHz)) for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station) and with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service in the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table 21-4 of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)
- 5.436 Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service is reserved exclusively for wireless avionics intra-communication systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **424 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.437 Passive sensing in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services may be authorized in the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)



- 5.438 Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved exclusively for radio altimeters installed on board aircraft and for the associated transponders on the ground. (WRC-15)
- 5.440 The standard frequency and time signal-satellite service may be authorized to use the frequency 4 202 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions and the frequency 6 427 MHz for Earth-to-space transmissions. Such transmissions shall be confined within the limits of  $\pm 2$ MHz of these frequencies, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.
- 5.441 The use of the bands 4 500-4 800 MHz (space-to-Earth), 6 725-7 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 30B. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 30B. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. 9.12 for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. 5.43A does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)
- 5.443AA In the frequency bands 5 000-5 030 MHz and 5 091-5 150 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. The use of these bands by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)
- 5.443B In order not to cause harmful interference to the microwave landing system operating above 5 030 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface in the frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz by all the space stations within any radionavigationsatellite service system (space-to-Earth) operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall not exceed -124.5 dB(W/m2) in a 150 kHz band. In order not to cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz, radionavigation-satellite service systems operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall comply with the limits in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz defined in Resolution **741 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

- 5.443C The use of the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. Unwanted emissions from the aeronautical mobile (R) service in the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz shall be limited to protect RNSS system downlinks in the adjacent 5 010-5 030 MHz band. Until such time that an appropriate value is established in a relevant ITU-R Recommendation, the e.i.r.p. density limit of -75 dBW/MHz in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz for any AM(R)S station unwanted emission should be used. (WRC-12)
- 5.443D In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. The use of this frequency band by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)
- 5.444 The frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz is to be used for the operation of the international standard system (microwave landing system) for precision approach and landing. In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the requirements of this system shall have priority over other uses of this frequency band. For the use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz, No. **5.444A** and Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-15)** apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.444A The use of the allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobilesatellite service and is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service shall be subject to application of Resolution 114 (Rev.WRC-15). Moreover, to ensure that the aeronautical radionavigation service is protected from harmful interference, coordination is required for feeder-link earth stations of the non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobilesatellite service which are separated by less than 450 km from the territory of an administration operating ground stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-15)
- 5.444B The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service is limited to:
  - systems operating in the aeronautical mobile (R) service and in accordance with international aeronautical standards, limited to surface applications at airports. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 748 (Rev.WRC-15):
  - aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. 1.83) in accordance with Resolution 418 (Rev.WRC-15). (WRC-15)
- 5.446A The use of the bands 5 150-5 350 MHz and 5 470-5 725 MHz by the stations in the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service shall be in accordance with Resolution 229 (Rev.WRC-12). (WRC-12)
- 5.446B In the band 5 150-5 250 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from earth stations in the fixed-satellite service. No. 5.43A does not apply to the mobile service with respect to fixed-satellite service earth stations. (WRC-03)



5.446C Additional allocation: in Region 1 (except in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia) and in Brazil, the band 5 150-5 250 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, limited to aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. 1.83), in accordance with Resolution 418 (Rev.

> WRC-12). These stations shall not claim protection from other stations operating in accordance with Article 5. No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-12)

- 5.447A The allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A.
- 5.447B Additional allocation: the band 5 150-5 216 MHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. This allocation is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to provisions of No. 9.11A. The power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by space stations of the fixed-satellite service operating in the space-to-Earth direction in the band 5 150-5 216 MHz shall in no case exceed -164 dB(W/m2) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival.
- 5.447C Administrations responsible for fixed-satellite service networks in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz operated under Nos. 5.447A and 5.447B shall coordinate on an equal basis in accordance with No. 9.11A with administrations responsible for non-geostationary-satellite networks operated under No. 5.446 and brought into use prior to 17 November 1995. Satellite networks operated under No. 5.446 brought into use after 17 November 1995 shall not claim protection from, and shall not cause harmful interference to, stations of the fixed-satellite service operated under Nos. 5.447A and 5.447B.
- 5.447D The allocation of the band 5 250-5 255 MHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-97)
- 5.447F In the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active). These services shall not impose on the mobile service more stringent protection criteria, based on system characteristics and interference criteria, than those stated in Recommendations ITU-R M.1638-0 and ITU-R RS.1632-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.448A The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services in the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

- 5.448B The Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 570 MHz and space research service (active) operating in the band 5 460-5 570 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz, the radionavigation service in the band 5 460-5 470 MHz and the maritime radionavigation service in the band 5 470-5 570 MHz. (WRC-03)
- 5.448C The space research service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from other services to which this band is allocated. (WRC-03)
- 5.448D In the frequency band 5 350-5 470 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the aeronautical radionavigation service operating in accordance with No. 5.449. (WRC-03)
- 5.449 The use of the band 5 350-5 470 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne radars and associated airborne beacons.
- 5.450A In the frequency band 5 470-5 725 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from radiodetermination services. Radiodetermination services shall not impose on the mobile service more stringent protection criteria, based on system characteristics and interference criteria, than those stated in Recommendation ITU-R M.1638-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.450B In the frequency band 5 470-5 650 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service, except ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes in the band 5 600-5 650 MHz, shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-03)
- 5.452 Between 5 600 MHz and 5 650 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the maritime radionavigation service.
- 5.453 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Thailand, Togo, Viet Nam and Yemen, the band 5 650-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In this case, the provisions of Resolution 229 (Rev.WRC-12) do not apply. (WRC-12)



5.457A

In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may communicate with space stations of the fixed-satellite service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 902 (Rev.WRC-03). In the frequency band 5 925-6 425 MHz, earth stations located on board vessels and communicating with space stations of the fixed-satellite service may employ transmit antennas with minimum diameter of 1.2 m and operate without prior agreement of any administration if located at least 330 km away from the low-water mark as officially recognized by the coastal State. All other provisions of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-15)

5.457B

In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may operate with the characteristics and under the conditions contained in Resolution 902 (WRC-03) in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, in the maritime mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03). (WRC-15)

5.458

In the band 6 425-7 075 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out over the oceans. In the band 7 075-7 250 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out. Administrations should bear in mind the needs of the Earth explorationsatellite (passive) and space research (passive) services in their future planning of the bands 6 425-7 075 MHz and 7 075-7 250 MHz.

5.458A

In making assignments in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz to space stations of the fixedsatellite service, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect spectral line observations of the radio astronomy service in the band 6 650-6 675.2 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions.

5.458B

The space-to-Earth allocation to the fixed-satellite service in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems of the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. The use of the band 6 700-7 075 MHz (space-to-Earth) by feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is not subject to No. 22.2.

5.460

No emissions from space research service (Earth-to-space) systems intended for deep space shall be effected in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz. Geostationary satellites in the space research service operating in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the fixed and mobile services and No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-15)

5.460A

The use of the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the Earth exploration-satellite service shall be limited to tracking, telemetry and command for the operation of spacecraft. Space stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations in the fixed and mobile services, and No. 5.43A does not apply. No. 9.17 applies. Additionally, to ensure protection of the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services, the location of earth stations supporting spacecraft in the Earth exploration-satellite service in non-geostationary orbits or geostationary orbit shall maintain a separation distance of at least 10 km and 50 km, respectively, from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries, unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. (WRC-15)

5.460B

Space stations on the geostationary orbit operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the space research service, and No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-15)

5.461

Additional allocation: the bands 7 250-7 375 MHz (space-to-Earth) and 7 900-8 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) are also allocated to the mobile-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.

5.461A

The use of the band 7 450-7 550 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems. Non-geostationary meteorological-satellite systems in this band notified before 30 November 1997 may continue to operate on a primary basis until the end of their lifetime. (WRC-97)

5.461B

The use of the band 7 750-7 900 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to non-geostationary satellite systems. (WRC-12)

5.461AA

The use of the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite networks. (WRC-15)

5.461AB

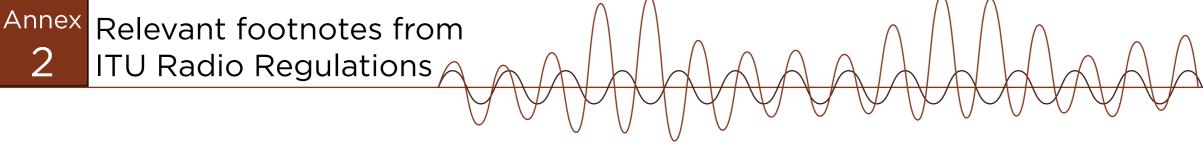
In the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz, earth stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations in the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services. No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-15)

5.462A

In Regions 1 and 3 (except for Japan), in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz, the Earth exploration-satellite service using geostationary satellites shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of the following values for angles of arrival  $(\theta)$ , without the consent of the affected administration:

- -135 dB(W/m<sup>2</sup>) in a 1 MHz band for 0°≤  $\theta$  < 5°
- $-135 + 0.5 (\theta 5) dB(W/m<sup>2</sup>)$  in a 1 MHz band for 5° ≤  $\theta$  < 5°
- -125 dB(W/m²) in a 1 MHz band for  $25^{\circ} \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}$

(WRC-12)



- Aircraft stations are not permitted to transmit in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz. (WRC-97) 5.463
- 5.465 In the space research service, the use of the band 8 400-8 450 MHz is limited to deep space.
- 5.468 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guyana, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the frequency band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.469A In the band 8 550-8 650 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, stations of the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.470 The use of the band 8 750-8 850 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne Doppler navigation aids on a centre frequency of 8 800 MHz.
- 5.471 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Germany, Bahrain, Belgium, China, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, France, Greece, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Libya, the Netherlands, Qatar and Sudan, the frequency bands 8 825-8 850 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz are also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for use by shore-based radars only. (WRC-15)
- 5.472 In the bands 8 850-9 000 MHz and 9 200-9 225 MHz, the maritime radionavigation service is limited to shore-based radars.
- 5.473A In the band 9 000-9 200 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, systems identified in No. 5.337 operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service, or radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service operating in this band on a primary basis in the countries listed in No. **5.471**. (WRC-07)
- 5.474 In the band 9 200-9 500 MHz, search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used, having due regard to the appropriate ITU-R Recommendation (see also Article 31).

5.474A The use of the frequency bands 9 200-9 300 MHz and 9 900-10 400 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 600 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the frequency band 9 300-9 900 MHz.

> Such use is subject to agreement to be obtained under No. 9.21 from Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Lebanon and Tunisia. An administration that has not replied under No. 9.52 is considered as not having agreed to the coordination request. In this case, the notifying administration of the satellite system operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) may request the assistance of the Bureau under Sub-Section IID of Article 9. (WRC-15)

- 5.474B Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2066-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.474C Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2065-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.474D Stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the maritime radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 200-9 300 MHz, the radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 900-10 000 MHz and the radiolocation service in the frequency band 10.0-10.4 GHz. (WRC-15)
- 5.475 The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne weather radars and ground-based radars. In addition, ground-based radar beacons in the aeronautical radionavigation service are permitted in the band 9 300-9 320 MHz on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-07)
- 5.475A The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 300 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 500-9 800 MHz band. (WRC-07)
- 5.475B In the band 9 300-9 500 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radars operating in the radionavigation service in conformity with the Radio Regulations. Ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes have priority over other radiolocation uses. (WRC-07)
- 5.476A In the band 9 300-9 800 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations of the radionavigation and radiolocation services. (WRC-07)



- 5.477 Different category of service: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Trinidad and Tobago, and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 9 800-10 000 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-15)
- 5.478A The use of the band 9 800-9 900 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 500 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 300-9 800 MHz band. (WRC-07)
- 5.478B In the band 9 800-9 900 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from stations of the fixed service to which this band is allocated on a secondary basis. (WRC-07)
- 5.479 The band 9 975-10 025 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service on a secondary basis for use by weather radars.
- 5.482 In the band 10.6-10.68 GHz, the power delivered to the antenna of stations of the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services shall not exceed -3 dBW. This limit may be exceeded, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. However, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belarus, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Georgia, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Moldova, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Viet Nam, this restriction on the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is not applicable. (WRC-07)
- 5.482A For sharing of the band 10.6-10.68 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services, Resolution 751 **(WRC-07)** applies. (WRC-07)
- 5.483 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Colombia, Korea (Rep. of), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mongolia, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the band 10.68-10.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-12)

- 5.484 In Region 1, the use of the band 10.7-11.7 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.
  - The use of the bands 10.95-11.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.45-11.7 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.7-12.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, 12.2-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 3, 12.5-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 13.75-14.5 GHz (Earth-to-space), 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth), 19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 27.5-28.6 GHz (Earth-to-space), 29.5-30 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. 9.12 for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationarysatellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. 5.43A does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)
- 5.484B Resolution 155 (WRC-15) shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.487 In the band 11.7-12.5 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, the fixed, fixed-satellite, mobile, except aeronautical mobile, and broadcasting services, in accordance with their respective allocations, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, broadcasting-satellite stations operating in accordance with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan in Appendix 30. (WRC-03)
  - Additional allocation: in Region 1, the band 11.7-12.5 GHz, in Region 2, the band 12.2-12.7 GHz and, in Region 3, the band 11.7-12.2 GHz, are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, limited to non-geostationary systems and subject to application of the provisions of No. 9.12 for coordination with other non-geostationarysatellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. 5.43A does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-03)

5.484A

5.487A



5.492

Assignments to stations of the broadcasting-satellite service which are in conformity with the appropriate regional Plan or included in the Regions 1 and 3 List in Appendix 30 may also be used for transmissions in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), provided that such transmissions do not cause more interference, or require more protection from interference, than the broadcasting-satellite service transmissions operating in conformity with the Plan or the List, as appropriate. (WRC-2000)

5.494

Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Mongolia, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.497

The use of the band 13.25-13.4 GHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Doppler navigation aids.

5.498A

The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services operating in the band 13.25-13.4 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-97)

5.499A

The use of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to- Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in nongeostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015. (WRC-15)

5.499B

Administrations shall not preclude the deployment and operation of transmitting earth stations in the standard frequency and time signal-satellite service (Earth-to-space) allocated on a secondary basis in the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz due to the primary allocation to FSS (spaceto- Earth). (WRC-15)

5.499C

The allocation of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to:

- satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in non-geostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015,
- active spaceborne sensors,
- satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-Earth) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated earth stations. Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.499D

In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, satellite systems in the space research service (space-to-Earth) and/or the space research service (space-to-space) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations in the fixed, mobile, radiolocation and Earth exploration-satellite (active) services. (WRC-15)

5.499E

In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, geostationary-satellite networks in the fixedsatellite service (space-to-Earth) shall not claim protection from space stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in accordance with these Regulations, and No. 5.43A does not apply. The provisions of No. 22.2 do not apply to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) with respect to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in this frequency band. (WRC-15)

5.500

Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad and Tunisia, the frequency band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In Pakistan, the frequency band 13.4-13.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.501A

The allocation of the frequency band 13.65-13.75 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.501B

In the band 13.4-13.75 GHz, the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)

5.502

In the band 13.75-14 GHz, an earth station of a geostationary fixed-satellite service network shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 1.2 m and an earth station of a non-geostationary fixed-satellite service system shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. In addition, the e.i.r.p., averaged over one second, radiated by a station in the radiolocation or radionavigation services shall not exceed 59 dBW for elevation angles above 2° and 65 dBW at lower angles. Before an administration brings into use an earth station in a geostationary-satellite network in the fixed-satellite service in this band with an antenna diameter smaller than 4.5 m, it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed:

- $-115 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 10 \text{ MHz))}$  for more than 1% of the time produced at 36 m above sea level at the low water mark, as officially recognized by the coastal State;
- $-115 dB(W/(m2 \cdot 10 MHz))$  for more than 1% of the time produced 3 m above ground at the border of the territory of an administration deploying or planning to deploy land mobile radars in this band, unless prior agreement has been obtained. For earth stations within the fixed-satellite service having an antenna diameter greater than or equal to 4.5 m, the e.i.r.p. of any emission should be at least 68 dBW and should not exceed 85 dBW. (WRC-03)

5.503

- In the band 13.75-14 GHz, geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 shall operate on an equal basis with stations in the fixed-satellite service; after that date, new geostationary space stations in the space research service will operate on a secondary basis. Until those geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 cease to operate in this band:
- in the band 13.77-13.78 GHz, the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed:
- i) 4.7D + 28 dB(W/40 kHz), where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 1.2 m and less than 4.5 m;
- ii) 49.2 + 20 log(D/4.5) dB(W/40 kHz), where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 4.5 m and less than 31.9 m;
- ii) 66.2 dB(W/40 kHz) for any fixed-satellite service earth station for antenna diameters (m) equal to or greater than 31.9 m;
- iv) 56.2 dB(W/4 kHz) for narrow-band (less than 40 kHz of necessary bandwidth) fixed-satellite service earth station emissions from any fixed-satellite service earth station having an antenna diameter of 4.5 m or greater;
- the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in non-geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed 51 dBW in the 6 MHz band from 13.772 to 13.778 GHz.

Automatic power control may be used to increase the e.i.r.p. density in these frequency ranges to compensate for rain attenuation, to the extent that the power flux-density at the fixed-satellite service space station does not exceed the value resulting from use by an earth station of an e.i.r.p. meeting the above limits in clear-sky conditions. (WRC-03)

5.504

The use of the band 14-14.3 GHz by the radionavigation service shall be such as to provide sufficient protection to space stations of the fixed-satellite service.

5.504A

In the band 14-14.5 GHz, aircraft earth stations in the secondary aeronautical mobile-satellite service may also communicate with space stations in the fixed-satellite service. The provisions of Nos. **5.29**, **5.30** and **5.31** apply. (WRC-03)

5.504B

Aircraft earth stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz shall comply with the provisions of Annex 1, Part C of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, with respect to any radio astronomy station performing observations in the 14.47-14.5 GHz frequency band located on the territory of Spain, France, India, Italy, the United Kingdom and South Africa. (WRC-15)

5.504C

In the frequency band 14-14.25 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. 5.29. (WRC-15)

5.505

Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Swaziland, Chad, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 14-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

5.506A

In the band 14-14.5 GHz, ship earth stations with an e.i.r.p. greater than 21 dBW shall operate under the same conditions as earth stations located on board vessels, as provided in Resolution 902 (WRC-03). This footnote shall not apply to ship earth stations for which the complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Bureau prior to 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

5.506B

Earth stations located on board vessels communicating with space stations in the fixedsatellite service may operate in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz without the need for prior agreement from Cyprus and Malta, within the minimum distance given in Resolution 902 (WRC-03) from these countries. (WRC-15)

5.508A

In the frequency band 14.25-14.3 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)

5.509A

In the frequency band 14.3-14.5 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Gabon, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Sri Lanka, Tunisia and Viet Nam by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. 5.29. (WRC-15)

5.509B

The use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15) by the fixedsatellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcastingsatellite service is limited to geostationary-satellites. (WRC-15)

5.509C

For the use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15) by the fixedsatellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcastingsatellite service, the fixed-satellite service earth stations shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 6 m and a maximum power spectral density of -44.5 dBW/Hz at the input of the antenna. The earth stations shall be notified at known locations on land. (WRC-15)

5.509D

Before an administration brings into use an earth station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15)) and 14.5-14.8 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15)), it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed -151.5 dB(W/(m<sup>2</sup> · 4 kHz)) produced at all altitudes from 0 m to 19 000 m above sea level at 22 km seaward from all coasts, defined as the low-water mark, as officially recognized by each coastal State. (WRC-15)

5.509E

In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15), the location of earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcastingsatellite service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 500 km from the border(s) of other countries unless shorter distances are explicitly agreed by those administrations. No. 9.17 does not apply. When applying this provision, administrations should consider the relevant parts of these Regulations and the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations. (WRC-15)

5.509F

In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15), earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall not constrain the future deployment of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-15)

5.509G

The frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz is also allocated to the space research service on a primary basis. However, such use is limited to the satellite systems operating in the space research service (Earth-to-space) to relay data to space stations in the geostationarysatellite orbit from associated earth stations. Stations in the space research service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations in the fixed and mobile services and in the fixed-satellite service limited to feeder links for the broadcastingsatellite service and associated space operations functions using the guardbands under Appendix 30A and feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2. Other uses of this frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)

5.510

Except for use in accordance with Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and Resolution 164 (WRC-15), the use of the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. This use is reserved for countries outside Europe. Uses other than feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service are not authorized in Regions 1 and 2 in the frequency band 14.75-14.8 GHz. (WRC-15)

5.511

Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Guinea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic and Somalia, the band 15.35-15.4 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)

5.511A

Use of the frequency band 15.43-15.63 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-tospace) is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary systems in the mobile-satellite service, subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. (WRC-15)

5.511C

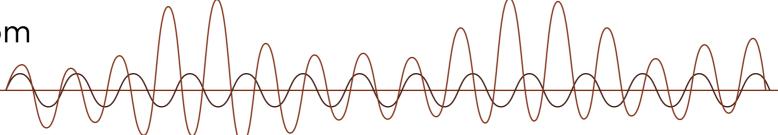
Stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service shall limit the effective e.i.r.p. in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. The minimum coordination distance required to protect the aeronautical radionavigation stations (No. 4.10 applies) from harmful interference from feeder-link earth stations and the maximum e.i.r.p. transmitted towards the local horizontal plane by a feeder-link earth station shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. (WRC-15)

5.511E

In the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)

5.511F

In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, radiolocation stations operating in the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz shall not exceed the power flux-density level of -156 dB(W/m2) in a 50 MHz bandwidth in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, at any radio astronomy observatory site for more than 2 per cent of the time. (WRC-12)



- 5.512 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Finland, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 15.7-17.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.513A Spaceborne active sensors operating in the band 17.2-17.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the development of, the radiolocation and other services allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-97)
- 5.514 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Guatemala, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Lithuania, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, Sudan and South Sudan, the frequency band 17.3-17.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits given in Nos. **21.3** and **21.5** shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.515 In the band 17.3-17.8 GHz, sharing between the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the broadcasting-satellite service shall also be in accordance with the provisions of § 1 of Annex 4 of Appendix 30A.
  - The use of the band 17.3-18.1 GHz by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. The use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to geostationary satellites. For the use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz, see Article 11. The use of the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.8-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. 9.12 for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. 5.43A does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)

- 5.516A In the band 17.3-17.7 GHz, earth stations of the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 shall not claim protection from the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations operating under Appendix 30A, nor put any limitations or restrictions on the locations of the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations anywhere within the service area of the feeder link. (WRC-03)
- 5.516B The following bands are identified for use by high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service:

17.3-17.7 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in Region 1,
18.3-19.3 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in Region 2,
19.7-20.2 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in all Regions,
39.5-40 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in Region 1,
40-40.5 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in all Regions,
40.5-42 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in Region 2,
47.5-47.9 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in Region 1,
48.2-48.54 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in Region 1,
49.44-50.2 GHz	(space-to-Earth) in Region 1,
and	
27.5-27.82 GHz	(Earth-to-space) in Region 1,
28.35-28.45 GHz	(Earth-to-space) in Region 2,
28.45-28.94 GHz	(Earth-to-space) in all Regions,
28.94-29.1 GHz	(Earth-to-space) in Region 2 and 3,
29.25-29.46 GHz	(Earth-to-space) in Region 2,
29.46-30 GHz	(Earth-to-space) in all Regions,
48.2-50.2 GHz	(Earth-to-space) in Region 2.

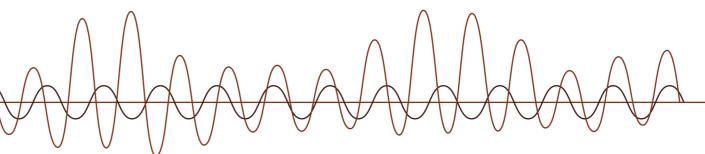
This identification does not preclude the use of these bands by other fixed-satellite service applications or by other services to which these bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in these Radio Regulations among users of the bands. Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. See Resolution 143 (WRC-03)\*. (WRC-03)

- 5.519 Additional allocation: the bands 18-18.3 GHz in Region 2 and 18.1-18.4 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 are also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. Their use is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-07)
- 5.520 The use of the band 18.1-18.4 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-2000)

5.516

<sup>\*</sup> Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07.





- 5.521 Alternative allocation: in the United Arab Emirates and Greece, the frequency band 18.1-18.4 GHz is allocated to the fixed, fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) and mobile services on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). The provisions of No. 5.519 also apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.522A The emissions of the fixed service and the fixed-satellite service in the band 18.6-18.8 GHz are limited to the values given in Nos. 21.5A and 21.16.2, respectively. (WRC-2000)
- 5.522B The use of the band 18.6-18.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary systems and systems with an orbit of apogee greater than 20 000 km. (WRC-2000)
- 5.522C In the band 18.6-18.8 GHz, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia and Yemen, fixed-service systems in operation at the date of entry into force of the Final Acts of WRC-2000 are not subject to the limits of No. 21.5A. (WRC-2000)
- 5.523A The use of the bands 18.8-19.3 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 28.6-29.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary and non-geostationary fixed-satellite service networks is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.11A and No. 22.2 does not apply. Administrations having geostationary-satellite networks under coordination prior to 18 November 1995 shall cooperate to the maximum extent possible to coordinate pursuant to No. 9.11A with non-geostationary-satellite networks for which notification information has been received by the Bureau prior to that date, with a view to reaching results acceptable to all the parties concerned. Non-geostationary-satellite networks shall not cause unacceptable interference to geostationary fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 notification information is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995. (WRC-97)
- 5.523B The use of the band 19.3-19.6 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.11A, and No. 22.2 does not apply.
- 5.523C No. 22.2 shall continue to apply in the bands 19.3-19.6 GHz and 29.1-29.4 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixedsatellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995. (WRC-97)
- 5.523D The use of the band 19.3-19.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) by geostationary fixed-satellite service systems and by feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.11A, but not subject to the provisions of No. 22.2. The use of this band for other non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems, or for the cases indicated in Nos. 5.523C and 5.523E, is not subject to the provisions of No. 9.11A and shall continue to be subject to Articles 9 (except No. 9.11A) and 11 procedures, and to the provisions of No. 22.2. (WRC-97)

- 5.523E No. 22.2 shall continue to apply in the bands 19.6-19.7 GHz and 29.4-29.5 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixedsatellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau by 21 November 1997. (WRC-97)
- 5.524 Additional allocation: in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Tunisia, the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. This additional use shall not impose any limitation on the power flux-density of space stations in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz and of space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-20.2 GHz where the allocation to the mobile-satellite service is on a primary basis in the latter frequency band. (WRC-15)
- 5.525 In order to facilitate interregional coordination between networks in the mobile-satellite and fixed-satellite services, carriers in the mobile-satellite service that are most susceptible to interference shall, to the extent practicable, be located in the higher parts of the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz.
- 5.526 In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz in Region 2, and in the bands 20.1-20.2 GHz and 29.9-30 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, networks which are both in the fixed-satellite service and in the mobile-satellite service may include links between earth stations at specified or unspecified points or while in motion, through one or more satellites for point-to-point and point-to-multipoint communications.
- 5.527 In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz, the provisions of No. 4.10 do not apply with respect to the mobile-satellite service.
- 5.527A The operation of earth stations in motion communicating with the FSS is subject to Resolution **156 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)
  - The allocation to the mobile-satellite service is intended for use by networks which use narrow spot-beam antennas and other advanced technology at the space stations. Administrations operating systems in the mobile-satellite service in the band 19.7-20.1 GHz in Region 2 and in the band 20.1-20.2 GHz shall take all practicable steps to ensure the continued availability of these bands for administrations operating fixed and mobile systems in accordance with the provisions of No. 5.524.

5.528



5.530A

Unless otherwise agreed between the administrations concerned, any station in the fixed or mobile services of an administration shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of  $-120.4 \text{ dB}(\text{W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$  at 3 m above the ground of any point of the territory of any other administration in Regions 1 and 3 for more than 20% of the time. In conducting the calculations, administrations should use the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 (see also the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R BO.1898). (WRC-15)

5.530B

In the band 21.4-22 GHz, in order to facilitate the development of the broadcasting-satellite service, administrations in Regions 1 and 3 are encouraged not to deploy stations in the mobile service and are encouraged to limit the deployment of stations in the fixed service to point-to-point links. (WRC-12)

5.530D

See Resolution 555 (WRC-12). (WRC-12)

5.532

The use of the band 22.21-22.5 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall not impose constraints upon the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services.

5.532A

The location of earth stations in the space research service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 54 km from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries to protect the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. Nos. 9.17 and **9.18** do not apply. (WRC-12)

5.532B

Use of the band 24.65-25.25 GHz in Region 1 and the band 24.65-24.75 GHz in Region 3 by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to earth stations using a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. (WRC-12)

5.535A

The use of the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and feeder links to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.11A, but not subject to the provisions of No. 22.2, except as indicated in Nos. 5.523C and 5.523E where such use is not subject to the provisions of No. 9.11A and shall continue to be subject to Articles 9 (except No. 9.11A) and 11 procedures, and to the provisions of No. **22.2**. (WRC-97)

5.536

Use of the 25.25-27.5 GHz band by the inter-satellite service is limited to space research and Earth exploration-satellite applications, and also transmissions of data originating from industrial and medical activities in space.

5.536A

Administrations operating earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or the space research service shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed and mobile services operated by other administrations. In addition, earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or in the space research service should be operated taking into account the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SA.1862. (WRC-12)

5.536B

In Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Brazil, China, Korea (Rep. of), Denmark, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Lithuania, Moldova, Norway, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, the United Kingdom, Singapore, Sweden, Tanzania, Turkey, Viet Nam and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service in the frequency band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-15)

5.536C

In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lithuania, Malaysia, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Tunisia, Uruguay, Zambia and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the space research service in the band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-12)

5.538

Additional allocation: the bands 27.500-27.501 GHz and 29.999-30.000 GHz are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis for the beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control. Such space-to-Earth transmissions shall not exceed an equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of +10 dBW in the direction of adjacent satellites on the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-07)

5.539

The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) for the provision of feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.

5.540

Additional allocation: the band 27.501-29.999 GHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis for beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control.

5.541

In the band 28.5-30 GHz, the earth exploration-satellite service is limited to the transfer of data between stations and not to the primary collection of information by means of active or passive sensors.

5.541A

5.542

5.543A

## Annex Relevant footnotes from ITU Radio Regulations A

5.544 In the band 31-31.3 GHz the power flux-density limits specified in Article 21, Table 21-4 shall apply to the space research service.

Feeder links of non-geostationary networks in the mobile-satellite service and geostationary networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) shall employ uplink adaptive power control or other methods of fade compensation, such that the earth station transmissions shall be conducted at the power level required to meet the desired link performance while reducing the level of mutual interference between both networks. These methods shall apply to networks for which Appendix 4 coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau after 17 May 1996 and until they are changed by a future competent world radiocommunication conference. Administrations submitting Appendix 4 information for coordination before this date are encouraged to utilize these techniques to the extent practicable. (WRC-2000)

5.546 Different category of service: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, the United Kingdom, South Africa, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Turkey, the allocation of the band 31.5-31.8 GHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-12)

Additional allocation: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka and Chad, the band 29.5-31 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits specified in Nos. 21.3 and 21.5 shall apply. (WRC-12)

5.547 The bands 31.8-33.4 GHz, 37-40 GHz, 40.5-43.5 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 55.78-59 GHz and 64-66 GHz are available for high-density applications in the fixed service (see Resolution 75 (WRC-2000)\*). Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. Because of the potential deployment of high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 39.5-40 GHz and 40.5-42 GHz (see No. **5.516B**), administrations should further take into account potential constraints to high-density applications in the fixed service, as appropriate. (WRC-07)

5.543 The band 29.95-30 GHz may be used for space-to-space links in the Earth explorationsatellite service for telemetry, tracking, and control purposes, on a secondary basis.

\* Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam, the allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz may also be used by systems using high altitude platform stations (HAPS) in the ground-to-HAPS direction. The use of the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz by systems using HAPS is limited to the territory of the countries listed above and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, other types of fixed-service systems, systems in the mobile service and systems operated under No. 5.545. Furthermore, the development of these services shall not be constrained by HAPS. Systems using HAPS in the

In Bhutan, Cameroon, Korea (Rep. of), the Russian Federation, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic

between stations in the fixed service and airborne stations in the radionavigation service in the 31.8-33.4 GHz band, taking into account the operational needs of the airborne radar systems. (WRC2000)

frequency band 31- 31.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service having a primary allocation in the frequency band 31.3-31.8 GHz, taking into account the protection criterion as given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RA.769. In order to ensure the protection of satellite passive services, the level of unwanted power density into a HAPS ground station antenna in the frequency band 31.3-31.8 GHz shall be limited to -106 dB(W/MHz) under clear-sky conditions, and may be increased up to -100 dB(W/MHz) under rainy conditions to mitigate fading due to rain, provided the effective impact on the passive satellite does not exceed the impact under clear-sky conditions. See Resolution 145 (Rev.WRC-12). (WRC-15)

5.548 In designing systems for the inter-satellite service in the band 32.3-33 GHz, for the radionavigation service in the band 32-33 GHz, and for the space research service (deep space) in the band 31.8-32.3 GHz, administrations shall take all necessary measures to prevent harmful interference between these services, bearing in mind the safety aspects of the radionavigation service (see Recommendation 707). (WRC-03)

Administrations should take practical measures to minimize the potential interference

- 5.549 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the band 33.4-36 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.549A In the band 35.5-36.0 GHz, the mean power flux-density at the Earth's surface, generated by any spaceborne sensor in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) or space research service (active), for any angle greater than 0.8° from the beam centre shall not exceed -73.3 dB(W/m²) in this band. (WRC-03)

5.547A



- 5.550A For sharing of the band 36-37 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution 752 (WRC-07) shall apply. (WRC-07)
- 5.551H The equivalent power flux-density (epfd) produced in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz by all space stations in any non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station for more than 2% of the time:
  - -230 dB(W/m2) in 1 GHz and -246 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and
  - -209 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

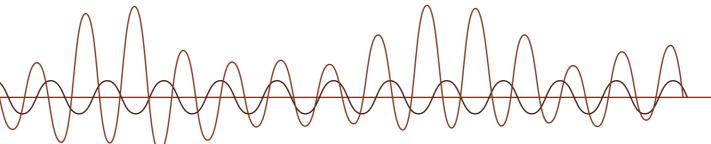
These epfd values shall be evaluated using the methodology given in Recommendation ITU-R S.1586-1 and the reference antenna pattern and the maximum gain of an antenna in the radio astronomy service given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631-0 and shall apply over the whole sky and for elevation angles higher than the minimum operating angle 9min of the radiotelescope (for which a default value of 5° should be adopted in the absence of notified information).

These values shall apply at any radio astronomy station that either:

- was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
- was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply. Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution 743 (WRC-03) shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-07)
- 5.5511 The power flux-density in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station:
  - -137 dB(W/m2) in 1 GHz and -153 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and -116 dB(W/m2) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station. These values shall apply at the site of any radio astronomy station that either:
  - was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
  - was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply. Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution 743 (WRC-**03)** shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-15)

- 5.552 The allocation of the spectrum for the fixed-satellite service in the bands 42.5-43.5 GHz and 47.2-50.2 GHz for Earth-to-space transmission is greater than that in the band 37.5-39.5 GHz for space-to-Earth transmission in order to accommodate feeder links to broadcasting satellites. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to reserve the band 47.2-49.2 GHz for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the band 40.5-42.5 GHz.
- 5.552A The allocation to the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz is designated for use by high altitude platform stations. The use of the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz is subject to the provisions of Resolution 122 (Rev.WRC-07). (WRC-07)
- 5.553 In the bands 43.5-47 GHz and 66-71 GHz, stations in the land mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the space radiocommunication services to which these bands are allocated (see No. 5.43). (WRC-2000)
- 5.554 In the bands 43.5-47 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 95-100 GHz, 123-130 GHz, 191.8-200 GHz and 252-265 GHz, satellite links connecting land stations at specified fixed points are also authorized when used in conjunction with the mobile-satellite service or the radionavigation-satellite service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.554A The use of the bands 47.5-47.9 GHz, 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-03)
- 5.555 Additional allocation: the band 48.94-49.04 GHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.555B The power flux-density in the band 48.94-49.04 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the bands 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz shall not exceed -151.8 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station. (WRC-03)
- 5.556 In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements. (WRC-2000)
- 5.556A Use of the bands 54.25-56.9 GHz, 57-58.2 GHz and 59-59.3 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1000 km above the Earth's surface produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed -147 dB(W/(m² . 100 MHz)) for all angles of arrival. (WRC-97)
- 5.557A In the band 55.78-56.26 GHz, in order to protect stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive), the maximum power density delivered by a transmitter to the antenna of a fixed service station is limited to -26 dB(W/MHz). (WRC-2000)





- 5.558 In the bands 55.78-58.2 GHz, 59-64 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 122.25-123 GHz, 130-134 GHz, 167-174.8 GHz and 191.8-200 GHz, stations in the aeronautical mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see No. **5.43**). (WRC-2000)
- 5.558A Use of the band 56.9-57 GHz by inter-satellite systems is limited to links between satellites in geostationary-satellite orbit and to transmissions from non-geostationary satellites in high-Earth orbit to those in low-Earth orbit. For links between satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit, the single entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1000 km above the Earth's surface, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed -147 dB(W/(m² 100 MHz)) for all angles of arrival. (WRC-97)
- 5.559 In the band 59-64 GHz, airborne radars in the radiolocation service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see No. 5.43). (WRC-2000)
- 5.559B The use of the frequency band 77.5-78 GHz by the radiolocation service shall be limited to short-range radar for ground-based applications, including automotive radars. The technical characteristics of these radars are provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2057. The provisions of No. 4.10 do not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.560 In the band 78-79 GHz radars located on space stations may be operated on a primary basis in the Earth exploration-satellite service and in the space research service.
- 5.561 In the band 74-76 GHz, stations in the fixed, mobile and broadcasting services shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the fixed-satellite service or stations of the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the decisions of the appropriate frequency assignment planning conference for the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.561A The 81-81.5 GHz band is also allocated to the amateur and amateur-satellite services on a secondary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562 The use of the band 94-94.1 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services is limited to spaceborne cloud radars. (WRC-97)
- 5.562A In the bands 94-94.1 GHz and 130-134 GHz, transmissions from space stations of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) that are directed into the main beam of a radio astronomy antenna have the potential to damage some radio astronomy receivers. Space agencies operating the transmitters and the radio astronomy stations concerned should mutually plan their operations so as to avoid such occurrences to the maximum extent possible. (WRC-2000)

- 5.562B In the bands 105-109.5 GHz, 111.8-114.25 GHz, 155.5-158.5 GHz and 217-226 GHz, the use of this allocation is limited to space-based radio astronomy only. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562C Use of the band 116-122.25 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed -148 dB(W/ (m<sup>2</sup>. MHz)) for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562E The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to the band 133.5-134 GHz. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562F In the band 155.5-158.5 GHz, the allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall terminate on 1 January 2018. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562G The date of entry into force of the allocation to the fixed and mobile services in the band 155.5-158.5 GHz shall be 1 January 2018. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562H Use of the bands 174.8-182 GHz and 185-190 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 to 1000 km above the Earth's surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed -144 dB(W/(m<sup>2</sup> . MHz)) for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)
- 5.563A In the bands 200-209 GHz, 235-238 GHz, 250-252 GHz and 265-275 GHz, ground-based passive atmospheric sensing is carried out to monitor atmospheric constituents. (WRC-2000)
- 5.563B The band 237.9-238 GHz is also allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) for spaceborne cloud radars only. (WRC-2000)

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5.565

The following frequency bands in the range 275-1 000 GHz are identified for use by administrations for passive service applications:

- radio astronomy service: 275-323 GHz, 327-371 GHz, 388-424 GHz, 426-442 GHz, 453-510 GHz, 623-711 GHz, 795-909 GHz and 926-945 GHz;
- Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and space research service (passive): 275-286 GHz, 296-306 GHz, 313-356 GHz, 361-365 GHz, 369-392 GHz, 397-399 GHz, 409-411 GHz, 416-434 GHz, 439-467 GHz, 477-502 GHz, 523-527 GHz, 538-581 GHz, 611-630 GHz, 634-654 GHz, 657-692 GHz, 713-718 GHz, 729-733 GHz, 750-754 GHz, 771-776 GHz, 823-846 GHz, 850-854 GHz, 857-862 GHz, 866-882 GHz, 905-928 GHz, 951-956 GHz, 968-973 GHz and 985-990 GHz.

The use of the range 275-1 000 GHz by the passive services does not preclude use of this range by active services. Administrations wishing to make frequencies in the 275-1 000 GHz range available for active service applications are urged to take all practicable steps to protect these passive services from harmful interference until the date when the Table of Frequency Allocations is established in the above-mentioned 275-1 000 GHz frequency range.

All frequencies in the range 1 000-3 000 GHz may be used by both active and passive services. (WRC-12)

BHR1:

One or all of the services mentioned in column 2 is allocated on a national basis in Bahrain. Stations of such national services shall not cause harmful interference to stations of a service of administrations operating in accordance with Article 5 of the ITU Radio Regulations.

BHR2:

This band or part of it is used by the Amateur service on a primary or secondary basis in accordance with Amateur regulation in Bahrain.

BHR3:

This band or part of it is used by Point to Point Fixed Link in accordance with Fixed Wireless Point to Point Regulation (FLR) / Policy in Bahrain.

BHR4:

This band or part of it is used by the Short Range Devices (SRD) on a secondary basis in accordance with SRD regulation in Bahrain.

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